
steem-python Documentation

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furion@steemit.com

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`steem-python` is the official STEEM library for Python. It comes with a BIP38 encrypted wallet and a practical CLI utility called *stemepy*.

The Steem library has been designed to allow developers to easily access its routines and make use of the network without dealing with all the related blockchain technology and cryptography. This library can be used to do anything that is allowed according to the Steem blockchain protocol.

CHAPTER 1

Installation

To install the library, simply run:

```
pip install -U steem
```


2.1 Installation

steem-python requires Python 3.5 or higher. We don't recommend usage of Python that ships with OS. If you're just looking for a quick and easy cross-platform solution, feel free to install Python 3.x via easy to use [Anaconda](#) installer.

Afterwards, you can install *steem-python* with *pip*:

```
$ pip install steem
```

You can also perform the installation manually using *setup.py*:

```
$ git clone https://github.com/steemit/steem-python
$ cd steem-python
$ make install
```

2.1.1 Upgrade

```
$ pip install -U steem
```

Namespace Collision

If you have used a piston stack before v0.5, please remove it before installing official version of *python-steem*.

```
curl https://raw.githubusercontent.com/steemit/steem-python/master/scripts/nuke_
↳ legacy.sh | sh
```

2.2 steemp CLI

steemp is a convenient CLI utility that enables you to manage your wallet, transfer funds, check balances and more.

2.2.1 Using the Wallet

steemp lets you leverage your BIP38 encrypted wallet to perform various actions on your accounts.

The first time you use *steemp*, you will be prompted to enter a password. This password will be used to encrypt the *steemp* wallet, which contains your private keys.

You can change the password via *changewalletpassphrase* command.

```
steemp changewalletpassphrase
```

From this point on, every time an action requires your private keys, you will be prompted to enter this password (from CLI as well as while using *steem* library).

To bypass password entry, you can set an environment variable UNLOCK.

```
UNLOCK=mysecretpassword steemp transfer <recipient_name> 100 STEEM
```

2.2.2 Common Commands

First, you may like to import your Steem account:

```
steemp importaccount
```

You can also import individual private keys:

```
steemp addkey <private_key>
```

Listing accounts:

```
steemp listaccounts
```

Show balances:

```
steemp balance account_name1 account_name2
```

Sending funds:

```
steemp transfer --account <account_name> <recipient_name> 100 STEEM memo
```

Upvoting a post:

```
steemp upvote --account <account_name> https://steemit.com/funny/@mynameisbrian/the-  
↪content-stand-a-comic
```

2.2.3 Setting Defaults

For a more convenient use of *steemp* as well as the *steem* library, you can set some defaults. This is especially useful if you have a single Steem account.

```
steempy set default_account furion
steempy set default_vote_weight 100
```

```
steempy config
+-----+-----+
| Key           | Value   |
+-----+-----+
| default_account | furion  |
| default_vote_weight | 100    |
+-----+-----+
```

If you've set up your *default_account*, you can now send funds by omitting this field:

```
steempy transfer <recipient_name> 100 STEEM memo
```

2.2.4 Help

You can see all available commands with `steempy -h`

```
~ % steempy -h
usage: steempy [-h] [--node NODE] [--no-broadcast] [--no-wallet] [--unsigned]
              [--expires EXPIRES] [--verbose VERBOSE] [--version]
              {set, config, info, changewalletpassphrase, addkey, delkey, getkey, listkeys,
↪listaccounts, upvote, downvote, transfer, powerup, powerdown, powerdownroute, convert,
↪balance, interest, permissions, allow, disallow, newaccount, importaccount, updatememokey,
↪approvewitness, disapprovewitness, sign, broadcast, orderbook, buy, sell, cancel, resteem,
↪follow, unfollow, setprofile, delprofile, witnessupdate, witnesscreate}
              ...
```

Command line tool to interact **with** the Steem network

positional arguments:

```
{set, config, info, changewalletpassphrase, addkey, delkey, getkey, listkeys, listaccounts,
↪upvote, downvote, transfer, powerup, powerdown, powerdownroute, convert, balance, interest,
↪permissions, allow, disallow, newaccount, importaccount, updatememokey, approvewitness,
↪disapprovewitness, sign, broadcast, orderbook, buy, sell, cancel, resteem, follow, unfollow,
↪setprofile, delprofile, witnessupdate, witnesscreate}

    sub-command help
    set                Set configuration
    config             Show local configuration
    info               Show basic STEEM blockchain info
    changewalletpassphrase
                        Change wallet password
    addkey             Add a new key to the wallet
    delkey             Delete keys from the wallet
    getkey             Dump the privatekey of a pubkey from the wallet
    listkeys           List available keys in your wallet
    listaccounts       List available accounts in your wallet
    upvote             Upvote a post
    downvote           Downvote a post
    transfer           Transfer STEEM
    powerup            Power up (vest STEEM as STEEM POWER)
    powerdown          Power down (start withdrawing STEEM from steem POWER)
    powerdownroute     Setup a powerdown route
    convert            Convert STEEMDollars to Steem (takes a week to settle)
    balance            Show the balance of one more more accounts
```

```
interest          Get information about interest payment
permissions       Show permissions of an account
allow             Allow an account/key to interact with your account
disallow         Remove allowance an account/key to interact with your
                 account
newaccount        Create a new account
importaccount     Import an account using a passphrase
updatememokey    Update an account's memo key
approvewitness   Approve a witnesses
disapprovewitness Disapprove a witnesses
sign             Sign a provided transaction with available and
                 required keys
broadcast         broadcast a signed transaction
orderbook        Obtain orderbook of the internal market
buy              Buy STEEM or SBD from the internal market
sell             Sell STEEM or SBD from the internal market
cancel           Cancel order in the internal market
resteeem         Resteeem an existing post
follow           Follow another account
unfollow         unfollow another account
setprofile       Set a variable in an account's profile
delprofile       Set a variable in an account's profile
witnessupdate    Change witness properties
witnesscreate    Create a witness
```

optional arguments:

```
-h, --help          show this help message and exit
--node NODE         URL for public Steem API (default:
                   "https://api.steemit.com")
--no-broadcast, -d Do not broadcast anything
--no-wallet, -p     Do not load the wallet
--unsigned, -x      Do not try to sign the transaction
--expires EXPIRES, -e EXPIRES
                   Expiration time in seconds (defaults to 30)
--verbose VERBOSE, -v VERBOSE
                   Verbosity
--version           show program's version number and exit
```

2.3 Examples

2.3.1 Syncing Blockchain to a Flat File

Here is a relatively simple script built on top of steem-python that will let you sync STEEM blockchain into a simple file. You can run this script as many times as you like, and it will continue from the last block it synced.

```
import json
import os
from contextlib import suppress
from steem.blockchain import Blockchain

def get_last_line(filename):
    if os.path.isfile(filename):
        with open(filename, 'rb') as f:
            f.seek(-2, 2)
```

```

        while f.read(1) != b"\n":
            f.seek(-2, 1)
            return f.readline()

def get_previous_block_num(block):
    if not block:
        return -1

    if type(block) == bytes:
        block = block.decode('utf-8')

    if type(block) == str:
        block = json.loads(block)

    return int(block['previous'][:8], base=16)

def run(filename):
    b = Blockchain()
    # automatically resume from where we left off
    # previous + last + 1
    start_block = get_previous_block_num(get_last_line(filename)) + 2
    with open(filename, 'a+') as file:
        for block in b.stream_from(start_block=start_block, full_
↪blocks=True):
            file.write(json.dumps(block, sort_keys=True) + '\n')

if __name__ == '__main__':
    output_file = '/home/user/Downloads/steem.blockchain.json'
    with suppress(KeyboardInterrupt):
        run(output_file)

```

To see how many blocks we currently have, we can simply perform a line count.

```
wc -l steem.blockchain.json
```

We can also inspect an arbitrary block, and pretty-print it. *Replace 10000 with desired block_number + 1.*

```
sed '10000q;d' steem.blockchain.json | python -m json.tool
```

2.3.2 Witness Killswitch

Occasionally things go wrong: software crashes, servers go down... One of the main roles for STEEM witnesses is to reliably mint blocks. This script acts as a kill-switch to protect the network from missed blocks and prevents embarrassment when things go totally wrong.

```

import time
from steem import Steem

steem = Steem()

# variables
disable_after = 10 # disable witness after 10 blocks are missed
witness_name = 'furion'

```

```
witness_url = "https://steemit.com/steemit/@furion/power-down-no-more"
witness_props = {
    "account_creation_fee": "0.500 STEEM",
    "maximum_block_size": 65536,
    "sbd_interest_rate": 15,
}

def total_missed():
    return steem.get_witness_by_account(witness_name)['total_missed']

if __name__ == '__main__':
    treshold = total_missed() + disable_after
    while True:
        if total_missed() > treshold:
            tx = steem.commit.witness_update(
                signing_key=None,
                url=witness_url,
                props=witness_props,
                account=witness_name)

            print("Witness %s Disabled!" % witness_name)
            quit(0)

        time.sleep(60)
```

2.3.3 Batching Operations

Most of the time each transaction contains only one operation (for example, an upvote, a transfer or a new post). We can however cram multiple operations in a single transaction, to achieve better efficiency and size reduction.

This script will also teach us how to create and sign transactions ourselves.

```
from steem.transactionbuilder import TransactionBuilder
from steembase import operations

# lets create 3 transfers, to 3 different people
transfers = [
    {
        'from': 'richguy',
        'to': 'recipient1',
        'amount': '0.001 STEEM',
        'memo': 'Test Transfer 1'
    },
    {
        'from': 'richguy',
        'to': 'recipient2',
        'amount': '0.002 STEEM',
        'memo': 'Test Transfer 2'
    },
    {
        'from': 'richguy',
        'to': 'recipient3',
        'amount': '0.003 STEEM',
        'memo': 'Test Transfer 3'
    }
]
```

```

]

# now we can construct the transaction
# we will set no_broadcast to True because
# we don't want to really send funds, just testing.
tb = TransactionBuilder(no_broadcast=True)

# lets serialize our transfers into a format Steem can understand
operations = [operations.Transfer(**x) for x in transfers]

# tell TransactionBuilder to use our serialized transfers
tb.appendOps(operations)

# we need to tell TransactionBuilder about
# everyone who needs to sign the transaction.
# since all payments are made from `richguy`,
# we just need to do this once
tb.appendSigner('richguy', 'active')

# sign the transaction
tb.sign()

# broadcast the transaction (publish to steem)
# since we specified no_broadcast=True earlier
# this method won't actually do anything
tx = tb.broadcast()

```

2.3.4 Simple Voting Bot

Here is a simple bot that will reciprocate by upvoting all new posts that mention us. Make sure to set whoami to your Steem username before running.

```

from contextlib import suppress

from steem.blockchain import Blockchain
from steem.post import Post

def run():
    # upvote posts with 30% weight
    upvote_pct = 30
    whoami = 'my-steem-username'

    # stream comments as they are published on the blockchain
    # turn them into convenient Post objects while we're at it
    b = Blockchain()
    stream = map(Post, b.stream(filter_by=['comment']))

    for post in stream:
        if post.json_metadata:
            mentions = post.json_metadata.get('users', [])

            # if post mentions more than 10 people its likely spam
            if mentions and len(mentions) < 10:
                post.upvote(weight=upvote_pct, voter=whoami)

```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':  
    with suppress(KeyboardInterrupt):  
        run()
```


3.1 Steem - Your Starting Point

3.1.1 Quick Start

You can start using the library with just a few lines of code, as seen in this quick example:

```
# first, we initialize Steem class
from steem import Steem
s = Steem()
```

```
# check @ned's balance
>>> s.get_account('ned')['sbd_balance']
'980.211 SBD'

# lets send $1.0 SBD to @ned
>>> s.commit.transfer(to='ned', amount=1, asset='SBD', account='furion')
{'expiration': '2017-03-12T17:54:43',
 'extensions': [],
 'operations': [['transfer',
  {'amount': '1.000 SBD', 'from': 'furion', 'memo': '', 'to': 'ned'}]],
 'ref_block_num': 23008,
 'ref_block_prefix': 961695589,
 'signatures': [
↪ '1f1322be9ca0c22b27c0385c929c9863901ac78cdaedea2162024ea040e22c4f8b542c02d96cbc761cbe4a188a932bc71
↪ ']}

# yup, its there
>>> s.get_account('ned')['sbd_balance']
'981.211 SBD'
```

Importing your Steem Account

steem-python comes with a BIP38 encrypted wallet, which holds your private keys.

Alternatively, you can also pass required WIF's to `Steem()` initializer.

```
from steem import Steem
s = Steem(keys=['<private_posting_key>', '<private_active_key>'])
```

Using the encrypted wallet is however a recommended way.

Please check *steemp CLI* to learn how to set up the wallet.

Interfacing with steemd

`Steem()` inherits API methods from `Steemd`, which can be called like so:

```
s = Steem()

s.get_account('ned')
s.get_block(8888888)
s.get_content('author', 'permlink')
s.broadcast_transaction(...)
# and many more
```

You can see the list of available methods by calling `help(Steem)`. If a method is not available through the Python API, we can call it manually using `s.exec()`:

```
s = Steem()

# this call
s.get_followers('furion', 'abit', 'blog', 10)

# is same as
s.exec('get_followers',
      'furion', 'abit', 'blog', 10,
      api='follow_api')
```

Commit and Wallet

`Steem()` comes equipped with `Commit` and `Wallet`, accessible via dot-notation.

```
s = Steem()

# accessing Commit methods
s.commit.transfer(...)

# accessing Wallet methods
s.wallet.get_active_key_for_account(...)
```

Please check *Transactions and Accounts* documentation to learn more.

3.1.2 Steem

As displayed in the *Quick Start* above, `Steem` is the main class of this library. It acts as a gateway to other components, such as `Steemd`, `Commit`, `Wallet` and `HttpClient`.

Any arguments passed to `Steem` as `kwargs` will naturally flow to sub-components. For example, if we initialize `Steem` with `steem = Steem(no_broadcast=True)`, the `Commit` instance is configured to not broadcast any transactions. This is very useful for testing.

class `steem.steem.Steem` (*nodes=None, no_broadcast=False, **kwargs*)
Connect to the Steem network.

Parameters

- **nodes** (*list*) – A list of Steem HTTP RPC nodes to connect to. If not provided, official Steemit nodes will be used.
- **debug** (*bool*) – Elevate logging level to `logging.DEBUG`. Defaults to `logging.INFO`.
- **no_broadcast** (*bool*) – If set to `True`, committal actions like sending funds will have no effect (simulation only).

Optional Arguments (kwargs):

Parameters

- **keys** (*list*) – A list of wif keys. If provided, the `Wallet` will use these keys rather than the ones found in BIP38 encrypted wallet.
- **unsigned** (*bool*) – (Defaults to `False`) Use this for offline signing.
- **expiration** (*int*) – (Defaults to 60) Size of window in seconds that the transaction needs to be broadcasted in, before it expires.

Returns `Steemd` class instance. It can be used to execute commands against steem node.

Example

If you would like to override the official Steemit nodes (default), you can pass your own. When currently used node goes offline, `Steemd` will automatically fail-over to the next available node.

```
nodes = [
    'https://steemd.yournode1.com',
    'https://steemd.yournode2.com',
]

s = Steemd(nodes)
```

3.1.3 Steemd API

`Steemd` contains API generating utilities. `Steemd`'s methods will be automatically available to `Steem()` classes. See *Steem - Your Starting Point*.

class `steem.steemd.Steemd` (*nodes=None, **kwargs*)
Connect to the Steem network.

Parameters **nodes** (*list*) – A list of Steem HTTP RPC nodes to connect to. If not provided, official Steemit nodes will be used.

Returns `Steemd` class instance. It can be used to execute commands against steem node.

Example

If you would like to override the official Steemit nodes (default), you can pass your own. When currently used node goes offline, Steemd will automatically fail-over to the next available node.

```
nodes = [  
    'https://steemd.yournode1.com',  
    'https://steemd.yournode2.com',  
]  
  
s = Steemd(nodes)
```

broadcast_block (*block: steem.block.Block*)

broadcast_transaction (*signed_transaction: steembase.transactions.SignedTransaction*)

broadcast_transaction_synchronous (*signed_transaction: steembase.transactions.SignedTransaction*)

chain_params

Identify the connected network. This call returns a dictionary with keys chain_id, prefix, and other chain specific settings

get_account (*account: str*)

Lookup account information such as user profile, public keys, balances, etc.

Parameters **account** (*str*) – STEEM username that we are looking up.

Returns Account information.

Return type dict

get_account_bandwidth (*account: str, bandwidth_type: object*)

get_account_count ()

How many accounts are currently registered on STEEM?

get_account_history (*account: str, index_from: int, limit: int*)

History of all operations for a given account.

Parameters

- **account** (*str*) – STEEM username that we are looking up.
- **index_from** (*int*) – The highest database index we take as a starting point.
- **limit** (*int*) – How many items are we interested in.

Returns List of operations.

Return type list

Example

To get the latest (newest) operations from a given user furion, we should set the index_from to -1. This is the same as saying *give me the highest index there is*.

```
s.get_account_history('furion', index_from=-1, limit=3)
```

This will yield 3 recent operations like so:

```

[[69974,
  {'block': 9941972,
   'op': ['vote',
         {'author': 'breezin',
          'permlink': 'raising-children-is-not-childsplay-pro-s-and-con-s-of-being-
↪a-young-parent',
          'voter': 'furion',
          'weight': 900}],
   'op_in_trx': 0,
   'timestamp': '2017-03-06T17:09:48',
   'trx_id': '87f9176facc7096b5ffb5d12bfdb41b3c0b2955',
   'trx_in_block': 5,
   'virtual_op': 0}],
 [69975,
  {'block': 9942005,
   'op': ['curation_reward',
         {'comment_author': 'leongkhan',
          'comment_permlink': 'steem-investor-report-5-march-2017',
          'curator': 'furion',
          'reward': '112.397602 VESTS'}]],
   'op_in_trx': 1,
   'timestamp': '2017-03-06T17:11:30',
   'trx_id': '0000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000',
   'trx_in_block': 5,
   'virtual_op': 0}],
 [69976,
  {'block': 9942006,
   'op': ['vote',
         {'author': 'ejhaasteem',
          'permlink': 'life-of-fishermen-in-aceh',
          'voter': 'furion',
          'weight': 100}],
   'op_in_trx': 0,
   'timestamp': '2017-03-06T17:11:30',
   'trx_id': '955018ac8efe298bd90b45a4fbd15b9df7e00be4',
   'trx_in_block': 7,
   'virtual_op': 0}]]

```

If we want to query for a particular range of indexes, we need to consider both *index_from* and *limit* fields. Remember, *index_from* works backwards, so if we set it to 100, we will get items 100, 99, 98, 97...

For example, if we'd like to get the first 100 operations the user did, we would write:

```
s.get_account_history('furion', index_from=100, limit=100)
```

We can get the next 100 items by running:

```
s.get_account_history('furion', index_from=200, limit=100)
```

get_account_references (*account_id*: int)

get_account_reputations (*account*: str, *limit*: int)

get_account_votes (*account*: str)

All votes the given account ever made.

Returned votes are in the following format:

```
{'authorperm': 'alwaysfelicia/time-line-of-best-times-to-post-on-steemit-  
↪mystery-explained',  
'percent': 100,  
'rshares': 709227399,  
'time': '2016-08-07T16:06:24',  
'weight': '3241351576115042'},
```

Parameters **account** (*str*) – STEEM username that we are looking up.

Returns List of votes.

Return type list

get_accounts (*account_names: list*)

Lookup account information such as user profile, public keys, balances, etc.

This method is same as `get_account`, but supports querying for multiple accounts at the time.

get_active_votes (*author: str, permalink: str*)

Get all votes for the given post.

Parameters

- **author** (*str*) – OP's STEEM username.
- **permalink** (*str*) – Post identifier following the username. It looks like slug-ified title.

Returns List of votes.

Return type list

Example

```
s.get_active_votes('mynameisbrian', 'steemifying-idioms-there-s-no-use-crying-  
↪over-spilt-milk')
```

Output:

```
[{'percent': 10000,  
  'reputation': '36418980678',  
  'rshares': 356981288,  
  'time': '2017-03-06T20:04:18',  
  'voter': 'dailystuff',  
  'weight': '2287202760855'},  
  ...  
 {'percent': 10000,  
  'reputation': 3386400109,  
  'rshares': 364252169,  
  'time': '2017-03-06T19:32:45',  
  'voter': 'flourish',  
  'weight': '2334690471157'}]
```

get_active_witnesses ()

Get a list of currently active witnesses.

get_all_usernames (*last_user=""*)

Fetch the full list of STEEM usernames.

get_api_by_name (*api_name: str*)

get_block (*block_num: int*)

Get the full block, transactions and all, given a block number.

Parameters **block_num** (*int*) – Block number.

Returns Block in a JSON compatible format.

Return type dict

Example

```
s.get_block(8888888)
```

```
{'extensions': [],
 'previous': '0087a2372163ff5c5838b09589ce281d5a564f66',
 'timestamp': '2017-01-29T02:47:33',
 'transaction_merkle_root': '4ddc419e531cccee6da660057d606d11aab9f3a5',
 'transactions': [{'expiration': '2017-01-29T02:47:42',
  'extensions': [],
  'operations': [['comment',
    {'author': 'hilariski',
     'body': 'https://media.giphy.com/media/RAx4Xwh1OPHji/giphy.gif',
     'json_metadata': '{"tags":["motocross"],"image":["https://media.giphy.
↪com/media/RAx4Xwh1OPHji/giphy.gif"],"app":"steemit/0.1"}',
     'parent_author': 'b0y2k',
     'parent_permlink': 'ama-supercross-round-4-phoenix-2017',
     'permlink': 're-b0y2k-ama-supercross-round-4-phoenix-2017-
↪20170129t024725575z',
     'title': ''}]]],
  'ref_block_num': 41495,
  'ref_block_prefix': 2639073901,
  'signatures': [
↪'2058b69f4c15f704a67a7b5a7996a9c9bbfd39c639f9db19b99ecad8328c4ce3610643f8d1b6424c352df1206
↪']],
  'witness': 'chainsquad.com',
  'witness_signature':
↪'1f115745e3f6fee95124164f4b57196c0eda2a700064faa97d0e037d3554ee2d5b618e6bfd457473783e8b833
↪'}
```

get_block_header (*block_num: int*)

Get block headers, given a block number.

Parameters **block_num** (*int*) – Block number.

Returns Block headers in a JSON compatible format.

Return type dict

Example

```
s.get_block_headers(8888888)
```

```
{'extensions': [],
 'previous': '0087a2372163ff5c5838b09589ce281d5a564f66',
 'timestamp': '2017-01-29T02:47:33',
```

```
'transaction_merkle_root': '4ddc419e531cccee6da660057d606d11aab9f3a5',  
'witness': 'chainsquad.com'}
```

get_blocks (*block_nums: typing.List[int]*)

Fetch multiple blocks from steemd at once, given a range.

Parameters **block_nums** (*list*) – A list of all block numbers we would like to tech.

Returns An ensured and ordered list of all *get_block* results.

Return type dict

get_blocks_range (*start: int, end: int*)

Fetch multiple blocks from steemd at once, given a range.

Parameters

- **start** (*int*) – The number of the block to start with
- **end** (*int*) – The number of the block at the end of the range. Not included in results.

Returns An ensured and ordered list of all *get_block* results.

Return type dict

get_blog (*account: str, entry_id: int, limit: int*)

get_blog_authors (*blog_account: str*)

get_blog_entries (*account: str, entry_id: int, limit: int*)

get_chain_properties ()

Get witness elected chain properties.

```
{'account_creation_fee': '30.000 STEEM',  
'maximum_block_size': 65536,  
'sbd_interest_rate': 250}
```

get_comment_discussions_by_payout (*discussion_query: dict*)

get_config ()

Get internal chain configuration.

get_content (*author: str, permalink: str*)

get_content_replies (*author: str, permalink: str*)

get_conversion_requests (*account: str*)

get_current_median_history_price ()

Get the average STEEM/SBD price.

This price is based on moving average of witness reported price feeds.

```
{'base': '0.093 SBD', 'quote': '1.010 STEEM'}
```

get_discussions_by_active (*discussion_query: dict*)

get_discussions_by_author_before_date (*author: str, start_permalink: str, before_date: steembase.types.PointInTime, limit: int*)

get_discussions_by_blog (*discussion_query: dict*)

get_discussions_by_cashout (*discussion_query: dict*)

get_discussions_by_children (*discussion_query: dict*)

get_discussions_by_comments (*discussion_query: dict*)
get_discussions_by_created (*discussion_query: dict*)
get_discussions_by_feed (*discussion_query: dict*)
get_discussions_by_hot (*discussion_query: dict*)
get_discussions_by_payout (*discussion_query: dict*)
get_discussions_by_promoted (*discussion_query: dict*)
get_discussions_by_trending (*discussion_query: dict*)
get_discussions_by_votes (*discussion_query: dict*)
get_dynamic_global_properties ()
get_escrow (*from_account: str, escrow_id: int*)
get_expiring_vesting_delegations (*account: str, start: steembase.types.PointInTime, limit: int*)
get_feed (*account: str, entry_id: int, limit: int*)
get_feed_entries (*account: str, entry_id: int, limit: int*)
get_feed_history ()
 Get the hourly averages of witness reported STEEM/SBD prices.

```

{
  'current_median_history': {
    'base': '0.093 SBD',
    'quote': '1.010 STEEM'
  },
  'id': 0,
  'price_history': [
    {
      'base': '0.092 SBD',
      'quote': '1.010 STEEM'
    },
    {
      'base': '0.093 SBD',
      'quote': '1.020 STEEM'
    },
    {
      'base': '0.093 SBD',
      'quote': '1.010 STEEM'
    },
    {
      'base': '0.094 SBD',
      'quote': '1.020 STEEM'
    },
    {
      'base': '0.093 SBD',
      'quote': '1.010 STEEM'
    }
  ]
}

```

get_follow_count (*account: str*)
get_followers (*account: str, start_follower: str, follow_type: str, limit: int*)
get_following (*account: str, start_follower: str, follow_type: str, limit: int*)
get_hardfork_version ()
 Get the current version of the chain.

Note: This is not the same as latest minor version.

get_key_references (*public_keys: typing.List[str]*)
get_liquidity_queue (*start_account: str, limit: int*)
 Get the liquidity queue.

Warning: This feature is currently not in use, and might be deprecated in the future.

get_market_history (*bucket_seconds: int, start: steembase.types.PointInTime, end: steembase.types.PointInTime*)
 Returns the market history for the internal SBD:STEEM market.
get_market_history_buckets ()
 Returns the bucket seconds being tracked by the plugin.

`get_next_scheduled_hardfork()`

`get_open_orders(account: str)`

`get_ops_in_block(block_num: int, virtual_only: bool)`

`get_order_book(limit: int)`

Get the internal market order book.

This method will return both bids and asks.

Parameters `limit` (*int*) – How many levels deep into the book to show.

Returns Order book.

Return type dict

Example

```
s.get_order_book(2)
```

Outputs:

```
{'asks': [{'created': '2017-03-06T21:29:54',
  'order_price': {'base': '513.571 STEEM', 'quote': '50.000 SBD'},
  'real_price': '0.09735752213423265',
  'sbd': 50000,
  'steem': 513571},
 {'created': '2017-03-06T21:01:39',
  'order_price': {'base': '63.288 STEEM', 'quote': '6.204 SBD'},
  'real_price': '0.09802806219188472',
  'sbd': 6204,
  'steem': 63288}],
 'bids': [{'created': '2017-03-06T21:29:51',
  'order_price': {'base': '50.000 SBD', 'quote': '516.503 STEEM'},
  'real_price': '0.09680485882947436',
  'sbd': 50000,
  'steem': 516503},
 {'created': '2017-03-06T17:30:24',
  'order_price': {'base': '36.385 SBD', 'quote': '379.608 STEEM'},
  'real_price': '0.09584887568228277',
  'sbd': 36385,
  'steem': 379608}]}
```

`get_owner_history(account: str)`

`get_post_discussions_by_payout(discussion_query: dict)`

`get_posts(limit=10, sort='hot', category=None, start=None)`

Get multiple posts in an array.

Parameters

- **limit** (*int*) – Limit the list of posts by limit
- **sort** (*str*) – Sort the list by “recent” or “payout”
- **category** (*str*) – Only show posts in this category
- **start** (*str*) – Show posts after this post. Takes an identifier of the form @author/permlink

get_potential_signatures (*signed_transaction: steembase.transactions.SignedTransaction*)

get_promoted ()

Get promoted posts

get_reblogged_by (*author: str, permalink: str*)

get_recent_trades (*limit: int*) → typing.List[typing.Any]

Returns the N most recent trades for the internal SBD:STEEM market.

get_recovery_request (*account: str*)

get_replies (*author, skip_own=True*)

Get replies for an author

Parameters

- **author** (*str*) – Show replies for this author
- **skip_own** (*bool*) – Do not show my own replies

get_replies_by_last_update (*account: str, start_permalink: str, limit: int*)

get_required_signatures (*signed_transaction: steembase.transactions.SignedTransaction, available_keys: list*)

get_reward_fund (*fund_name: str = 'post'*)

Get details for a reward fund.

Right now the only pool available is 'post'.

Example

```
s.get_reward_fund('post')
```

```
{'content_constant': '2000000000000',
 'id': 0,
 'last_update': '2017-04-09T19:18:57',
 'name': 'post',
 'percent_content_rewards': 10000,
 'percent_curation_rewards': 2500,
 'recent_claims': '10971122501158586840771928156084',
 'reward_balance': '555660.895 STEEM'}
```

get_savings_withdraw_from (*account: str*)

get_savings_withdraw_to (*account: str*)

get_state (*path: str*)

get_tags_used_by_author (*account: str*)

get_ticker ()

Returns the market ticker for the internal SBD:STEEM market.

get_trade_history (*start: steembase.types.PointInTime, end: steembase.types.PointInTime, limit: int*)

Returns the trade history for the internal SBD:STEEM market.

get_transaction (*transaction_id: str*)

get_transaction_hex (*signed_transaction: steembase.transactions.SignedTransaction*)

get_trending_tags (*after_tag: str, limit: int*)

get_version()
Get steemd version of the node currently connected to.

get_vesting_delegations (*account: str, from_account: str, limit: int*)

get_volume()
Returns the market volume for the past 24 hours.

get_withdraw_routes (*account: str, withdraw_route_type: str*)

get_witness_by_account (*account: str*)

get_witness_count()

get_witness_schedule()

get_witnesses (*witness_ids: list*)

get_witnesses_by_vote (*from_account: str, limit: int*)

head_block_number
Newest block number.

last_irreversible_block_num
Newest irreversible block number.

login (*username: str, password: str*)

lookup_account_names (*account_names: list*)

lookup_accounts (*after: typing.Union[str, int], limit: int*) → typing.List[str]
Get a list of usernames from all registered accounts.

Parameters

- **after** (*str, int*) – Username to start with. If ‘’, 0 or -1, it will start at beginning.
- **limit** (*int*) – How many results to return.

Returns List of usernames in requested chunk.

Return type list

lookup_witness_accounts (*from_account: str, limit: int*)

set_max_block_age (*max_block_age: int*)

stream_comments (**args, **kwargs*)
Generator that yields posts when they come in
To be used in a for loop that returns an instance of *Post()*.

verify_account_authority (*account: str, keys: list*)

verify_authority (*signed_transaction: steembase.transactions.SignedTransaction*)

3.1.4 Setting Custom Nodes

There are 3 ways in which you can set custom steemd nodes to use with steem-python.

1. Global, permanent override: You can use `steempy set nodes` command to set one or more node URLs. The nodes need to be separated with comma (,) and shall contain no whitespaces.

```

~ % steempy config
+-----+
| Key          | Value |
+-----+
| default_vote_weight | 100   |
| default_account  | furion |
+-----+
~ % steempy set nodes https://gtg.steem.house:8090/
~ % steempy config
+-----+
| Key          | Value |
+-----+
| default_account  | furion |
| default_vote_weight | 100   |
| nodes          | https://gtg.steem.house:8090/ |
+-----+
~ % steempy set nodes https://gtg.steem.house:8090/,https://api.steemit.com
~ % steempy config
+-----+
↪ | Key          | Value |
↪ |              |       |
+-----+
↪ | nodes          | https://gtg.steem.house:8090/,https://api.steemit.
↪ | com          |       |
↪ | default_vote_weight | 100   |
↪ |              |       |
↪ | default_account  | furion |
↪ |              |       |
+-----+
↪ |              |       |
~ %

```

To reset this config run `steempy set nodes ''`.

2. For Current Python Process: You can override default *Steemd* instance for current Python process, by overriding the *instance* singleton. You should execute the following code when your program starts, and from there on out, all classes (Blockchain, Account, Post, etc) will use this as their default instance.

```

from steem.steemd import Steemd
from steem.instance import set_shared_steemd_instance

steemd_nodes = [
    'https://gtg.steem.house:8090',
    'https://api.steemit.com',
]
set_shared_steemd_instance(Steemd(nodes=steemd_nodes))

```

3. For Specific Class Instance: Every class that depends on steemd comes with a `steemd_instance` argument. You can override said steemd instance, for any class you're initializing (and its children).

This is useful when you want to contain a modified steemd instance to an explicit piece of code (ie. for testing).

```

from steem.steemd import Steemd
from steem.account import Account
from steem.Blockchain import Blockchain

```

```
steemd_nodes = [
    'https://gtg.steem.house:8090',
    'https://api.steemit.com',
]
custom_instance = Steemd(nodes=steemd_nodes)

account = Account('furion', steemd_instance=custom_instance)
blockchain = Blockchain('head', steemd_instance=custom_instance)
```

3.2 Transactions and Accounts

3.2.1 Commit

The Commit class contains helper methods for *posting*, *voting*, *transferring funds*, *updating witnesses* and more. You don't have to use this class directly, all of its methods are accessible through main Steem class.

```
# accessing commit methods through Steem
s = Steem()
s.commit.transfer(...)

# is same as
c = Commit(steem=Steem())
c.transfer(..)
```

class steem.steem.Commit (steemd_instance=None, no_broadcast=False, **kwargs)

Commit things to the Steem network.

This class contains helper methods to construct, sign and broadcast common transactions, such as posting, voting, sending funds, etc.

Parameters

- **steemd** (Steemd) – Steemd node to connect to*
- **offline** (bool) – Do **not** broadcast transactions! (optional)
- **debug** (bool) – Enable Debugging (optional)
- **keys** (list, dict, string) – Predefine the wif keys to shortcut the wallet database

Three wallet operation modes are possible:

- **Wallet Database:** Here, the steemlibs load the keys from the locally stored wallet SQLite database (see `storage.py`). To use this mode, simply call `Steem()` without the `keys` parameter
- **Providing Keys:** Here, you can provide the keys for your accounts manually. All you need to do is add the wif keys for the accounts you want to use as a simple array using the `keys` parameter to `Steem()`.
- **Force keys:** This more is for advanced users and requires that you know what you are doing. Here, the `keys` parameter is a dictionary that overwrite the `active`, `owner`, `posting` or `memo` keys for any account. This mode is only used for *foreign* signatures!

allow (foreign, weight=None, permission='posting', account=None, threshold=None)

Give additional access to an account by some other public key or account.

Parameters

- **foreign** (str) – The foreign account that will obtain access

- **weight** (*int*) – (optional) The weight to use. If not define, the threshold will be used. If the weight is smaller than the threshold, additional signatures will be required. (defaults to threshold)
- **permission** (*str*) – (optional) The actual permission to modify (defaults to `posting`)
- **account** (*str*) – (optional) the account to allow access to (defaults to `default_account`)
- **threshold** (*int*) – The threshold that needs to be reached by signatures to be able to interact

approve_witness (*witness, account=None, approve=True*)

Vote for a witness. This method adds a witness to your set of approved witnesses. To remove witnesses see `disapprove_witness`.

Parameters

- **witness** (*str*) – witness to approve
- **account** (*str*) – (optional) the account to allow access to (defaults to `default_account`)

broadcast (*signed_trx*)

Broadcast a transaction to the Steem network

Parameters **signed_trx** (*tx*) – Signed transaction to broadcast

claim_reward_balance (*reward_steem='0 STEEM', reward_sbd='0 SBD', reward_vests='0 VESTS', account=None*)

Claim reward balances.

By default, this will claim all outstanding balances. To bypass this behaviour, set desired claim amount by setting any of `reward_steem`, `reward_sbd` or `reward_vests`.

Parameters

- **reward_steem** (*string*) – Amount of STEEM you would like to claim.
- **reward_sbd** (*string*) – Amount of SBD you would like to claim.
- **reward_vests** (*string*) – Amount of VESTS you would like to claim.
- **account** (*string*) – The source account for the claim if not `default_account` is used.

comment_options (*identifier, options, account=None*)

Set the comment options

Parameters

- **identifier** (*str*) – Post identifier
- **options** (*dict*) – The options to define.
- **account** (*str*) – (optional) the account to allow access to (defaults to `default_account`)

For the options, you have these defaults::

```
{
  "author": "",
  "permlink": "",
  "max_accepted_payout": "1000000.000 SBD",
  "percent_steem_dollars": 10000,
  "allow_votes": True,
```

```
"allow_curation_rewards": True,
}
```

convert (*amount*, *account=None*, *request_id=None*)
Convert SteemDollars to Steem (takes one week to settle)

Parameters

- **amount** (*float*) – number of VESTS to withdraw over a period of 104 weeks
- **account** (*str*) – (optional) the source account for the transfer if not `default_account`
- **request_id** (*str*) – (optional) identifier for tracking the conversion

create_account (*account_name*, *json_meta=None*, *password=None*, *owner_key=None*,
active_key=None, *posting_key=None*, *memo_key=None*, *additional_owner_keys=[]*,
additional_active_keys=[], *additional_posting_keys=[]*,
additional_owner_accounts=[], *additional_active_accounts=[]*,
additional_posting_accounts=[], *store_keys=True*, *store_owner_key=False*,
delegation_fee_steem='0 STEEM', *creator=None*)

Create new account in Steem

The brainkey/password can be used to recover all generated keys (see `steembase.account` for more details).

By default, this call will use `default_account` to register a new name `account_name` with all keys being derived from a new brain key that will be returned. The corresponding keys will automatically be installed in the wallet.

Note: Account creations cost a fee that is defined by the network. If you create an account, you will need to pay for that fee!

You can partially pay that fee by delegating VESTS.

To pay the fee in full in STEEM, leave `delegation_fee_steem` set to `0 STEEM` (Default).

To pay the fee partially in STEEM, partially with delegated VESTS, set `delegation_fee_steem` to a value greater than `1 STEEM`. *Required VESTS will be calculated automatically.*

To pay the fee with maximum amount of delegation, set `delegation_fee_steem` to `1 STEEM`. *Required VESTS will be calculated automatically.*

Warning: Don't call this method unless you know what you are doing! Be sure to understand what this method does and where to find the private keys for your account.

Note: Please note that this imports private keys (if password is present) into the wallet by default. However, it **does not import the owner key** unless `store_owner_key` is set to `True` (default `False`). Do NOT expect to be able to recover it from the wallet if you lose your password!

Parameters

- **account_name** (*str*) – (**required**) new account name
- **json_meta** (*str*) – Optional meta data for the account
- **owner_key** (*str*) – Main owner key

- **active_key** (*str*) – Main active key
- **posting_key** (*str*) – Main posting key
- **memo_key** (*str*) – Main memo_key
- **password** (*str*) – Alternatively to providing keys, one can provide a password from which the keys will be derived
- **additional_owner_keys** (*list*) – Additional owner public keys
- **additional_active_keys** (*list*) – Additional active public keys
- **additional_posting_keys** (*list*) – Additional posting public keys
- **additional_owner_accounts** (*list*) – Additional owner account names
- **additional_active_accounts** (*list*) – Additional active account names
- **additional_posting_accounts** (*list*) – Additional posting account names
- **store_keys** (*bool*) – Store new keys in the wallet (default: True)
- **store_owner_key** (*bool*) – Store owner key in the wallet (default: False)
- **delegation_fee_steem** (*str*) – (Optional) If set, *creator* pay a fee of this amount, and delegate the rest with VESTS (calculated automatically). Minimum: 1 STEEM. If left to 0 (Default), full fee is paid without VESTS delegation.
- **creator** (*str*) – which account should pay the registration fee (defaults to `default_account`)

Raises AccountExistsException – if the account already exists on the blockchain

custom_json (*id*, *json*, *required_auths=[]*, *required_posting_auths=[]*)

Create a custom json operation

Parameters

- **id** (*str*) – identifier for the custom json (max length 32 bytes)
- **json** (*json*) – the json data to put into the custom_json operation
- **required_auths** (*list*) – (optional) required auths
- **required_posting_auths** (*list*) – (optional) posting auths

decode_memo (*enc_memo*)

Try to decode an encrypted memo

delegate_vesting_shares (*to_account: str*, *vesting_shares: str*, *account=None*)

Delegate SP to another account.

Parameters

- **to_account** (*string*) – Account we are delegating shares to (delegatee).
- **vesting_shares** (*string*) – Amount of VESTS to delegate eg. *10000 VESTS*.
- **account** (*string*) – The source account (delegator). If not specified, `default_account` is used.

disallow (*foreign*, *permission='posting'*, *account=None*, *threshold=None*)

Remove additional access to an account by some other public key or account.

Parameters

- **foreign** (*str*) – The foreign account that will obtain access

- **permission** (*str*) – (optional) The actual permission to modify (defaults to `posting`)
- **account** (*str*) – (optional) the account to allow access to (defaults to `default_account`)
- **threshold** (*int*) – The threshold that needs to be reached by signatures to be able to interact

disapprove_witness (*witness, account=None*)

Remove vote for a witness. This method removes a witness from your set of approved witnesses. To add witnesses see `approve_witness`.

Parameters

- **witness** (*str*) – witness to approve
- **account** (*str*) – (optional) the account to allow access to (defaults to `default_account`)

finalizeOp (*ops, account, permission*)

This method obtains the required private keys if present in the wallet, finalizes the transaction, signs it and broadcasts it

Parameters

- **ops** (*operation*) – The operation (or list of operations) to broadcast
- **account** (*operation*) – The account that authorizes the operation
- **permission** (*string*) – The required permission for signing (active, owner, posting)

... note:

If ``ops`` is a list of operation, they all need to be signable by the same key! Thus, you cannot combine ops that require active permission with ops that require posting permission. Neither can you use different accounts for different operations!

follow (*follow, what=['blog'], account=None*)

Follow another account's blog

Parameters

- **follow** (*str*) – Follow this account
- **what** (*list*) – List of states to follow (defaults to `['blog']`)
- **account** (*str*) – (optional) the account to allow access to (defaults to `default_account`)

interest (*account*)

Calculate interest for an account

Parameters **account** (*str*) – Account name to get interest for

post (*title, body, author, permalink=None, reply_identifier=None, json_metadata=None, comment_options=None, community=None, tags=None, beneficiaries=None, self_vote=False*)

Create a new post.

If this post is intended as a reply/comment, `reply_identifier` needs to be set with the identifier of the parent post/comment (eg. `@author/permlink`).

Optionally you can also set `json_metadata`, `comment_options` and upvote the newly created post as an author.

Setting category, tags or community will override the values provided in `json_metadata` and/or `comment_options` where appropriate.

Parameters

- **title** (*str*) – Title of the post
- **body** (*str*) – Body of the post/comment
- **author** (*str*) – Account are you posting from
- **permlink** (*str*) – Manually set the permlink (defaults to None). If left empty, it will be derived from title automatically.
- **reply_identifier** (*str*) – Identifier of the parent post/comment (only if this post is a reply/comment).
- **json_metadata** (*str, dict*) – JSON meta object that can be attached to the post.
- **comment_options** (*str, dict*) – JSON options object that can be attached to the post. Example:

```
comment_options = {
    'max_accepted_payout': '1000000.000 SBD',
    'percent_steem_dollars': 10000,
    'allow_votes': True,
    'allow_curation_rewards': True,
    'extensions': [[0, {
        'beneficiaries': [
            {'account': 'account1', 'weight': 5000},
            {'account': 'account2', 'weight': 5000},
        ]
    }]]
}
```

- **community** (*str*) – (Optional) Name of the community we are posting into. This will also override the community specified in `json_metadata`.
- **tags** (*str, list*) – (Optional) A list of tags (5 max) to go with the post. This will also override the tags specified in `json_metadata`. The first tag will be used as a ‘category’. If provided as a string, it should be space separated.
- **beneficiaries** (*list of dicts*) – (Optional) A list of beneficiaries for posting reward distribution. This argument overrides beneficiaries as specified in `comment_options`.

For example, if we would like to split rewards between `account1` and `account2`:

```
beneficiaries = [
    {'account': 'account1', 'weight': 5000},
    {'account': 'account2', 'weight': 5000}
]
```

- **self_vote** (*bool*) – (Optional) Upvote the post as author, right after posting.

resteen (*identifier, account=None*)

Resteen a post

Parameters

- **identifier** (*str*) – post identifier (@<account>/<permlink>)

- **account** (*str*) – (optional) the account to allow access to (defaults to `default_account`)

set_withdraw_vesting_route (*to, percentage=100, account=None, auto_vest=False*)

Set up a vesting withdraw route. When vesting shares are withdrawn, they will be routed to these accounts based on the specified weights.

Parameters

- **to** (*str*) – Recipient of the vesting withdrawal
- **percentage** (*float*) – The percent of the withdraw to go to the ‘to’ account.
- **account** (*str*) – (optional) the vesting account
- **auto_vest** (*bool*) – Set to true if the from account should receive the VESTS as VESTS, or false if it should receive them as STEEM. (defaults to `False`)

sign (*unsigned_trx, wifs=[]*)

Sign a provided transaction with the provided key(s)

Parameters

- **unsigned_trx** (*dict*) – The transaction to be signed and returned
- **wifs** (*string*) – One or many wif keys to use for signing a transaction. If not present, the keys will be loaded from the wallet as defined in “missing_signatures” key of the transactions.

transfer (*to, amount, asset, memo=”, account=None*)

Transfer SBD or STEEM to another account.

Parameters

- **to** (*str*) – Recipient
- **amount** (*float*) – Amount to transfer
- **asset** (*str*) – Asset to transfer (SBD or STEEM)
- **memo** (*str*) – (optional) Memo, may begin with # for encrypted messaging
- **account** (*str*) – (optional) the source account for the transfer if not `default_account`

transfer_from_savings (*amount, asset, memo, request_id=None, to=None, account=None*)

Withdraw SBD or STEEM from ‘savings’ account.

Parameters

- **amount** (*float*) – STEEM or SBD amount
- **asset** (*float*) – ‘STEEM’ or ‘SBD’
- **memo** (*str*) – (optional) Memo
- **request_id** (*str*) – (optional) identifier for tracking or cancelling the withdrawal
- **to** (*str*) – (optional) the source account for the transfer if not `default_account`
- **account** (*str*) – (optional) the source account for the transfer if not `default_account`

transfer_from_savings_cancel (*request_id, account=None*)

Cancel a withdrawal from ‘savings’ account.

Parameters

- **request_id** (*str*) – Identifier for tracking or cancelling the withdrawal
- **account** (*str*) – (optional) the source account for the transfer if not `default_account`

transfer_to_savings (*amount, asset, memo, to=None, account=None*)

Transfer SBD or STEEM into a ‘savings’ account.

Parameters

- **amount** (*float*) – STEEM or SBD amount
- **asset** (*float*) – ‘STEEM’ or ‘SBD’
- **memo** (*str*) – (optional) Memo
- **to** (*str*) – (optional) the source account for the transfer if not `default_account`
- **account** (*str*) – (optional) the source account for the transfer if not `default_account`

transfer_to_vesting (*amount, to=None, account=None*)

Vest STEEM

Parameters

- **amount** (*float*) – number of STEEM to vest
- **to** (*str*) – (optional) the source account for the transfer if not `default_account`
- **account** (*str*) – (optional) the source account for the transfer if not `default_account`

unfollow (*unfollow, what=['blog'], account=None*)

Unfollow another account’s blog

Parameters

- **unfollow** (*str*) – Follow this account
- **what** (*list*) – List of states to follow (defaults to `['blog']`)
- **account** (*str*) – (optional) the account to allow access to (defaults to `default_account`)

update_account_profile (*profile, account=None*)

Update an account’s meta data (`json_meta`)

Parameters

- **json** (*dict*) – The meta data to use (i.e. use `Profile()` from `account.py`)
- **account** (*str*) – (optional) the account to allow access to (defaults to `default_account`)

update_memo_key (*key, account=None*)

Update an account’s memo public key

This method does **not** add any private keys to your wallet but merely changes the memo public key.

Parameters

- **key** (*str*) – New memo public key
- **account** (*str*) – (optional) the account to allow access to (defaults to `default_account`)

vote (*identifier, weight, account=None*)

Vote for a post

Parameters

- **identifier** (*str*) – Identifier for the post to upvote Takes the form @author/permlink
- **weight** (*float*) – Voting weight. Range: -100.0 - +100.0. May not be 0.0
- **account** (*str*) – Voter to use for voting. (Optional)

If `voter` is not defines, the `default_account` will be taken or a `ValueError` will be raised

```
steempy set default_account <account>
```

withdraw_vesting (*amount, account=None*)

Withdraw VESTS from the vesting account.

Parameters

- **amount** (*float*) – number of VESTS to withdraw over a period of 104 weeks
- **account** (*str*) – (optional) the source account for the transfer if not `default_account`

witness_feed_publish (*steem_usd_price, quote='1.000', account=None*)

Publish a feed price as a witness.

Parameters

- **steem_usd_price** (*float*) – Price of STEEM in USD (implied price)
- **quote** (*float*) – (optional) Quote Price. Should be 1.000, unless we are adjusting the feed to support the peg.
- **account** (*str*) – (optional) the source account for the transfer if not `default_account`

witness_update (*signing_key, url, props, account=None*)

Update witness

Parameters

- **signing_key** (*pubkey*) – Signing key
- **url** (*str*) – URL
- **props** (*dict*) – Properties
- **account** (*str*) – (optional) witness account name

Properties::

```
{
    "account_creation_fee": x,
    "maximum_block_size": x,
    "sbd_interest_rate": x,
}
```

3.2.2 TransactionBuilder

```
class steem.transactionbuilder.TransactionBuilder (tx=None, steemd_instance=None,  
wallet_instance=None,  
no_broadcast=False, expiration=60)
```

This class simplifies the creation of transactions by adding operations and signers.

addSigningInformation (*account, permission*)

This is a private method that adds side information to a unsigned/partial transaction in order to simplify later signing (e.g. for multisig or coldstorage)

broadcast ()

Broadcast a transaction to the Steem network

Parameters **tx** (*tx*) – Signed transaction to broadcast

sign ()

Sign a provided transaction with the provided key(s)

Parameters

- **tx** (*dict*) – The transaction to be signed and returned
- **wifs** (*string*) – One or many wif keys to use for signing a transaction. If not present, the keys will be loaded from the wallet as defined in “missing_signatures” key of the transactions.

3.2.3 Wallet

Wallet is a low-level utility. It could be used to create 3rd party cli and GUI wallets on top of steem-python’s infrastructure.

```
class steem.wallet.Wallet (steemd_instance=None, **kwargs)
```

The wallet is meant to maintain access to private keys for your accounts. It either uses manually provided private keys or uses a SQLite database managed by storage.py.

Parameters

- **rpc** (*Steem*) – RPC connection to a Steem node
- **keys** (*array, dict, string*) – Predefine the wif keys to shortcut the wallet database

Three wallet operation modes are possible:

- **Wallet Database:** Here, steemlibs loads the keys from the locally stored wallet SQLite database (see `storage.py`). To use this mode, simply call `Steem()` without the `keys` parameter
- **Providing Keys:** Here, you can provide the keys for your accounts manually. All you need to do is add the wif keys for the accounts you want to use as a simple array using the `keys` parameter to `Steem()`.
- **Force keys:** This mode is for advanced users and requires that you know what you are doing. Here, the `keys` parameter is a dictionary that overwrites the `active`, `owner`, `posting` or `memo` keys for any account. This mode is only used for *foreign* signatures!

addPrivateKey (*wif*)

Add a private key to the wallet database

changePassphrase ()

Change the passphrase for the wallet database

created ()
Do we have a wallet database already?

decrypt_wif (*encwif*)
decrypt a wif key

encrypt_wif (*wif*)
Encrypt a wif key

getAccount (*pub*)
Get the account data for a public key

getAccountFromPrivateKey (*wif*)
Obtain account name from private key

getAccountFromPublicKey (*pub*)
Obtain account name from public key

getAccounts ()
Return all accounts installed in the wallet database

getAccountsWithPermissions ()
Return a dictionary for all installed accounts with their corresponding installed permissions

getActiveKeyForAccount (*name*)
Obtain owner Active Key for an account from the wallet database

getKeyType (*account, pub*)
Get key type

getMemoKeyForAccount (*name*)
Obtain owner Memo Key for an account from the wallet database

getOwnerKeyForAccount (*name*)
Obtain owner Private Key for an account from the wallet database

getPassword (*confirm=False, text='Passphrase: '*)
Obtain a password from the user

getPostingKeyForAccount (*name*)
Obtain owner Posting Key for an account from the wallet database

getPrivateKeyForPublicKey (*pub*)
Obtain the private key for a given public key

Parameters *pub* (*str*) – Public Key

getPublicKeys ()
Return all installed public keys

lock ()
Lock the wallet database

locked ()
Is the wallet database locked?

newWallet ()
Create a new wallet database

removeAccount (*account*)
Remove all keys associated with a given account

removePrivateKeyFromPublicKey (*pub*)
Remove a key from the wallet database

setKeys (*loadkeys*)

This method is strictly only for in memory keys that are passed to Wallet/Steem with the `keys` argument

unlock (*pwd=None*)

Unlock the wallet database

3.3 Tools

steem-python comes with batteries included.

This page lists a collection of convenient tools at your disposal.

3.3.1 Account

class `steem.account.Account` (*account_name, steemd_instance=None*)

This class allows to easily access Account data

Parameters

- **account_name** (*str*) – Name of the account
- **steemd_instance** (`Steemd`) – Steemd() instance to use when accessing a RPC

export (*load_extras=True*)

Strip Python specific data-types and return a dictionary that can be safely stored as JSON or database entry.

Args: `load_extras`: Fetch extra information related to the account.

get_account_history (*index, limit, start=None, stop=None, order=-1, filter_by=None, raw_output=False*)

A generator over `steemd.get_account_history`.

It offers serialization, filtering and fine grained iteration control.

Parameters

- **index** (*int*) – start index for `get_account_history`
- **limit** (*int*) – How many items are we interested in.
- **start** (*int*) – (Optional) skip items until this index
- **stop** (*int*) – (Optional) stop iteration early at this index
- **order** – (1, -1): 1 for chronological, -1 for reverse order
- **filter_by** (*str, list*) – filter out all but these operations
- **raw_output** (*bool*) – (Defaults to False). If True, return history in steemd format (unchanged).

history (*filter_by=None, start=0, batch_size=1000, raw_output=False*)

Stream account history in chronological order.

history_reverse (*filter_by=None, batch_size=1000, raw_output=False*)

Stream account history in reverse chronological order.

3.3.2 Amount

class `steem.amount.Amount` (*amount_string='0 SBD'*)

This class helps deal and calculate with the different assets on the chain.

Parameters `amountString` (*str*) – Amount string as used by the backend (e.g. “10 SBD”)

3.3.3 Blockchain

class `steem.blockchain.Blockchain` (*steemd_instance=None, mode='irreversible'*)

Access the blockchain and read data from it.

Parameters

- **steemd_instance** (*Steemd*) – Steemd() instance to use when accessing a RPC
- **mode** (*str*) – *irreversible* or *head*. *irreversible* is default.

get_all_usernames (**args, **kwargs*)

Fetch the full list of STEEM usernames.

get_current_block ()

This call returns the current block

get_current_block_num ()

This call returns the current block

static hash_op (*event: dict*)

This method generates a hash of blockchain operation.

history (*filter_by: typing.Union[str, list] = [], start_block=1, end_block=None, raw_output=False, **kwargs*)

Yield a stream of historic operations.

Similar to `Blockchain.stream()`, but starts at beginning of chain unless `start_block` is set.

Parameters

- **filter_by** (*str, list*) – List of operations to filter for
- **start_block** (*int*) – Block to start with. If not provided, start of blockchain is used (block 1).
- **end_block** (*int*) – Stop iterating at this block. If not provided, this generator will run forever.
- **raw_output** (*bool*) – (Defaults to False). If True, return ops in a unmodified steemd structure.

info ()

This call returns the *dynamic global properties*

stream (*filter_by: typing.Union[str, list] = [], *args, **kwargs*)

Yield a stream of operations, starting with current head block.

Parameters `filter_by` (*str, list*) – List of operations to filter for

stream_from (*start_block=None, end_block=None, batch_operations=False, full_blocks=False, **kwargs*)

This call yields raw blocks or operations depending on `full_blocks` param.

By default, this generator will yield operations, one by one. You can choose to yield lists of operations, batched to contain all operations for each block with `batch_operations=True`. You can also yield full blocks instead, with `full_blocks=True`.

Parameters

- **start_block** (*int*) – Block to start with. If not provided, current (head) block is used.
- **end_block** (*int*) – Stop iterating at this block. If not provided, this generator will run forever (streaming mode).
- **batch_operations** (*bool*) – (Defaults to False) Rather than yielding operations one by one, yield a list of all operations for each block.
- **full_blocks** (*bool*) – (Defaults to False) Rather than yielding operations, return raw, unedited blocks as provided by steemd. This mode will NOT include virtual operations.

3.3.4 Blog

class `steem.blog.Blog` (*account_name: str, comments_only=False, steemd_instance=None*)

Obtain a list of blog posts for an account

Parameters

- **account_name** (*str*) – Name of the account
- **comments_only** (*bool*) – (Default False). Toggle between posts and comments.
- **steemd_instance** (`Steemd`) – Steemd instance overload

Returns Generator with Post objects in reverse chronological order.

Example

To get all posts, you can use either generator:

```
gen1 = Blog('furion')
gen2 = b.all()

next(gen1)
next(gen2)
```

To get some posts, you can call `take()`:

```
b = Blog('furion')
posts = b.take(5)
```

all ()

A generator that will return ALL of account history.

take (*limit=5*)

Take up to n (n = limit) posts/comments at a time.

You can call this method as many times as you want. Once there are no more posts to take, it will return [].

Returns List of posts/comments in a batch of size up to *limit*.

3.3.5 Converter

class `steem.converter.Converter` (*steemd_instance=None*)

Converter simplifies the handling of different metrics of the blockchain

Parameters `steemd_instance` (`Steemd`) – Steemd() instance to use when accessing a RPC

rshares_2_weight (*rshares*)

Obtain weight from rshares

Parameters `rshares` (*number*) – R-Shares

sbd_median_price ()

Obtain the sbd price as derived from the median over all witness feeds. Return value will be SBD

sbd_to_rshares (*sbd_payout*)

Obtain r-shares from SBD

Parameters `sbd_payout` (*number*) – Amount of SBD

sbd_to_steem (*amount_sbd*)

Conversion Ratio for given amount of SBD to STEEM at current price feed

Parameters `amount_sbd` (*number*) – Amount of SBD

sp_to_rshares (*sp*, *voting_power=10000*, *vote_pct=10000*)

Obtain the r-shares

Parameters

- `sp` (*number*) – Steem Power
- `voting_power` (*int*) – voting power (100% = 10000)
- `vote_pct` (*int*) – voting participation (100% = 10000)

sp_to_vests (*sp*)

Obtain VESTS (not MVESTS!) from SP

Parameters `sp` (*number*) – SP to convert

steem_per_mvests ()

Obtain STEEM/MVESTS ratio

steem_to_sbd (*amount_steem*)

Conversion Ratio for given amount of STEEM to SBD at current price feed

Parameters `amount_steem` (*number*) – Amount of STEEM

vests_to_sp (*vests*)

Obtain SP from VESTS (not MVESTS!)

Parameters `vests` (*number*) – Vests to convert to SP

3.3.6 Dex

class `steem.dex.Dex` (*steemd_instance=None*)

This class allows to access calls specific for the internal exchange of STEEM.

Parameters `steemd_instance` (`Steemd`) – Steemd() instance to use when accessing a RPC

buy (*amount*, *quote_symbol*, *rate*, *expiration=604800*, *killfill=False*, *account=None*, *order_id=None*)
 Places a buy order in a given market (buy quote, sell base in market quote_base). If successful, the method will return the order creating (signed) transaction.

Parameters

- **amount** (*number*) – Amount of quote to buy
- **quote_symbol** (*str*) – STEEM, or SBD
- **price** (*float*) – price denoted in base/quote
- **expiration** (*number*) – (optional) expiration time of the order in seconds (defaults to 7 days)
- **killfill** (*bool*) – flag that indicates if the order shall be killed if it is not filled (defaults to False)
- **account** (*str*) – (optional) the source account for the transfer if not default_account
- **order_id** (*int*) – (optional) a 32bit orderid for tracking of the created order (random by default)

Prices/Rates are denoted in 'base', i.e. the STEEM:SBD market is priced in SBD per STEEM.

cancel (*orderid*, *account=None*)

Cancels an order you have placed in a given market.

Parameters

- **orderid** (*int*) – the 32bit orderid
- **account** (*str*) – (optional) the source account for the transfer if not default_account

get_ticker ()

Returns the ticker for all markets.

Output Parameters:

- latest: Price of the order last filled
- lowest_ask: Price of the lowest ask
- highest_bid: Price of the highest bid
- sbd_volume: Volume of SBD
- steem_volume: Volume of STEEM
- percent_change: 24h change percentage (in %)

Note: Market is STEEM:SBD and prices are SBD per STEEM!

Sample Output:

```
{'highest_bid': 0.30100226633322913,
 'latest': 0.0,
 'lowest_ask': 0.3249636958897082,
 'percent_change': 0.0,
 'sbd_volume': 108329611.0,
 'steem_volume': 355094043.0}
```

market_history (*bucket_seconds=300, start_age=3600, end_age=0*)

Return the market history (filled orders).

Parameters

- **bucket_seconds** (*int*) – Bucket size in seconds (see *returnMarketHistoryBuckets()*)
- **start_age** (*int*) – Age (in seconds) of the start of the window (default: 1h/3600)
- **end_age** (*int*) – Age (in seconds) of the end of the window (default: now/0)

Example:

```
{'close_sbd': 2493387,  
'close_steem': 7743431,  
'high_sbd': 1943872,  
'high_steem': 5999610,  
'id': '7.1.5252',  
'low_sbd': 534928,  
'low_steem': 1661266,  
'open': '2016-07-08T11:25:00',  
'open_sbd': 534928,  
'open_steem': 1661266,  
'sbd_volume': 9714435,  
'seconds': 300,  
'steem_volume': 30088443},
```

sell (*amount, quote_symbol, rate, expiration=604800, killfill=False, account=None, orderid=None*)

Places a sell order in a given market (sell quote, buy base in market quote_base). If successful, the method will return the order creating (signed) transaction.

Parameters

- **amount** (*number*) – Amount of quote to sell
- **quote_symbol** (*str*) – STEEM, or SBD
- **price** (*float*) – price denoted in base/quote
- **expiration** (*number*) – (optional) expiration time of the order in seconds (defaults to 7 days)
- **killfill** (*bool*) – flag that indicates if the order shall be killed if it is not filled (defaults to False)
- **account** (*str*) – (optional) the source account for the transfer if not default_account
- **orderid** (*int*) – (optional) a 32bit orderid for tracking of the created order (random by default)

Prices/Rates are denoted in ‘base’, i.e. the STEEM:SBD market is priced in SBD per STEEM.

trade_history (*time=3600, limit=100*)

Returns the trade history for the internal market

Parameters

- **time** (*int*) – Show the last x seconds of trades (default 1h)
- **limit** (*int*) – amount of trades to show (<100) (default: 100)

3.3.7 Post

class `steem.post.Post` (*post*, *steemd_instance=None*)

This object gets instantiated by `Steem.streams` and is used as an abstraction layer for Comments in Steem

Parameters

- **post** (*str* or *dict*) – @author/permlink or raw comment as dictionary.
- **steemd_instance** (`Steemd`) – Steemd node to connect to

curation_reward_pct ()

If post is less than 30 minutes old, it will incur a curation reward penalty.

downvote (*weight=-100*, *voter=None*)

Downvote the post

Parameters

- **weight** (*float*) – (optional) Weight for posting (-100.0 - +100.0) defaults to -100.0
- **voter** (*str*) – (optional) Voting account

edit (*body*, *meta=None*, *replace=False*)

Edit an existing post

Parameters

- **body** (*str*) – Body of the reply
- **meta** (*json*) – JSON meta object that can be attached to the post. (optional)
- **replace** (*bool*) – Instead of calculating a *diff*, replace the post entirely (defaults to `False`)

export ()

This method returns a dictionary that is type-safe to store as JSON or in a database.

static get_all_replies (*root_post=None*, *comments=[]*, *all_comments=[]*)

Recursively fetch all the child comments, and return them as a list.

Usage: `all_comments = Post.get_all_replies(Post('@foo/bar'))`

get_replies ()

Return **first-level** comments of the post.

is_comment ()

Retuns True if post is a comment

is_main_post ()

Retuns True if main post, and False if this is a comment (reply).

static parse_identifier (*uri*)

Extract post identifier from post URL.

reply (*body*, *title=""*, *author=""*, *meta=None*)

Reply to an existing post

Parameters

- **body** (*str*) – Body of the reply
- **title** (*str*) – Title of the reply post
- **author** (*str*) – Author of reply (optional) if not provided `default_user` will be used, if present, else a `ValueError` will be raised.

- **meta** (*json*) – JSON meta object that can be attached to the post. (optional)

reward

Return a float value of estimated total SBD reward.

time_elapsed()

Return a timedelta on how old the post is.

upvote (*weight=100, voter=None*)

Upvote the post

Parameters

- **weight** (*float*) – (optional) Weight for posting (-100.0 - +100.0) defaults to +100.0
- **voter** (*str*) – (optional) Voting account

vote (*weight, voter=None*)

Vote the post

Parameters

- **weight** (*float*) – Weight for posting (-100.0 - +100.0)
 - **voter** (*str*) – Voting account
-

3.3.8 steem.utils

`steem.utils.block_num_from_hash` (*block_hash: str*) → int

return the first 4 bytes (8 hex digits) of the block ID (the `block_num`): :param `block_hash`: :type `block_hash`: str

Returns

Return type int

`steem.utils.block_num_from_previous` (*previous_block_hash: str*) → int

Parameters `previous_block_hash` (*str*) –

Returns

Return type int

`steem.utils.chunkify` (*iterable, chunksize=10000*)

Yield successive chunkized chunks from iterable.

Parameters

- **iterable** –
- **chunksize** – (Default value = 10000)

Returns:

`steem.utils.construct_identifier` (**args, username_prefix='@'*)

Create a post identifier from comment/post object or arguments.

Examples

```
construct_identifier('username', 'permlink')
construct_identifier({'author': 'username', 'permlink': 'permlink'})
```

`steem.utils.env_unlocked()`

Check if wallet password is provided as ENV variable.

`steem.utils.fmt_time(t)`

Properly Format Time for permlinks

`steem.utils.fmt_time_from_now(secs=0)`

Properly Format Time that is x seconds in the future

Parameters `secs` (*int*) – Seconds to go in the future ($x > 0$) or the past ($x < 0$)

Returns Properly formatted time for Graphene (`%Y-%m-%dT%H:%M:%S`)

Return type `str`

`steem.utils.fmt_time_string(t)`

Properly Format Time for permlinks

`steem.utils.is_comment(item)`

Quick check whether an item is a comment (reply) to another post. The item can be a Post object or just a raw comment object from the blockchain.

`steem.utils.json_expand(json_op, key_name='json')`

Convert a string json object to Python dict in an op.

`steem.utils.keep_in_dict(obj, allowed_keys=[])`

Prune a class or dictionary of all but allowed keys.

`steem.utils.parse_time(block_time)`

Take a string representation of time from the blockchain, and parse it into datetime object.

`steem.utils.remove_from_dict(obj, remove_keys=[])`

Prune a class or dictionary of specified keys.

`steem.utils.strfage(time, fmt=None)`

Format time/age

`steem.utils.strfdelta(delta, fmt)`

Format time/age

`steem.utils.time_elapsed(posting_time)`

Takes a string time from a post or blockchain event, and returns a time delta from now.

3.4 Low Level

3.4.1 HttpClient

A fast `urllib3` based HTTP client that features:

- Connection Pooling
- Concurrent Processing

- Automatic Node Failover

The functionality of `HttpClient` is encapsulated by `Steem` class. You shouldn't be using `HttpClient` directly, unless you know exactly what you're doing.

class `steembase.http_client.HttpClient` (*nodes*, ***kwargs*)
Simple Steem JSON-HTTP-RPC API

This class serves as an abstraction layer for easy use of the Steem API.

Parameters *nodes* (*list*) – A list of Steem HTTP RPC nodes to connect to.

```
from steem.http_client import HttpClient
rpc = HttpClient(['https://steemd-node1.com', 'https://steemd-node2.com'])
```

any call available to that port can be issued using the instance via the syntax `rpc.exec('command', *parameters)`.

Example:

```
rpc.exec(
    'get_followers',
    'fursion', 'abit', 'blog', 10,
    api='follow_api'
)
```

exec (*name*, **args*, *api=None*, *return_with_args=None*, *_ret_cnt=0*)
Execute a method against steemd RPC.

Warning: This command will auto-retry in case of node failure, as well as handle node fail-over, unless we are broadcasting a transaction. In latter case, the exception is **re-raised**.

static `json_rpc_body` (*name*, **args*, *api=None*, *as_json=True*, *_id=0*)
Build request body for steemd RPC requests.

Parameters

- **name** (*str*) – Name of a method we are trying to call. (ie: `get_accounts`)
- **args** – A list of arguments belonging to the calling method.
- **api** (*None*, *str*) – If `api` is provided (ie: `follow_api`), we generate a body that uses `call` method appropriately.
- **as_json** (*bool*) – Should this function return json as dictionary or string.
- **_id** (*int*) – This is an arbitrary number that can be used for request/response tracking in multi-threaded scenarios.

Returns If `as_json` is set to `True`, we get json formatted as a string. Otherwise, a Python dictionary is returned.

Return type (dict,str)

next_node ()

Switch to the next available node.

This method will change base URL of our requests. Use it when the current node goes down to change to a fallback node.

set_node (*node_url*)

Change current node to provided node URL.

3.4.2 steembase

SteemBase contains various primitives for building higher level abstractions. This module should only be used by library developers or people with deep domain knowledge.

Warning: Not all methods are documented. Please see source.

want to know more?
use the source, Luke!



Account

class `steembase.account.Address` (*address=None, pubkey=None, prefix='STM'*)
Address class

This class serves as an address representation for Public Keys.

Parameters

- **address** (*str*) – Base58 encoded address (defaults to `None`)
- **pubkey** (*str*) – Base58 encoded pubkey (defaults to `None`)
- **prefix** (*str*) – Network prefix (defaults to `GPH`)

Example:

```
Address("GPHFN9r6VYzBK8EKtMewfNbfIGCr56pHDBFi")
```

derivesha256address ()

Derive address using RIPEMD160 (SHA256 (x))

derivesha512address ()

Derive address using RIPEMD160 (SHA512 (x))

class steembase.account.**BrainKey** (*brainkey=None, sequence=0*)
Brainkey implementation similar to the graphene-ui web-wallet.

Parameters

- **brainkey** (*str*) – Brain Key
- **sequence** (*int*) – Sequence number for consecutive keys

Keys in Graphene are derived from a seed brain key which is a string of 16 words out of a predefined dictionary with 49744 words. It is a simple single-chain key derivation scheme that is not compatible with BIP44 but easy to use.

Given the brain key, a private key is derived as:

```
privkey = SHA256(SHA512(brainkey + " " + sequence))
```

Incrementing the sequence number yields a new key that can be regenerated given the brain key.

get_brainkey ()

Return brain key of this instance

get_private ()

Derive private key from the brain key and the current sequence number

next_sequence ()

Increment the sequence number by 1

normalize (*brainkey*)

Correct formatting with single whitespace syntax and no trailing space

suggest ()

Suggest a new random brain key. Randomness is provided by the operating system using `os.urandom()`.

class steembase.account.**PasswordKey** (*account, password, role='active'*)

This class derives a private key given the account name, the role and a password. It leverages the technology of Brainkeys and allows people to have a secure private key by providing a passphrase only.

get_private ()

Derive private key from the brain key and the current sequence number

class steembase.account.**PrivateKey** (*wif=None, prefix='STM'*)

Derives the compressed and uncompressed public keys and constructs two instances of `PublicKey`:

Parameters

- **wif** (*str*) – Base58check-encoded wif key
- **prefix** (*str*) – Network prefix (defaults to GPH)

Example::

```
PrivateKey("5HqUkGuo62BfcJU5vNhTXKJRXuUi9QSE6jp8C3uBJ2BVHtB8WSd")
```

Compressed vs. Uncompressed:

- `PrivateKey("w-i-f").pubkey`: Instance of `PublicKey` using compressed key.
- `PrivateKey("w-i-f").pubkey.address`: Instance of `Address` using compressed key.
- `PrivateKey("w-i-f").uncompressed`: Instance of `PublicKey` using uncompressed key.
- `PrivateKey("w-i-f").uncompressed.address`: Instance of `Address` using uncompressed key.

`compressedpubkey()`
Derive uncompressed public key

class `steembase.account.PublicKey(pk, prefix='STM')`
This class deals with Public Keys and inherits `Address`.

Parameters

- `pk` (*str*) – Base58 encoded public key
- `prefix` (*str*) – Network prefix (defaults to GPH)

Example::

```
PublicKey("GPH6UtYWWs3rkZGV8JA86qrgkG6tyFksgECefKE1MiH4HkLD8PFGL")
```

Note: By default, graphene-based networks deal with **compressed** public keys. If an **uncompressed** key is required, the method `unCompressed` can be used:

```
PublicKey("xxxxx").unCompressed()
```

`compressed()`
Derive compressed public key

`point()`
Return the point for the public key

`unCompressed()`
Derive uncompressed key

Base58

class `steembase.base58.Base58(data, prefix='STM')`
Base58 base class

This class serves as an abstraction layer to deal with base58 encoded strings and their corresponding hex and binary representation throughout the library.

Parameters

- `data` (*hex, wif, bip38 encrypted wif, base58 string*) – Data to initialize object, e.g. `pubkey` data, `address` data, ...
- `prefix` (*str*) – Prefix to use for `Address`/`PubKey` strings (defaults to GPH)

Returns Base58 object initialized with `data`

Return type `Base58`

Raises `ValueError` – if data cannot be decoded

- `bytes (Base58)`: Returns the raw data
 - `str (Base58)`: Returns the readable Base58CheckEncoded data.
 - `repr (Base58)`: Gives the hex representation of the data.
 - **format (Base58, _format)** **Formats the instance according to _format:**
 - "btc": prefixed with 0x80. Yields a valid btc address
 - "wif": prefixed with 0x00. Yields a valid wif key
 - "bts": prefixed with BTS
 - etc.
-

Bip38

`steembase.bip38.decrypt (encrypted_privkey, passphrase)`
BIP0038 non-ec-multiply decryption. Returns WIF privkey.

Parameters

- **encrypted_privkey** (`Base58`) – Private key
- **passphrase** (`str`) – UTF-8 encoded passphrase for decryption

Returns BIP0038 non-ec-multiply decrypted key

Return type `Base58`

Raises `SaltException` – if checksum verification failed (e.g. wrong password)

`steembase.bip38.encrypt (privkey, passphrase)`
BIP0038 non-ec-multiply encryption. Returns BIP0038 encrypted privkey.

Parameters

- **privkey** (`Base58`) – Private key
- **passphrase** (`str`) – UTF-8 encoded passphrase for encryption

Returns BIP0038 non-ec-multiply encrypted wif key

Return type `Base58`

Memo

`steembase.memo.decode_memo (priv, message)`
Decode a message with a shared secret between Alice and Bob

Parameters

- **priv** (`PrivateKey`) – Private Key (of Bob)
- **message** (`base58encoded`) – Encrypted Memo message

Returns Decrypted message

Return type str

Raises `ValueError` – if message cannot be decoded as valid UTF-8 string

`steembase.memo.encode_memo(priv, pub, nonce, message, **kwargs)`

Encode a message with a shared secret between Alice and Bob

Parameters

- **priv** (`PrivateKey`) – Private Key (of Alice)
- **pub** (`PublicKey`) – Public Key (of Bob)
- **nonce** (`int`) – Random nonce
- **message** (`str`) – Memo message

Returns Encrypted message

Return type hex

`steembase.memo.get_shared_secret(priv, pub)`

Derive the share secret between `priv` and `pub`

Parameters

- **priv** (`Base58`) – Private Key
- **pub** (`Base58`) – Public Key

Returns Shared secret

Return type hex

The shared secret is generated such that:

$$\text{Pub}(\text{Alice}) * \text{Priv}(\text{Bob}) = \text{Pub}(\text{Bob}) * \text{Priv}(\text{Alice})$$

`steembase.memo.init_aes(shared_secret, nonce)`

Initialize AES instance

Parameters

- **shared_secret** (`hex`) – Shared Secret to use as encryption key
- **nonce** (`int`) – Random nonce

Returns AES instance and checksum of the encryption key

Return type length 2 tuple

`steembase.memo.involved_keys(message)`

decode structure

Operations

`class steembase.operations.CommentOptionExtensions(o)`

Serialize Comment Payout Beneficiaries.

Parameters **beneficiaries** (`list`) – A `static_variant` containing beneficiaries.

Example

```
[0,
  {'beneficiaries': [
    {'account': 'furion', 'weight': 10000}
  ]}
]
```

class `steembase.operations.GrapheneObject` (*data=None*)
Core abstraction class

This class is used for any JSON reflected object in Graphene.

- `instance.__json__()`: encodes data into json format
 - `bytes(instance)`: encodes data into wire format
 - `str(instance)`: dumps json object as string
-

Transactions

class `steembase.transactions.SignedTransaction` (**args, **kwargs*)
Create a signed transaction and offer method to create the signature

Parameters

- **refNum** (*num*) – parameter `ref_block_num` (see `getBlockParams`)
- **refPrefix** (*num*) – parameter `ref_block_prefix` (see `getBlockParams`)
- **expiration** (*str*) – expiration date
- **operations** (*Array*) – array of operations

derSigToHexSig (*s*)

Format DER to HEX signature

recoverPubkeyParameter (*digest, signature, pubkey*)

Use to derive a number that allows to easily recover the public key from the signature

recover_public_key (*digest, signature, i*)

Recover the public key from the the signature

sign (*wifkeys, chain=None*)

Sign the transaction with the provided private keys.

Parameters

- **wifkeys** (*list*) – Array of wif keys
- **chain** (*str*) – identifier for the chain

`steembase.transactions.fmt_time_from_now` (*secs=0*)

Properly Format Time that is *x* seconds in the future

Parameters **secs** (*int*) – Seconds to go in the future ($x > 0$) or the past ($x < 0$)

Returns Properly formatted time for Graphene (`%Y-%m-%dT%H:%M:%S`)

Return type `str`

`steembase.transactions.get_block_params` (*steem*)

Auxiliary method to obtain `ref_block_num` and `ref_block_prefix`. Requires a websocket connection to a witness node!

Types

`steembase.types.JsonObj` (*data*)

Returns json object from data

class `steembase.types.ObjectId` (*object_str, type_verify=None*)

Encodes object/protocol ids

`steembase.types.variable_buffer` (*s*)

Encode variable length buffer

`steembase.types.varint` (*n*)

Varint encoding

`steembase.types.varintdecode` (*data*)

Varint decoding

Exceptions

`steembase.exceptions.decodeRPCErrorMsg` (*e*)

Helper function to decode the raised Exception and give it a python Exception class

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