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# Tracer Documentation

*Release recent*

**FrostyX**

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Tracer finds outdated running applications in your system

Tracer determines which applications use outdated files and prints them. For special kind of applications such as services or daemons, it suggests a standard command to restart it. Detecting whether file is outdated or not is based on a simple idea. If application has loaded in memory any version of a file which is provided by any package updated since system was booted up, tracer consider this application as outdated.



## User Guide

### Installation

Please, see how to *Get Tracer*.

### Standard usage

Standard way to use tracer is just running the `sudo tracer` command. I am working on user-only mode, but in this moment it runs only with root permissions (It needs access to your package manager's history). There you can see the output:

```
[$[FrostyX ~]-> sudo tracer
You should restart:
 * Some applications using:
   sudo service apache2 restart
   sudo service mpd restart

 * These applications manually:
   chromium
   dolphin
   gvim

Additionally to those process above, there are:
 - 6 processes requiring restarting your session (i.e. Logging out & Logging in,
↪again)
 - 2 processes requiring reboot
```

As you can see, It hides few kinds of applications to not bothering you with such that you can't control. But of course, if you want, you can see them all, use the `-a` or `--all` parameter.

### Helpers

You got list of applications, but what next. There is `-s` or `--show` parameter for showing some handy informations. It displays package owning this application, what user started it and when, its PID and recommended way, how to restart it. When you want to print helpers for all affected applications, you can use `--helpers` parameter.

```
$(FrostyX ~)-> tracer -s apache2
* apache2
  Package:      www-servers/apache
  Description:  The Apache Web Server.
  Type:         Daemon
  State:        apache2 has been started by root 34 minutes ago. PID - 18816

  How to restart:
    service apache2 restart
```

Helpers for custom application can be defined in `/etc/tracer/applications.xml` & `~/.config/tracer/applications.xml`. If you have any objections to the described way how to restart it, please [create an issue](#).

### Interactive mode

Printing helper for specific application is handy but not for every situation. For instance it can be little awkward to call `tracer -s app_name` a lot of specific applications. That would be lot of boring and senseless typing so I am introducing interactive mode to you.

When you use `-i` or `--interactive`, tracer will print number next to every application. Then you will be asked for input. That is simple way how to iterate through helpers for all applications.

```
$(FrostyX ~)-> sudo tracer -i
[1] gvim
[2] mpd
[3] dolphin
[4] apache2

Press application number for help or 'q' to quit
--> 2
* mpd
  Package:      media-sound/mpd
  Description:  The Music Player Daemon (mpd)
  Type:         Daemon
  State:        mpd has been started by frostyx 23 hours ago. PID - 3751

  How to restart:
    service mpd restart

-- Press enter to get list of applications --
```

### Verbose

Like most of UNIX programs, even tracer has verbose mode. It provides three levels of chattiness.

Non-verbose mode

```

$[FrostyX ~]-> sudo tracer -s gvim
* gvim
  Package:      app-editors/gvim
  Description:  GUI version of the Vim text editor
  Type:         Application
  State:        gvim has been started by frostyx 2 hours ago. PID - 8431

  How to restart:
    Sorry, It's not known

```

### First verbose level

```

$[FrostyX ~]-> sudo tracer -s gvim -v
* gvim
  Package:      app-editors/gvim
  Description:  GUI version of the Vim text editor
  Type:         Application
  State:        gvim has been started by frostyx 2 hours ago. PID - 8431

  Affected by:
    gnome-base/gvfs
    x11-libs/libX11

  How to restart:
    Sorry, It's not known

```

### Second verbose level

```

$[FrostyX ~]-> sudo tracer -s gvim -vv
* gvim
  Package:      app-editors/gvim
  Description:  GUI version of the Vim text editor
  Type:         Application
  State:        gvim has been started by frostyx 2 hours ago. PID - 8431

  Affected by:
    gnome-base/gvfs
      /usr/lib/gvfs/libgvfscommon.so
      /usr/lib/gio/modules/libgioremote-volume-monitor.so
      /usr/lib/gio/modules/libgvfsdbus.so
    x11-libs/libX11
      /usr/lib/libX11.so
      /usr/lib/libX11-xcb.so

  How to restart:
    Sorry, It's not known

```

## Distro-specific candy

### Fedora - DNF plugin

There is plugin for new fedora package manager - DNF. It calls tracer after every successful transaction. Please note that it checks only packages in actual transaction, so if you run `tracer` from command line, you can actually get longer list.

If you want this feature, install the plugin package. Please notice that there are two of them. For F21 and higher install

the `dnf-plugins-extras-tracer`. If you are still using F20, please install `dnf-plugin-tracer`, but be aware that this package is obsoleted and will be no new versions of it.

```

$[FrostyX ~]-> sudo dnf update vim-X11
...
Running transaction
  Upgrading      : vim-common-2:7.4.179-1.fc20.i686           1/6
  Upgrading      : vim-X11-2:7.4.179-1.fc20.i686             2/6
  Upgrading      : vim-enhanced-2:7.4.179-1.fc20.i686         3/6
  ...

Upgraded:
  vim-X11.i686 2:7.4.179-1.fc20          vim-common.i686 2:7.4.179-1.fc20
  vim-enhanced.i686 2:7.4.179-1.fc20

You should restart:
  gvim

Done!
```

If you can't see tracer section in your output, make sure that in your `/etc/dnf/dnf.conf` is not `plugins=0` or specified `pluginpath` to different than default directory.

## Error occurred

Some weird error occurred! What should I do? Please keep calm and read it. There should be information what can be wrong and how you can deal with it. For instance

```

frostyx@kubuntu:~$ sudo tracer
You are running unsupported linux distribution

Please visit https://github.com/FrostyX/tracer/issues
and create new issue called 'Unknown or unsupported linux distribution: Ubuntu' if_
↔there isn't such.

Don't you have an GitHub account? Please report this issue on frostyx@email.cz
```

There is little possibility that you can encounter different type of error. Something like this

```

Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "/usr/local/bin/tracer", line 169, in <module>
    main()
  File "/usr/local/bin/tracer", line 56, in main
    if args.interactive: _print_all_interactive(processes)
  File "/usr/local/bin/tracer", line 88, in _print_all_interactive
    answer = raw_input("--> ")
```

It is python traceback. My apologies, you shouldn't see it. The best thing you can do, is opening new issue in `tracer's` [issue tracker](#). Please describe how can I reproduce this issue or what did you do when error occurred. Please post complete error message too.

## Troubleshooting

## Only root can use this application

As I described above, tracer works only with root permissions so far.

## You are running unsupported linux distribution

Please read rest of that message. It describes what you can do

# Developer Guide

## Python

Tracer is written in Python and it is compatible with its both 2.7 and 3.x versions. Besides standard python interpreter, tracer requires its few packages:

- `psutil` - For getting informations about processes, memory, etc
- `beautifulsoup` - For parsing user defined xml files such as `data/applications.xml` and `data/rules.xml`

## Coding style

If you want to contribute and write some code, I will strictly insist on these rules

1. Use **tabs** for indentation
  - Tabs are meaningful - 1 tab = 1 logical level
  - Everyone can view the one same tab with different width
  - Easier to work with
2. Use **spaces** for aligning
  - There is no way how to correctly align with tabs
3. Use camelCase for naming files, CamelCase for classes, underscore\_case for methods and variables
4. There are no access modifiers, so use prefix `_` for private things

There is an example code following our coding style

```
class Rpm(IPackageManager):

    def packages_newer_than(self, unix_time):
        packages = []
        for t in self._transactions_newer_than(unix_time):
            # Append every package in transaction into `packages`
            ...
        return packages

    def _transactions_newer_than(self, unix_time):
        ...
```

### Localization

The default language for the program is english. For translations to other languages, we need contributors. If you are using Tracer and want to help us, you could translate it to languages, that you know. There are only few strings in the code, so its the matter of minutes.

Please see the Tracer on [transifex](#).

### Packaging

Tracer uses `tito` for managing versions and doing all RPM stuff. There is quote what tito is:

“Tito is a tool **for managing RPM based projects** using git for their source code repository”

That means if you are fedora user, you can use prepared `tito` package, but else you probably would have to install it by your own.

Next, there is [Makefile](#) describing most of actions you might want to do.

In general, managing versions

```
make release

# For specific version use
tito tag --use-version X.Y.Z
```

### Fedora

```
# Develop
make rpm-test           # [1]
make rpm-try           # [2]

# Create official package
make rpm                # [3]
```

- [1] Create RPM package from last commit.
- [2] Same as [1] but additionally install it.
- [3] Create SRPM from last tag and ask `copr` to build RPM packages and distribute it through `frostyx/tracer` repository. There is `.repo` files for F19 and F20

### Get Tracer

There are few ways how to get tracer. Recommended is installing it through linux distribution package, but so far there are only few supported ditributions and even less of them has tracer packaged. If you are unlucky and can't find your system in the list, you can do three things.

1. Create and maintain tracer package for your ditribution
2. Request me to do it for you (but I don't promise that I will)
3. Use tracer from git

## Fedora

Fedora is intended as the primary system, so there shouldn't be a problem. You can simply install tracer using

```
dnf install tracer
```

Please note that for DNF also exists plugin which calls tracer after every successful transaction. You can install it using

```
dnf install dnf-plugins-extras-tracer
```

Take a look into User Guide at *Fedora - DNF plugin*.

## Enterprise Linux 7 (CentOS, ect.)

Tracer can be install from EPEL

```
yum install epel-release  
yum install tracer
```

## Gentoo

So far I have `tracer.ebuild` in my [personal overlay](#). Please take note that *is not* properly packaged - it just clone the git repository. However it has one relevant advantage and that is that it takes care about dependencies.

```
layman -a frostyx  
emerge tracer
```

## ArchLinux

An unofficial tracer package can be found in the AUR: <https://aur.archlinux.org/packages/tracer>

## Git

You can download the code by running this command:

```
git clone git@github.com:FrostyX/tracer.git
```

### 1) Manuall installation

First of all check tracer's [requirements](#) and install them.

Now you should be able to run it by `tracer/bin/tracer.py`, but because it is so unhandy I will recommend you to make symlink into `$PATH` directory. For instance

```
sudo ln -s tracer/bin/tracer.py /usr/local/bin/tracer
```

and then run it just by `tracer` command.

## 2) Automated installation

Previous paragraph can be done by running

```
sudo pip install ./tracer/  
# or  
pip install --user ./tracer/
```

# Tracer

## DESCRIPTION

Tracer determines which applications use outdated files and prints them. For special kind of applications such as services or daemons, it suggests a standard command to restart it. Detecting whether file is outdated or not is based on a simple idea. If application has loaded in memory any version of a file which is provided by any package updated since system was booted up, tracer consider this application as outdated.

## OPTIONS

### GENERAL

```
--version          print program version  
-h, --help         show this help message and exit  
-q, --quiet        do not print additional information  
-v, --verbose      print more informations. Use -v or -vv
```

### MODES

```
--helpers          not list applications, but list their helpers  
-i, --interactive  run tracer in interactive mode. Print numbered  
                  applications and give helpers based on numbers  
-s app_name [app_name ...], --show app_name [app_name ...]  
                  show helper for given application  
-a, --all          list even session and unrestartable applications  
--daemons-only, --services-only  
                  list only daemons/services  
--hooks-only       do not print traced applications, only run their hooks  
-t TIMESTAMP, --timestamp TIMESTAMP  
                  since when the updates should be  
-n, --now          when there are specified packages, dont look for time  
                  of their update. Use "now" instead
```

## USERS

```
-u username, --user username
-r, --root
-e, --everyone
```

## DEBUG

```
--show-resource=<option>
           options: packages | processes | rules | applications | system
           dump informations that tracer can use
```

## EXAMPLES

```
Show your applications which needs restarting (basic usage)
  tracer

Show informations about application
  tracer --show mysqld

Show even affected files of the application
  tracer --show mysqld -vv

In interactive mode show all applications modified only through packages changed,
↪since timestamp
  tracer -iat 1414248388.04
```

## Tracer API

Tracer provides a small interface that you can use in your application. It consist from `Query` class which is able to ask Tracer for various informations and provide you a results. And from data structues from which results consists.

Surely you could access internal classes and methods on your own, but there is a risk that they will change in the future. In API could be a little changes too, but they will be documented

### Quering

**class** `tracer.Query` (*tracer=<class 'tracer.resources.tracer.Tracer'>*)

Provide API for Tracer quering operations. They are executed kind of lazily, so running the operation will return just an wrapper class with `get()` method.

Example:

```
from tracer.query import Query
q = Query()
q.affected_applications().get()
```

---

**Note:** Some quering methods can require root permissions

---

**affected\_applications** (*user=None*)

Return list of applications which use some outdated files

**from\_packages** (*packages*)

List of Package that only should be traced

**now** ()

Pretend that specified packages have been updated just now. Benefit of this is absolutely no need for opening the package history database

## Hooks

Tracer also provides API for user-defined hooks. They can be defined as a simple functions decorated by `@hooks.match("app_name")`. Tracer will search for them in directories `~/.config/tracer/hooks/` and `/etc/tracer/hooks/`. Such hook will be called when tracer determines, that linked application needs restarting.

`tracer.hooks.match` (*apps*)

Decorator for tracer hooks.

Example:

```
from tracer import hooks

@hooks.match("foo")
def hook_app():
    print("Hey, application foo was found")
```

---

**Note:** You can match multiple applications by calling `@hooks.match` with list of them.

---

---

**Note:** If you want to run tracer's hooks and print no other output, use `tracer --hooks-only`

---

## Exit codes

In some use-cases you may want to examine Tracer's results through exit codes (also known as status codes). See their meanings:

1-99	Error exit codes
0	No affected applications
101	Found some affected applications
102	Found some affected daemons
103	Session restart needed
104	Reboot needed

## Data structures

Follows list of classes which quering results may consist from. Not all their properties are covered within API. If your use case requires some which are not listed below, please let me know to cover them in API too.

## Packages

**class** `tracer.Package` (*name*, *modified=None*)

Represents linux package

**modified = None**

UNIX timestamp of the modification

**name = None**

Name of the package

## Applications

**class** `tracer.Application` (*attributes\_dict*)

Represent the application defined in `applications.xml`

### Parameters

- **name** (*str*) – The name of the application
- **type** (*str*) – See `Applications.TYPES` for possible values
- **helper** (*str*) – Describes how to restart the applications
- **note** (*bool*) – Provides additional informations to the helper
- **ignore** (*bool*) – If `True`, the application won't be printed
- **processes\_factory** (*Processes*) – Class providing list of running processes

### helpers

Return the list of helpers which describes how to restart the application. When no `helper_format` was described, empty list will be returned. If `helper_format` contains process specific arguments such a `{PID}`, etc. list will contain helper for every application instance. In other cases, there will be just one helper in the list.

### instances

Return collection of processes with same name as application. I.e. running instances of the application

**class** `tracer.Process` (*pid=None*)

Represent the process instance uniquely identifiable through PID

For all class properties and methods, please see <http://pythonhosted.org/psutil/#process-class>

Bellow listed are only reimplemented ones.

**children** (*recursive=False*)

The collection of process's children. Each of them casted from `psutil.Process` to `tracer.Process`.

**exe**

The absolute path to process executable. Cleaned from arbitrary strings which appears on the end.

**parent** ()

The parent process casted from `psutil.Process` to `tracer.Process`

**username** ()

The user who owns the process. If user was deleted in the meantime, `None` is returned instead.



## CHAPTER 2

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### Feedback

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Please report any bugs or feature requests to [issues](#) on this repository. Pull requests are also welcome, but please visit *Developer Guide* first. If you rather want a talk or something, you can find me on [#gentoo.cs](#) or [#fedora-cs@freenode](#) or you can mail me to [frostyx@email.cz](mailto:frostyx@email.cz).



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