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# **TwitalBundle Documentation**

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TwitalBundle is a [Symfony2](#) bundle that integrates the [Twital](#) template engine into Synfony2. This enables you to use all Twig/Symfony2 functionalities with the Twital template engine language syntax.

To learn more about [Twital](#), you can read the [dedicated documentation](#).



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## Install

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There are two recommended ways to install TwitalBundle via [Composer](#):

- using the `composer require` command:

```
composer require 'goetas/twital-bundle:*
```

- adding the dependency to your `composer.json` file:

```
"require": {  
    ..  
    "goetas/twital-bundle": "*",  
    ..  
}
```





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## Enable the bundle

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To enable the bundle in the kernel:

```
<?php
// app/AppKernel.php

public function registerBundles()
{
    $bundles = array(
        // ...
        new Goetas\TwitalBundle\GoetasTwitalBundle(),
        //..
    );
}
```



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## Configure

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In order to make it work, you have to enable the `twital` template engine inside your `config.yml`.

```
framework:
  templating:
    engines: ['twig', 'twital']

#optional configurations used for file extension matching
goetas_twital:
  source_adapter:
    - { service: twital.source_adapter.xml, pattern: ['/\.xml\.twital$/', '/\.atom\.twital$/' ] }
    - { service: twital.source_adapter.html, pattern: ['/\.html\.twital$/', '/\.htm\.twital$/' ] }
    - { service: twital.source_adapter.xhtml, pattern: ['/\.xhtml\.twital$/' ] }
```



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## Integration

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`TwitalBundle` comes with all features that are already supported by `TwigBundle` (forms, translations, assetic, routing, etc).



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## Contributing

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This is an open source project - contributions are welcome. If you are interested, you can contribute to documentation, source code, test suite or anything else!

To start contributing right now, go to <https://github.com/goetas/twital-bundle> and fork it!

You can read some tips to improve your contributing experience looking into <https://github.com/goetas/twital-bundle/blob/master/CONTRIBUTING.md> present inside the root directory of Twital GIT repository.





## 6.1 Add your own Twital extension

The recommended way to add your `TwitalExtension` to `Twital` instance is registering it using the [Symfony2 dependency injection](#) system.

You have to add your extensions as services and tag them with the `twital.extension` tag.

Depending on your preferences, you can choose which syntax to adopt.

Using XML:

```
<service id="my.extension" class="...myExtensionClass...">
  <tag name="twital.extension" />
</service>
```

Using YAML:

```
services:
  my.extension:
    class: ...myExtensionClass...
    tags:
      - { name: twital.extension }
```

Using PHP:

```
<?php

$container
    ->register('my.extension', '...myExtensionClass...')
    ->addTag('twital.extension')
;
```

Once you have added one of this configurations to your bundle, your extension should be available.

## 6.2 Add your own source adapter

The recommended way to add your `TwitalSourceAdapter` to `TwitalLoader` is registering it using the [Symfony2 dependency injection](#) system.

Depending on your preferences, you can choose which syntax to adopt.

Using XML:

```
<service id="my.source_adapter" class="...mySourceAdapterClass...">
</service>
```

Using YAML:

```
services:
  my.source_adapter:
    class: ...mySourceAdapterClass...
```

Using PHP:

```
<?php

$container
    ->register('my.source_adapter', '...mySourceAdapterClass...')
;
```

Once you have added one of this configurations to your bundle, choose which file name pattern will activate the loader. To do this you have to edit your `config.yml`.

```
goetas_twital:
  source_adapter:
    my.source_adapter: ['/\.\myext1\.\twital$/', '/\.\myext2\.\twital$/']
```

### 6.2.1 Alternative way to add your source adapter

If you prefer to use the Symfony2 service tagging system, you can also use the following method:

You have to add your adapters as services and tag them with `twital.source_adapter`, and you also have to specify the `pattern` attribute.

Using XML:

```
<service id="my.source_adapter" class="...mySourceAdapterClass...">
  <tag name="twital.source_adapter" pattern="/\.\xml\.\twital$/i" />
</service>
```

Using YAML:

```
services:
  my.source_adapter:
    class: ...mySourceAdapterClass...
    tags:
      - { name: twital.source_adapter, pattern: '/\.\xml\.\twital$/i' }
```

Using PHP:

```
<?php

$container
    ->register('my.source_adapter', '...mySourceAdapterClass...')
    ->addTag('twital.source_adapter', array('pattern' => '/\.\xml\.\twital$/i'))
;
```

## 6.3 Tags provided

Here you can find the documentation for all attributes provided by TwitalBundle for a better integration of Symfony2 Functionalities.

### 6.3.1 trans

The `t:trans` attribute is an alias of the `trans` Symfony tag and allows you to translate the content of a node.

Let's see how does it work:

```
<div t:trans="">
    Hello world
</div>
```

This option will allow Symfony to extract and translate the “Hello world” sentence.

Of course, you can also use any variable inside your text.

```
<div t:trans="{ '%name%': 'John' }">
    Hello %name%
</div>
```

You can also specify different domains for your translations.

```
<div t:trans="{ '%name%': 'John' }, 'app' ">
    Hello %name%
</div>
```

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**Tip:** See here <http://symfony.com/it/doc/current/book/translation.html> to learn more about the Symfony translation system.

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### 6.3.2 trans-n

The `t:trans-n` attribute is an alias of the `transchoice` Symfony tag and allows you to translate the content of a node with plurals.

Let's see how does it work:

```
<div t:trans-n="applesCount">
    {0} There are no apples|{1} There is one apple|]1,Inf] There are %count% apples
</div>
```

Of course, you can also use variables in your text.

```
<div t:trans-n="applesCount, { '%name%': 'John' }">
    {0} %name% don't like apples|{1} %name% is eating one apple|]1,Inf] %name% is eating %count% apples
</div>
```

You can also specify different domains for your translations.

```
<div t:trans-n="applesCount, { '%name%': 'John' }, 'app' ">
    {0} %name% don't like apples|{1} %name% is eating one apple|]1,Inf] %name% is eating %count% apples
</div>
```

**Tip:** See here <http://symfony.com/it/doc/current/book/translation.html> to learn more about the Symfony translation system.

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### 6.3.3 trans-attr

The `t:trans-attr` attribute is an alias of the `trans` Symfony tag, but it works only with HTML/XML attributes, and allows you to translate the content of one or more attributes.

The main advantage of `t:trans-attr` is the preservation of the original document structure: you do not need to change the *value* attribute with dirty code.

Let's see how does it work:

```
<input value="Apple" t:trans-attr="value"/>
```

This option will allow Symfony to extract and translate the “Apple” word.

Of course, you can also use variables inside your text.

```
<input value="The pen is on the %place%" t:trans-attr="value:{'%place%':'table'}"/>
```

You can also translate more than one attribute on the same node.

```
<input
  value="The pen is on the %place%"
  title="My favorite color is %color%"
  t:trans-attr="value:{'%place%':'table'}, title:{'%color%':'red'}"/>
```

You can also specify different domains for your translations.

```
<input
  value="The pen is on the %place%"
  title="My favorite color is %color%"
  t:trans-attr="value:[{'%place%':'table'}, 'app'], title:[{'%color%':'red'}, 'colors']"/>
```

**Tip:** See here <http://symfony.com/it/doc/current/book/translation.html> to learn more about the Symfony translation system.

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### 6.3.4 trans-attr-n

The `t:trans-attr-n` attribute is an alias of the `transchoice` Symfony tag, but it works only with HTML/XML attributes, and allows you to translate the content of one or more attribute using also plural forms.

Let's see how does it work:

```
<input
  value="There is one apple|There are %count% apples"
  t:trans-attr-n="value:[3, {'%count%':3}]" />
```

This option will allow Symfony to extract and translate the “There is one apple”, “There are %count% apples”, and “%count% apples” sentences.

Of course, you can also use variables in your text.

```
<inpiut
  value="%name% is eating one apple|%name% is eating %count% apples"
  t:trans-attr-n="value:[3, {'%count%':3, '%name%':'John'}]" />
```

You can also translate more than one attribute on the same node.

```
<inpiut
  value="%name% is eating one apple|%name% is eating %count% apples"
  title="There is one apple|There are %count% apples"
  t:trans-attr-n="value:[3, {'%count%':3, '%name%':'John'}], title:[3, {'%count%':3}]" />
```

You can also specify different domains for your translations.

```
<inpiut
  value="%name% is eating one apple|%name% is eating %count% apples"
  t:trans-attr-n="value:[3, {'%count%':3, '%name%':'John'}, 'app']" />
```

You can also combine plural and non-plural translations

```
<inpiut
  value="%name% is eating one apple|%name% is eating %count% apples"
  title="The pen is on the %place%"

  t:trans-attr="title: {'%place%':'table'}"
  t:trans-attr-n="value:[3, {'%count%':3, '%name%':'John'}]" />
```

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**Tip:** See here <http://symfony.com/it/doc/current/book/translation.html> to learn more about the Symfony translation system.

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**Note**

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I'm sorry for the *terrible* english fluency used inside the documentation, I'm trying to improve it. Pull Requests are welcome.