
StyleFrame Documentation

Release latest

Jun 08, 2018

Contents

1	Installation and testing	3
2	Basic Usage Examples	5
3	API Documentation	7
3.1	utils module	7
3.2	styler module	9
3.3	style_frame module	11
4	Commandline Interface	15
4.1	General Information	15
4.2	Usage	15
4.3	JSON Format	15

A library that wraps pandas and openpyxl and allows easy styling of dataframes in excel.

Contents:

CHAPTER 1

Installation and testing

```
$ pip install styleframe
```

To make sure everything works as expected, run StyleFrame's unittests:

```
from StyleFrame import tests
tests.run()
```

Basic Usage Examples

StyleFrame's `init` supports all the ways you are used to initiate pandas dataframe. An existing dataframe, a dictionary or a list of dictionaries:

```
from StyleFrame import StyleFrame, Styler, utils

sf = StyleFrame({'col_a': range(100)})
```

Applying a style to rows that meet a condition using pandas selecting syntax. In this example all the cells in the `col_a` column with the value `> 50` will have blue background and a bold, sized 10 font:

```
sf.apply_style_by_indexes(indexes_to_style=sf[sf['col_a'] > 50],
                          cols_to_style=['col_a'],
                          styler_obj=Styler(bg_color=utils.colors.blue, bold=True,
→font_size=10))
```

Creating ExcelWriter used to save the excel:

```
ew = StyleFrame.ExcelWriter(r'C:\my_excel.xlsx')
sf.to_excel(ew)
ew.save()
```

It is also possible to style a whole column or columns, and decide whether to style the headers or not:

```
sf.apply_column_style(cols_to_style=['a'], styler_obj=Styler(bg_color=utils.colors.
→green),
                      style_header=True)
```


3.1 utils module

This module contains the most widely used values for styling elements such as colors and border types for convenience. It is possible to directly use a value that is not present in the utils module as long as Excel recognises it.

3.1.1 utils.number_formats

```
general = 'General'  
general_integer = '0'  
general_float = '0.00'  
percent = '0.0%'  
thousands_comma_sep = '#,##0'  
date = 'DD/MM/YY'  
time_24_hours = 'HH:MM'  
time_24_hours_with_seconds = 'HH:MM:SS'  
time_12_hours = 'h:MM AM/PM'  
time_12_hours_with_seconds = 'h:MM:SS AM/PM'  
date_time = 'DD/MM/YY HH:MM'  
date_time_with_seconds = 'DD/MM/YY HH:MM:SS'
```

3.1.2 utils.colors

```
white = op_colors.WHITE  
blue = op_colors.BLUE  
dark_blue = op_colors.DARKBLUE  
yellow = op_colors.YELLOW  
dark_yellow = op_colors.DARKYELLOW  
green = op_colors.GREEN  
dark_green = op_colors.DARKGREEN
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
black = op_colors.BLACK
red = op_colors.RED
dark_red = op_colors.DARKRED
purple = '800080'
grey = 'D3D3D3'
```

3.1.3 utils.fonts

```
aegean = 'Aegean'
aegyptus = 'Aegyptus'
aharoni = 'Aharoni CLM'
anaktoria = 'Anaktoria'
analecta = 'Analecta'
anatolian = 'Anatolian'
arial = 'Arial'
calibri = 'Calibri'
david = 'David CLM'
dejavu_sans = 'DejaVu Sans'
ellinia = 'Ellinia CLM'
```

3.1.4 utils.borders

```
dash_dot = 'dashDot'
dash_dot_dot = 'dashDotDot'
dashed = 'dashed'
dotted = 'dotted'
double = 'double'
hair = 'hair'
medium = 'medium'
medium_dash_dot = 'mediumDashDot'
medium_dash_dot_dot = 'mediumDashDotDot'
medium_dashed = 'mediumDashed'
slant_dash_dot = 'slantDashDot'
thick = 'thick'
thin = 'thin'
```

3.1.5 utils.horizontal_alignments

```
general = 'general'
left = 'left'
center = 'center'
right = 'right'
fill = 'fill'
justify = 'justify'
center_continuous = 'centerContinuous'
distributed = 'distributed'
```

3.1.6 utils.vertical_alignments

```
top = 'top'  
center = 'center'  
bottom = 'bottom'  
justify = 'justify'  
distributed = 'distributed'
```

3.1.7 utils.underline

```
single = 'single'  
double = 'double'
```

3.1.8 utils.fill_pattern_types

```
solid = 'solid'  
dark_down = 'darkDown'  
dark_gray = 'darkGray'  
dark_grid = 'darkGrid'  
dark_horizontal = 'darkHorizontal'  
dark_trellis = 'darkTrellis'  
dark_up = 'darkUp'  
dark_vertical = 'darkVertical'  
gray0625 = 'gray0625'  
gray125 = 'gray125'  
light_down = 'lightDown'  
light_gray = 'lightGray'  
light_grid = 'lightGrid'  
light_horizontal = 'lightHorizontal'  
light_trellis = 'lightTrellis'  
light_up = 'lightUp'  
light_vertical = 'lightVertical'  
medium_gray = 'mediumGray'
```

3.1.9 utils.conditional_formatting_types

```
num = 'num'  
percent = 'percent'  
max = 'max'  
min = 'min'  
formula = 'formula'  
percentile = 'percentile'
```

3.2 stycler module

This module contains classes that represent styles.

3.2.1 Styler Class

Used to represent a style.

```
Styler(bg_color=None, bold=False, font=utils.fonts.arial, font_size=12, font_
↪color=None,
    number_format=utils.number_formats.general, protection=False, underline=None,
    border_type=utils.borders.thin, horizontal_alignment=utils.horizontal_
↪alignments.center,
    vertical_alignment=utils.vertical_alignments.center, wrap_text=True, shrink_to_
↪fit=True,
    fill_pattern_type=utils.fill_pattern_types.solid, indent=0, comment_
↪author=None, comment_text=None)
```

bg_color (str: one of *utils.colors*, hex string or color name ie ‘yellow’ Excel supports) The background color

bold (bool) If true, a bold typeface is used

font (str: one of *utils.fonts* or other font name Excel supports) The font to use

font_size (int) The font size

font_color (str: one of *utils.colors*, hex string or color name ie ‘yellow’ Excel supports) The font color

number_format (str: one of *utils.number_formats* or any other format Excel supports) The format of the cell’s value

protection (bool) If true, the cell/column will be write-protected

underline (str: one of *utils.underline* or any other underline Excel supports) The underline type

border_type (str: one of *utils.borders* or any other border type Excel supports) The border type

horizontal_alignment (str: one of *utils.horizontal_alignments* or any other horizontal alignment Excel supports) Text’s horizontal alignment

vertical_alignment (str: one of *utils.vertical_alignments* or any other vertical alignment Excel supports) Text’s vertical alignment

wrap_text (bool)

shrink_to_fit (bool)

fill_pattern_type (str: one of *utils.fill_pattern_types* or any other fill pattern type Excel supports) Cells’s fill pattern type

indent (int)

comment_author (str)

comment_text (str)

Methods

to_openpyxl_style

arguments None

returns *openpyxl* style object.

3.3 style_frame module

3.3.1 StyleFrame Class

Represent a stylized dataframe

```
StyleFrame(obj, styler_obj=None)
```

obj Any object that pandas' dataframe can be initialized with: an existing dataframe, a dictionary, a list of dictionaries or another StyleFrame.

styler_obj (Styler) A Styler object. Will be used as the default style of all cells.

Methods

apply_style_by_indexes

arguments

indexes_to_style (list | tuple | int | Container) The StyleFrame indexes to style. This usually passed as pandas selecting syntax. For example, `sf[sf['some_col'] = 20]`

styler_obj (Styler) *Styler* object that contains the style which will be applied to indexes in *indexes_to_style*

cols_to_style=None (None | str | list | tuple | set) The column names to apply the provided style to. If `None` all columns will be styled.

height=None (None | int | float) If provided, height for rows whose indexes are in *indexes_to_style*.

complement_style=None (None | Styler) *Styler* object that contains the style which will be applied to indexes not in *indexes_to_style*

complement_height=None (None | int | float) Height for rows whose indexes are not in *indexes_to_style*. If not provided then *height* will be used (if provided).

returns self

apply_column_style

arguments

cols_to_style (str | list | tuple | set) The column names to style.

styler_obj (Styler) A *Styler* object.

style_header=False (bool) If True, the column(s) header will also be styled.

use_default_formats=True (bool) If True, the default formats for date and times will be used.

width=None (None | int | float) If provided, the new width for the specified columns.

returns self

apply_headers_style

arguments

styler_obj (Styler) A *Styler* object.

returns self

style_alternate_rows

arguments

styles (list | tuple | set) List or tuple of *Styler* objects to be applied to rows in an alternating manner

returns self

rename

arguments

columns=None (dict) A dictionary from old columns names to new columns names.

inplace=False (bool) If False, a new StyleFrame object will be returned. If True, renames the columns inplace.

returns self if inplace is *True*, new StyleFrame object is *False*

set_column_width

arguments

columns (str | list | tuple) Column name(s).

width (int | float) The new width for the specified columns.

returns self

set_column_width_dict

arguments

col_width_dict (dict) A dictionary from column names to width.

returns self

set_row_height

arguments

rows (int | list | tuple | set) Row(s) index.

height (int | float) The new height for the specified indexes.

returns self

set_row_height_dict

arguments

row_height_dict (dict) A dictionary from row indexes to height.

returns self

add_color_scale_conditional_formatting

arguments

start_type (str: one of *utils.conditional_formatting_types* or any other type Excel supports) The type for the minimum bound

start_value The threshold for the minimum bound

start_color (str: one of *utils.colors*, hex string or color name ie 'yellow' Excel supports) The color for the minimum bound

end_type (str: one of *utils.conditional_formatting_types* or any other type Excel supports) The type for the maximum bound

end_value The threshold for the maximum bound

end_color (str: one of *utils.colors*, hex string or color name ie 'yellow' Excel supports) The color for the maximum bound

mid_type=None (None | str: one of *utils.conditional_formatting_types* or any other type Excel supports) The type for the middle bound

mid_value=None The threshold for the middle bound

mid_color=None (None | str: one of *utils.colors*, hex string or color name ie 'yellow' Excel supports) The color for the middle bound

columns_range=None (None | list | tuple) A two-elements list or tuple of columns to which the conditional formatting will be added to. If not provided at all the conditional formatting will be added to all columns. If a single element is provided then the conditional formatting will be added to the provided column. If two elements are provided then the conditional formatting will start in the first column and end in the second. The provided columns can be a column name, letter or index.

returns self

read_excel

A classmethod used to create a StyleFrame object from an existing Excel.

Note: `read_excel` also accepts all arguments that `pandas.read_excel` accepts as kwargs.

arguments

path (str) The path to the Excel file to read.

sheetname (str) The sheet name to read from.

read_style=False (bool) If *True* the sheet's style will be loaded to the returned StyleFrame object.

use_openpyxl_styles=True (bool) If *True* (and *read_style* is also *True*) then the styles in the returned StyleFrame object will be Openpyxl's style objects. If *False*, the styles will be *Styler Class* objects. Defaults to *True* for backward compatibility.

Note: Using `use_openpyxl_styles=False` is useful if you are going to filter columns or rows by style, for example:

```
sf = sf[[col for col in sf.columns if col.style.font == utils.fonts.
↪arial]]
```

read_comments=False (bool) If *True* (and *read_style* is also *True*) cells' comments will be loaded to the returned StyleFrame object. Note that reading comments without reading styles is currently not supported.

returns StyleFrame object

to_excel

Note: `to_excel` also accepts all arguments that `pandas.DataFrame.to_excel` accepts as kwargs.

arguments

excel_writer='output.xlsx' (str | pandas.ExcelWriter) File path or existing ExcelWriter

sheet_name='Sheet1' (str) Name of sheet the StyleFrame will be exported to

allow_protection=False (bool) Allow to protect the cells that specified as protected. If used `protection=True` in a Styler object this must be set to *True*.

right_to_left=False (bool) Makes the sheet right-to-left.

columns_to_hide=None (None | str | list | tuple | set) Columns names to hide.

row_to_add_filters=None (None | int) Add filters to the given row index, starts from 0 (which will add filters to header row).

columns_and_rows_to_freeze=None (None | str) Column and row string to freeze. For example "C3" will freeze columns: A, B and rows: 1, 2.

best_fit=None (None | str | list | tuple | set) single column, list, set or tuple of columns names to attempt to best fit the width for.

Note: `best_fit` will attempt to calculate the correct column-width based on the longest value in each provided column. However this isn't guaranteed to work for all fonts (works best with monospaced fonts). The formula used to calculate a column's width is equivalent to

```
(len(longest_value_in_column) + A_FACTOR) * P_FACTOR
```

The default values for `A_FACTOR` and `P_FACTOR` are 13 and 1.3 respectively, and can be modified before calling `StyleFrame.to_excel` by directly modifying `StyleFrame.A_FACTOR` and `StyleFrame.P_FACTOR`

returns self

Commandline Interface

4.1 General Information

Starting with version 1.1 StyleFrame offers a commandline interface that lets you create an `xlsx` file from a `json` file.

4.2 Usage

Flag	Explanation
<code>-v</code>	Displays the installed versions of StyleFrame and its dependencies
<code>--json_path</code>	Path to the <code>json</code> file
<code>--json</code>	<code>json</code> string
<code>--output_path</code>	Path to the output <code>xlsx</code> file. If not provided defaults to <code>output.xlsx</code>

4.2.1 Usage Examples

```
$ styleframe --json_path data.json --output_path data.xlsx
$ styleframe --json "[{"sheet_name": "sheet_1", "columns": [{"col_name": "col_a", "cells": [{"value": 1}]}]}"
```

Note: You may need to use different syntax to pass a JSON string depending on your OS and terminal application.

4.3 JSON Format

The input JSON should be thought of as an hierarchy of predefined entities, some of which correspond to a Python class used by StyleFrame. The top-most level should be a list of `sheet` entities (see below).

The provided JSON is validated against the following schema:

```
{
  "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#",
  "title": "sheets",
  "definitions": {
    "Sheet": {
      "$id": "#sheet",
      "title": "sheet",
      "type": "object",
      "properties": {
        "sheet_name": {
          "type": "string"
        },
        "columns": {
          "type": "array",
          "items": {
            "$ref": "#/definitions/Column"
          },
          "minItems": 1
        },
        "row_heights": {
          "type": "object"
        },
        "extra_features": {
          "type": "object"
        },
        "default_styles": {
          "type": "object",
          "properties": {
            "headers": {
              "$ref": "#/definitions/Style"
            },
            "cells": {
              "$ref": "#/definitions/Style"
            }
          }
        },
        "additionalProperties": false
      }
    },
    "required": [
      "sheet_name",
      "columns"
    ]
  },
  "Column": {
    "$id": "#column",
    "title": "column",
    "type": "object",
    "properties": {
      "col_name": {
        "type": "string"
      },
      "style": {
        "$ref": "#/definitions/Style"
      },
      "width": {
        "type": "number"
      }
    }
  }
}
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```

    },
    "cells": {
      "type": "array",
      "items": {
        "$ref": "#/definitions/Cell"
      }
    }
  },
  "required": [
    "col_name",
    "cells"
  ]
},
"Cell": {
  "$id": "#cell",
  "title": "cell",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "value": {},
    "style": {
      "$ref": "#/definitions/Style"
    }
  }
},
"required": [
  "value"
],
"additionalProperties": false
},
"Style": {
  "$id": "#style",
  "title": "style",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "bg_color": {
      "type": "string"
    },
    "bold": {
      "type": "boolean"
    },
    "font": {
      "type": "string"
    },
    "font_size": {
      "type": "number"
    },
    "font_color": {
      "type": "string"
    },
    "number_format": {
      "type": "string"
    },
    "protection": {
      "type": "boolean"
    },
    "underline": {
      "type": "string"
    }
  }
},

```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
        "border_type": {
            "type": "string"
        },
        "horizontal_alignment": {
            "type": "string"
        },
        "vertical_alignment": {
            "type": "string"
        },
        "wrap_text": {
            "type": "boolean"
        },
        "shrink_to_fit": {
            "type": "boolean"
        },
        "fill_pattern_type": {
            "type": "string"
        },
        "indent": {
            "type": "number"
        }
    },
    "additionalProperties": false
}
},
"type": "array",
"items": {
    "$ref": "#/definitions/Sheet"
},
"minItems": 1
}
```

An example JSON:

```
[
  {
    "sheet_name": "Sheet1",
    "default_styles": {
      "headers": {
        "font_size": 17,
        "bg_color": "yellow"
      },
      "cells": {
        "bg_color": "red"
      }
    },
    "columns": [
      {
        "col_name": "col_a",
        "style": {"bg_color": "blue", "font_color": "yellow"},
        "width": 30,
        "cells": [
          {
            "value": 1
          },
          {
            "value": 2,
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```

        "style": {
            "bold": true,
            "font": "Arial",
            "font_size": 30,
            "font_color": "green",
            "border_type": "double"
        }
    ]
},
{
    "col_name": "col_b",
    "cells": [
        {
            "value": 3
        },
        {
            "value": 4,
            "style": {
                "bold": true,
                "font": "Arial",
                "font_size": 16
            }
        }
    ]
}
],
"row_heights": {
    "3": 40
},
"extra_features": {
    "row_to_add_filters": 0,
    "columns_and_rows_to_freeze": "A7",
    "startrow": 5
}
}
]

```

4.3.1 style

Corresponds to: *Styler Class*.

This entity uses the arguments of `Styler.__init__()` as keys. Any missing keys in the JSON will be given the same default values.

```
"style": {"bg_color": "yellow", "bold": true}
```

4.3.2 cell

This entity represents a single cell in the sheet.

Required keys:

"value" - The cell's value.

Optional keys:

"style" - The `style` entity for this cell. If not provided, the `style` provided to the `column` entity will be used. If that was not provided as well, the default `Styler.__init__()` values will be used.

```
{"value": 42, "style": {"border": "double"}}
```

4.3.3 column

This entity represents a column in the sheet.

Required keys:

"col_name" - The column name.

"cells" - A list of `cell` entities.

Optional keys:

"style" - A style used for the entire column. If not provided the default `Styler.__init__()` values will be used.

"width" - The column's width. If not provided Excel's default column width will be used.

4.3.4 sheet

This entity represents the entire sheet.

Required keys:

"sheet_name" - The sheet's name.

"columns" - A list of `column` entities.

Optional keys:

"default_styles" - A JSON object with items as keys and `style` entities as values. Currently supported items: `headers` and `cells`.

```
"default_styles": {"headers": {"bg_color": "blue"}}
```

"row_heights" - A JSON object with rows indexes as keys and heights as value.

"extra_features" - A JSON that contains the same arguments as the `to_excel` method, such as `"row_to_add_filters"`, `"columns_and_rows_to_freeze"`, `"columns_to_hide"`, `"right_to_left"` and `"allow_protection"`. You can also use other arguments that Pandas' `"to_excel"` accepts.