
python-crfsuite Documentation

Release 0.9.6

Terry Peng, Mikhail Korobov

Aug 01, 2018

Contents

1	Installation	3
2	Usage	5
2.1	API Reference	5
3	See Also	11
4	Indices and tables	13
5	Changes	15
5.1	0.9.6 (2018-08-01)	15
5.2	0.9.5 (2017-09-05)	15
5.3	0.9.4 (2017-09-04)	15
5.4	0.9.3 (2017-09-03)	15
5.5	0.9.2 (2017-05-04)	16
5.6	0.9.1 (2016-12-19)	16
5.7	0.9 (2016-12-08)	16
5.8	0.8.4 (2015-11-25)	16
5.9	0.8.3 (2015-04-24)	16
5.10	0.8.2 (2015-02-04)	16
5.11	0.8.1 (2014-10-10)	16
5.12	0.8 (2014-10-10)	17
5.13	0.7 (2014-08-11)	17
5.14	0.6.1 (2014-06-06)	17
5.15	0.6 (2014-05-29)	17
5.16	0.5 (2014-05-27)	17
5.17	0.4.1 (2014-05-18)	17
5.18	0.4 (2014-05-16)	18
5.19	0.3 (2014-05-14)	18
5.20	0.2 (2014-05-14)	18
5.21	0.1 (2014-04-30)	18
5.22	0.0.1 (2014-04-24)	18
	Python Module Index	19

python-crfsuite is a python binding to [CRFsuite](#).

CHAPTER 1

Installation

```
pip install python-crfsuite
```


- *API Reference*
- **Example:** building a Named Entity Recognition system with python-crfsuite.

python-crfsuite is licensed under MIT license. CRFsuite C/C++ library is licensed under BSD license.

Development happens at github: <https://github.com/scrapinghub/python-crfsuite>

2.1 API Reference

class pycrfsuite.ItemSequence

A wrapper for crfsuite ItemSequence - a class for storing features for all items in a single sequence.

Using this class is an alternative to passing data to *Trainer* and *Tagger* directly. By using this class it is possible to save some time if the same input sequence is passed to trainers/taggers more than once - features won't be processed multiple times. It also allows to get "processed" features/attributes that are sent to CRFsuite - they could be helpful e.g. to check which attributes (returned by *info()*) are active for a given observation.

Initialize ItemSequence with a list of item features:

```
>>> ItemSequence([{'foo': 1, 'bar': 0}, {'foo': 1.5, 'baz': 2}])
<ItemSequence of size 2>
```

Item features could be in one of the following formats:

- {"string_key": float_weight, ... } dict where keys are observed features and values are their weights;
- {"string_key": bool, ... } dict; True is converted to 1.0 weight, False - to 0.0;
- {"string_key": "string_value", ... } dict; that's the same as {"string_key=string_value": 1.0, ... }
- ["string_key1", "string_key2", ...] list; that's the same as {"string_key1": 1.0, "string_key2": 1.0, ... }
- {"string_prefix": {...}} dicts: nested dict is processed and "string_prefix" s prepended to each key.
- {"string_prefix": [...]} dicts: nested list is processed and "string_prefix" s prepended to each key.

- {"string_prefix": set([...])} dicts: nested list is processed and "string_prefix" s prepended to each key.

Dict-based features can be mixed, i.e. this is allowed:

```
{ "key1": float_weight,
  "key2": "string_value",
  "key3": bool_value,
  "key4": {"key5": ["x", "y"], "key6": float_value},
}
```

items (*self*)

Return a list of prepared item features: a list of {unicode_key: float_value} dicts.

```
>>> ItemSequence(["foo"], {"bar": {"baz": 1}}).items()
[{'foo': 1.0}, {'bar:baz': 1.0}]
```

2.1.1 Training

class `pycrfsuite.Trainer`

Bases: `pycrfsuite._pycrfsuite.BaseTrainer`

The trainer class.

This class maintains a data set for training, and provides an interface to various training algorithms.

Parameters

algorithm [`['lbfgs', 'l2sgd', 'ap', 'pa', 'arow']`] The name of the training algorithm. See `Trainer.select()`.

params [dict, optional] Training parameters. See `Trainer.set_params()` and `Trainer.set()`.

verbose [boolean] Whether to print debug messages during training. Default is True.

append (*self*, *xseq*, *yseq*, *int group=0*)

Append an instance (item/label sequence) to the data set.

Parameters

xseq [a sequence of item features] The item sequence of the instance. *xseq* should be a list of item features or an `ItemSequence` instance. Allowed item features formats are the same as described in `ItemSequence` docs.

yseq [a sequence of strings] The label sequence of the instance. The number of elements in *yseq* must be identical to that in *xseq*.

group [int, optional] The group number of the instance. Group numbers are used to select subset of data for heldout evaluation.

clear (*self*)

Remove all instances in the data set.

get (*self*, *name*)

Get the value of a training parameter. This function gets a parameter value for the graphical model and training algorithm specified by `Trainer.select()` method.

Parameters

name [string] The parameter name.

get_params (*self*)

Get training parameters.

Returns

dict A dictionary with {parameter_name: parameter_value} with all trainer parameters.

help (*self*, *name*)

Get the description of a training parameter. This function obtains the help message for the parameter specified by the name. The graphical model and training algorithm must be selected by *Trainer.select()* method before calling this method.

Parameters

name [string] The parameter name.

Returns

string The description (help message) of the parameter.

logparser = None

message (*self*, *message*)

on_end (*self*, *log*)

on_featgen_end (*self*, *log*)

on_featgen_progress (*self*, *log*, *percent*)

on_iteration (*self*, *log*, *info*)

on_optimization_end (*self*, *log*)

on_prepare_error (*self*, *log*)

on_prepared (*self*, *log*)

on_start (*self*, *log*)

params (*self*)

Obtain the list of parameters.

This function returns the list of parameter names available for the graphical model and training algorithm specified in Trainer constructor or by *Trainer.select()* method.

Returns

list of strings The list of parameters available for the current graphical model and training algorithm.

select (*self*, *algorithm*, *type='crf1d'*)

Initialize the training algorithm.

Parameters

algorithm [{'lbfgs', 'l2sgd', 'ap', 'pa', 'arow'}] The name of the training algorithm.

- 'lbfgs' for Gradient descent using the L-BFGS method,
- 'l2sgd' for Stochastic Gradient Descent with L2 regularization term
- 'ap' for Averaged Perceptron
- 'pa' for Passive Aggressive
- 'arow' for Adaptive Regularization Of Weight Vector

type [string, optional] The name of the graphical model.

set (*self*, *name*, *value*)

Set a training parameter. This function sets a parameter value for the graphical model and training algorithm specified by *Trainer.select()* method.

Parameters

name [string] The parameter name.

value [string] The value of the parameter.

set_params (*self*, *params*)

Set training parameters.

Parameters

params [dict] A dict with parameters {name: value}

train (*self*, *model*, *int holdout=-1*)

Run the training algorithm. This function starts the training algorithm with the data set given by *Trainer.append()* method.

Parameters

model [string] The filename to which the trained model is stored. If this value is empty, this function does not write out a model file.

holdout [int, optional] The group number of holdout evaluation. The instances with this group number will not be used for training, but for holdout evaluation. Default value is -1, meaning “use all instances for training”.

verbose

verbose: object

2.1.2 Tagging

class `pycrfsuite.Tagger`

The tagger class.

This class provides the functionality for predicting label sequences for input sequences using a model.

close (*self*)

Close the model.

dump (*self*, *filename=None*)

Dump a CRF model in plain-text format.

Parameters

filename [string, optional] File name to dump the model to. If None, the model is dumped to stdout.

info (*self*)

Return a *ParsedDump* structure with model internal information.

labels (*self*)

Obtain the list of labels.

Returns

list of strings The list of labels in the model.

marginal (*self*, *y*, *pos*)

Compute the marginal probability of the label *y* at position *pos* for the current input sequence (i.e. a sequence set using *Tagger.set()* method or a sequence used in a previous *Tagger.tag()* call).

Parameters

- y** [string] The label.
- t** [int] The position of the label.

Returns

float The marginal probability of the label *y* at position *t*.

open (*self*, *name*)

Open a model file.

Parameters

- name** [string] The file name of the model file.

open_inmemory (*self*, *bytes value*)

Open a model from memory.

Parameters

- value** [bytes] Binary model data (content of a file saved by *Trainer.train()*).

probability (*self*, *yseq*)

Compute the probability of the label sequence for the current input sequence (a sequence set using *Tagger.set()* method or a sequence used in a previous *Tagger.tag()* call).

Parameters

- yseq** [list of strings] The label sequence.

Returns

float The probability $P(yseq|xseq)$.

set (*self*, *xseq*)

Set an instance (item sequence) for future calls of *Tagger.tag()*, *Tagger.probability()* and *Tagger.marginal()* methods.

Parameters

- xseq** [item sequence] The item sequence of the instance. *xseq* should be a list of item features or an *ItemSequence* instance. Allowed item features formats are the same as described in *ItemSequence* docs.

tag (*self*, *xseq=None*)

Predict the label sequence for the item sequence.

Parameters

- xseq** [item sequence, optional] The item sequence. If omitted, the current sequence is used (a sequence set using *Tagger.set()* method or a sequence used in a previous *Tagger.tag()* call).

xseq should be a list of item features or an *ItemSequence* instance. Allowed item features formats are the same as described in *ItemSequence* docs.

Returns

list of strings The label sequence predicted.

2.1.3 Debugging

class `pycrfsuite._dumpparser.ParsedDump`

CRFsuite model parameters. Objects of this type are returned by `pycrfsuite.Tagger.info()` method.

Attributes

transitions [dict] {(from_label, to_label): weight} dict with learned transition weights

state_features [dict] {(attribute, label): weight} dict with learned (attribute, label) weights

header [dict] Metadata from the file header

labels [dict] {name: internal_id} dict with model labels

attributes [dict] {name: internal_id} dict with known attributes

CHAPTER 3

See Also

`sklearn-crfsuite` is a `python-crfsuite` wrapper which provides API similar to `scikit-learn`.

CHAPTER 4

Indices and tables

- `genindex`
- `modindex`
- `search`

5.1 0.9.6 (2018-08-01)

- Python 3.7 support (thanks @fgregg, @danmacnaughtan and @fuhrysteve).
- Python 3.3 support is dropped.
- new `Tagger.open_inmemory` method which allows to load tagger data without having a file on-disk (thanks @lucywang000).
- license information is added to `setup.py` (thanks @nils-werner).

5.2 0.9.5 (2017-09-05)

- Python 3.6 wheels for Windows (thanks @fgregg).

5.3 0.9.4 (2017-09-04)

- Packaging fix (thanks @fgregg).

5.4 0.9.3 (2017-09-03)

- Fixed compatibility with Python 3.5+ on Windows (thanks @fgregg);
- CRFSuite C++ library is updated to latest version, this fixes several memory leaks and improves performance (thanks @fgregg);
- extension is rebuilt with Cython 0.26.1.

5.5 0.9.2 (2017-05-04)

- binary wheels for OS X and Linux (thanks @jeancochrane).

5.6 0.9.1 (2016-12-19)

This is a release without changes in functionality.

- Repository is moved to <https://github.com/scrapinghub/python-crfsuite>;
- We're now providing Windows wheels for Python 2.7, 3.3, and 3.4.

5.7 0.9 (2016-12-08)

- Python 2.6 support is dropped;
- CRFSuite C++ library is updated to a more recent commit;
- improved Windows support (thanks @fgregg);
- fixed building with gcc < 5.0.0 (thanks @kantan2015);
- extension is rebuilt with Cython 0.25.1; this improves PyPy compatibility (but we're not quite there yet).
- docs: trainer.logparser example is added to the notebook (thanks @samgalen).

5.8 0.8.4 (2015-11-25)

- the wrapper is rebuilt with Cython 0.23.4;
- declared Python 3.5 compatibility;
- fixed an issue with feature names ending with white spaces.

5.9 0.8.3 (2015-04-24)

- fix build on Windows. (thanks @fgregg)

5.10 0.8.2 (2015-02-04)

- memory leak is fixed by updating the bundled CRFSuite C++ library;
- the wrapper is rebuilt with Cython 0.21.2.

5.11 0.8.1 (2014-10-10)

- fix packaging issues with 0.8 release.

5.12 0.8 (2014-10-10)

- `ItemSequence` wrapper is added;
- `tox` tests are fixed.

5.13 0.7 (2014-08-11)

- More data formats for `xseq`: `{"prefix": {feature_dict}}` and `{"key": set(["key1", ...])}` feature dicts are now accepted by `pycrfsuite.Trainer` and `pycrfsuite.Tagger`;
- feature separator changed from “=” to “:” (it looks better in case of multi-level features);
- small doc and README fixes.

5.14 0.6.1 (2014-06-06)

- Switch to `setuptools`;
- wheels are uploaded to `pypi` for faster installation.

5.15 0.6 (2014-05-29)

- More data formats for `xseq`: `{"key": "value"}` and `{"key": bool_value}` feature dicts are now accepted by `pycrfsuite.Trainer` and `pycrfsuite.Tagger`.

5.16 0.5 (2014-05-27)

- Exceptions in logging message handlers are now propagated and raised. This allows, for example, to stop training earlier by pressing `Ctrl-C`.
- It is now possible to customize `pycrfsuite.Trainer` logging more easily by overriding the following methods: `pycrfsuite.Trainer.on_start()`, `pycrfsuite.Trainer.on_featgen_progress()`, `pycrfsuite.Trainer.on_featgen_end()`, `pycrfsuite.Trainer.on_prepared()`, `pycrfsuite.Trainer.on_prepare_error()`, `pycrfsuite.Trainer.on_iteration()`, `pycrfsuite.Trainer.on_optimization_end()` `pycrfsuite.Trainer.on_end()`. The feature is implemented by parsing CRFsuite log. There is `pycrfsuite.BaseTrainer` that is not doing this.

5.17 0.4.1 (2014-05-18)

- `pycrfsuite.Tagger.info()` is fixed.

5.18 0.4 (2014-05-16)

- (backwards-incompatible) training parameters are now passed using `params` argument of `pycrfsuite.Trainer` constructor instead of `**kwargs`;
- (backwards-incompatible) logging support is dropped;
- `verbose` argument for `pycrfsuite.Trainer` constructor;
- `pycrfsuite.Trainer.get_params()` and `pycrfsuite.Trainer.set_params()` for getting/setting multiple training parameters at once;
- string handling in Python 3.x is fixed by rebuilding the wrapper with Cython 0.21dev;
- algorithm names are normalized to support names used by crfsuite console utility and documented in crfsuite manual;
- type conversion for training parameters is fixed: `feature.minfreq` now works, and boolean arguments become boolean.

5.19 0.3 (2014-05-14)

python-crfsuite now detects the feature format (dict vs list of strings) automatically - it turns out the performance overhead is negligible.

- `Trainer.append_stringlists` and `Trainer.append_dicts` methods are replaced with a single `pycrfsuite.Trainer.append()` method;
- `Tagger.set_stringlists` and `Tagger.set_dicts` methods are removed in favor of `pycrfsuite.Tagger.set()` method;
- `feature_format` arguments in `pycrfsuite.Tagger` methods and constructor are dropped.

5.20 0.2 (2014-05-14)

- `pycrfsuite.Tagger.dump()` and `pycrfsuite.Tagger.info()` methods for model debugging;
- a memory leak in Trainer is fixed (trainer instances were never garbage collected);
- documentation and testing improvements.

5.21 0.1 (2014-04-30)

Many changes; python-crfsuite is almost rewritten.

5.22 0.0.1 (2014-04-24)

Initial release.

p

`pycrfsuite`, 5

`pycrfsuite._dumpparser`, 10

A

append() (pycrfsuite.Trainer method), 6

C

clear() (pycrfsuite.Trainer method), 6

close() (pycrfsuite.Tagger method), 8

D

dump() (pycrfsuite.Tagger method), 8

G

get() (pycrfsuite.Trainer method), 6

get_params() (pycrfsuite.Trainer method), 6

H

help() (pycrfsuite.Trainer method), 7

I

info() (pycrfsuite.Tagger method), 8

items() (pycrfsuite.ItemSequence method), 6

ItemSequence (class in pycrfsuite), 5

L

labels() (pycrfsuite.Tagger method), 8

logparser (pycrfsuite.Trainer attribute), 7

M

marginal() (pycrfsuite.Tagger method), 8

message() (pycrfsuite.Trainer method), 7

O

on_end() (pycrfsuite.Trainer method), 7

on_featgen_end() (pycrfsuite.Trainer method), 7

on_featgen_progress() (pycrfsuite.Trainer method), 7

on_iteration() (pycrfsuite.Trainer method), 7

on_optimization_end() (pycrfsuite.Trainer method), 7

on_prepare_error() (pycrfsuite.Trainer method), 7

on_prepared() (pycrfsuite.Trainer method), 7

on_start() (pycrfsuite.Trainer method), 7

open() (pycrfsuite.Tagger method), 9

open_inmemory() (pycrfsuite.Tagger method), 9

P

params() (pycrfsuite.Trainer method), 7

ParsedDump (class in pycrfsuite._dumpparser), 10

probability() (pycrfsuite.Tagger method), 9

pycrfsuite (module), 5

pycrfsuite._dumpparser (module), 10

S

select() (pycrfsuite.Trainer method), 7

set() (pycrfsuite.Tagger method), 9

set() (pycrfsuite.Trainer method), 8

set_params() (pycrfsuite.Trainer method), 8

T

tag() (pycrfsuite.Tagger method), 9

Tagger (class in pycrfsuite), 8

train() (pycrfsuite.Trainer method), 8

Trainer (class in pycrfsuite), 6

V

verbose (pycrfsuite.Trainer attribute), 8