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# **pysptk Documentation**

*Release 0.1.11+2096bb4*

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**Jan 14, 2018**



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A python wrapper for Speech Signal Processing Toolkit (SPTK).

<https://github.com/r9y9/pysptk>

The wrapper is based on a modified version of SPTK ([r9y9/SPTK](#))



# CHAPTER 1

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Full documentation

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A full documentation of SPTK is available at <http://sp-tk.sourceforge.net>. If you are not familiar with SPTK, I recommend you to take a look at the doc first before using `pysptk`.





## CHAPTER 2

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### Demonstration notebooks

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- [Introduction notebook](#): a brief introduction to pysptk
- [Speech analysis and re-synthesis resynthesis notebook](#): a demonstration notebook for speech analysis and re-synthesis. Synthesized audio examples(English) are available on the notebook.



### 3.1 Installation guide

The latest release is available on pypi. Assuming you have already `numpy` installed, you can install `pysptk` by:

```
pip install pysptk
```

If you want the latest development version, run:

```
pip install git+https://github.com/r9y9/pysptk
```

or:

```
git clone https://github.com/r9y9/pysptk
cd pysptk
python setup.py develop # or install
```

This should resolve the package dependencies and install `pysptk` properly.

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**Note:** If you use the development version, you need to have `cython` (and C compiler) installed to compile cython module(s).

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#### 3.1.1 For Windows users

There are some binary wheels available on pypi, so you can install `pysptk` via `pip` **without cython and C compiler** if there exists a binary wheel that matches your environment (depends on bits of system and python version). For now, wheels are available for:

- Python 2.7 on 32 bit system
- Python 2.7 on 64 bit system

- Python 3.4 on 32 bit system

If there is no binary wheel available for your environment, you can build `pysptk` from the source distribution, which is also available on pypi. Note that in order to compile `pysptk` from source in Windows, it is highly recommended to use [Anaconda](#) , since installation of numpy, cython and other scientific packages is really easy. In fact, continuous integration in Windows on AppVeyor uses Anaconda to build and test `pysptk`. See [pysptk/appveyor.yml](#) for the exact build steps.

## 4.1 API

### 4.1.1 Core SPTK API

All functionality in `pysptk.sptk` (the core API) is directly accessible from the top-level `pysptk.*` namespace.

For convenience, vector-to-vector functions (`pysptk.mcep`, `pysptk.mc2b`, etc) that takes an input vector as the first argument, can also accept matrix. As for matrix inputs, vector-to-vector functions are applied along with the last axis internally; e.g.

```
mc = pysptk.mcep(frames) # frames.shape == (num_frames, frame_len)
```

is equivalent to:

```
mc = np.apply_along_axis(pysptk.mcep, -1, frames)
```

**Warning:** The core APIs in `pysptk.sptk` package are based on the SPTK's internal APIs (e.g. code in `_mgc2sp.c`), so the functionalities are not exactly same as SPTK's CLI. If you find any inconsistency that should be addressed, please file an issue.

**Note:** Almost all of `pysptk` functions assume that the input array is **C-contiguous** and has `float64` element type. For vector-to-vector functions, the input array is automatically converted to `float64`-typed one, the function is executed on it, and then the output array is converted to have the same type with the input you provided.

### Library routines

<code>agexp(r, x, y)</code>	Magnitude squared generalized exponential function
<code>gexp(r, x)</code>	Generalized exponential function
<code>glog(r, x)</code>	Generalized logarithmic function
<code>mseq()</code>	M-sequence

### pysptk.sptk.agexp

`pysptk.sptk.agexp(r, x, y)`  
Magnitude squared generalized exponential function

**Parameters** `r` : float

Gamma

`x` : float

Real part

`y` : float

Imaginary part

**Returns** Value

### pysptk.sptk.gexp

`pysptk.sptk.gexp(r, x)`  
Generalized exponential function

**Parameters** `r` : float

Gamma

`x` : float

Arg

**Returns** Value

### pysptk.sptk.glog

`pysptk.sptk.glog(r, x)`  
Generalized logarithmic function

**Parameters** `r` : float

Gamma

`x` : float

Arg

**Returns** Value

## pysptk.sptk.mseq

`pysptk.sptk.mseq()`

M-sequence

**Returns** A sample of m-sequence

## Adaptive cepstrum analysis

<code>acep(x, c[, lambda_coef, step, tau, pd, eps])</code>	Adaptive cepstral analysis
<code>agcep(x, c[, stage, lambda_coef, step, tau, eps])</code>	Adaptive generalized cepstral analysis
<code>amcep(x, b[, alpha, lambda_coef, step, tau, ...])</code>	Adaptive mel-cepstral analysis

## pysptk.sptk.acep

`pysptk.sptk.acep(x, c, lambda_coef=0.98, step=0.1, tau=0.9, pd=4, eps=1e-06)`

Adaptive cepstral analysis

**Parameters** **x** : double

A input sample

**c** : array, shape(`order + 1`)

Cepstrum. The result is stored in place.

**lambda\_coef** : float, optional

Leakage factor. Default is 0.98.

**step** : float, optional

Step size. Default is 0.1.

**tau** : float, optional

Momentum constant. Default is 0.9.

**pd** : int, optional

Order of pade approximation. Default is 4.

**eps** : float, optional

Minimum value for epsilon. Default is 1.0e-6.

**Returns** **prederr** : float

Prediction error

**Raises** **ValueError**

if invalid order of pade approximation is specified

**See also:**

`pysptk.sptk.uels`, `pysptk.sptk.gcep`, `pysptk.sptk.mcep`, `pysptk.sptk.mgcep`,  
`pysptk.sptk.amcep`, `pysptk.sptk.agcep`, `pysptk.sptk.lmadf`

## pysptk.sptk.agcep

`pysptk.sptk.agcep` (*x*, *c*, *stage=1*, *lambda\_coef=0.98*, *step=0.1*, *tau=0.9*, *eps=1e-06*)  
Adaptive generalized cepstral analysis

**Parameters** *x* : float

A input sample

*c* : array, shape(`order + 1`), optional

Cepstrum. The result is stored in-place.

*stage* : int, optional

-1 / gamma. Default is 1.

*lambda\_coef* : float, optional

Leakage factor. Default is 0.98.

*step* : float, optional

Step size. Default is 0.1.

*tau* : float, optional

Momentum constant. Default is 0.9.

*eps* : float, optional

Minimum value for epsilon. Default is 1.0e-6.

**Returns** *prederr* : float

Prediction error

**Raises** `ValueError`

if invalid number of stage is specified

**See also:**

`pysptk.sptk.acep`, `pysptk.sptk.amcep`, `pysptk.sptk.glsadf`

## pysptk.sptk.amcep

`pysptk.sptk.amcep` (*x*, *b*, *alpha=0.35*, *lambda\_coef=0.98*, *step=0.1*, *tau=0.9*, *pd=4*, *eps=1e-06*)  
Adaptive mel-cepstral analysis

**Parameters** *x* : float

A input sample

*b* : array, shape(`order + 1`), optional

MLSA filter coefficients. The result is stored in-place.

*alpha* : float, optional

All-pass constant. Default is 0.35.

*lambda\_coef* : float, optional

Leakage factor. Default is 0.98.

*step* : float, optional



Step size. Default is 0.1.

**tau** : float, optional

Momentum constant. Default is 0.9.

**pd** : int, optional

Order of pade approximation. Default is 4.

**eps** : float, optional

Minimum value for epsilon. Default is 1.0e-6.

**Returns** **prederr** : float

Prediction error

**Raises** **ValueError**

if invalid order of pade approximation is specified

**See also:**

`pysptk.sptk.acep`, `pysptk.sptk.agcep`, `pysptk.sptk.mc2b`, `pysptk.sptk.b2mc`,  
`pysptk.sptk.mlsadf`

## Mel-generalized cepstrum analysis

<code>mcep</code> (windowed[, order, alpha, miniter, ...])	Mel-cepstrum analysis
<code>gcep</code> (windowed[, order, gamma, miniter, ...])	Generalized-cepstrum analysis
<code>mgcep</code> (windowed[, order, alpha, gamma, ...])	Mel-generalized cepstrum analysis
<code>uels</code> (windowed[, order, miniter, maxiter, ...])	Unbiased estimation of log spectrum
<code>fftcep</code> (logsp[, order, num_iter, ...])	FFT-based cepstrum analysis
<code>lpc</code> (windowed[, order, min_det])	Linear prediction analysis

### pysptk.sptk.mcep

`pysptk.sptk.mcep`(*windowed*, *order*=25, *alpha*=0.35, *miniter*=2, *maxiter*=30, *threshold*=0.001, *etype*=0, *eps*=0.0, *min\_det*=1e-06, *itype*=0)  
 Mel-cepstrum analysis

**Parameters** **windowed** : array, shape (frame\_len)

A windowed frame

**order** : int, optional

Order of mel-cepstrum. Default is 25.

**alpha** : float, optional

All pass constant. Default is 0.35.

**miniter** : int, optional

Minimum number of iteration. Default is 2.

**maxiter** : int, optional

Maximum number of iteration. Default is 30.

**threshold** : float, optional

Threshold in theq. Default is 0.001.

**etype** : int, optional

**Type of parameter eps**

0. not used
1. initial value of log-periodogram
2. floor of periodogram in db

Default is 0.

**eps** : float, optional

Initial value for log-periodogram or floor of periodogram in db. Default is 0.0.

**min\_det** : float, optional

Minimum value of the determinant of normal matrix. Default is 1.0e-6

**itype** : float, optional

**Input data type**

0. windowed signal
1. log amplitude in db
2. log amplitude
3. amplitude
4. periodogram

Default is 0.

**Returns** **mc** : array, shape (order + 1)

Mel-cepstrum

**Raises** **ValueError**

- if invalid `itype` is specified
- if invalid `etype` is specified
- if nonzero `eps` is specified when `etype = 0`
- if negative `eps` is specified
- if negative `min_det` is specified

**RuntimeError**

- if zero(s) are found in periodogram
- if error happened in theq

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.uels, pysptk.sptk.gcep, pysptk.sptk.mgcep, pysptk.sptk.mlsadf*

**pysptk.sptk.gcep**

`pysptk.sptk.gcep` (*windowed*, *order=25*, *gamma=0.0*, *miniter=2*, *maxiter=30*, *threshold=0.001*,  
*etype=0*, *eps=0.0*, *min\_det=1e-06*, *itype=0*, *norm=False*)

Generalized-cepstrum analysis

**Parameters** **windowed** : array, shape (*frame\_len*)

A windowed frame

**order** : int, optional

Order of generalized-cepstrum. Default is 25.

**gamma** : float, optional

Parameter of generalized log function. Default is 0.0.

**miniter** : int, optional

Minimum number of iteration. Default is 2.

**maxiter** : int, optional

Maximum number of iteration. Default is 30.

**threshold** : float, optional

Threshold in theq. Default is 0.001

**etype** : int, optional

**Type of parameter eps**

- 0. not used
- 1. initial value of log-periodogram
- 2. floor of periodogram in db

Default is 0.

**eps** : float, optional

Initial value for log-periodogram or floor of periodogram in db. Default is 0.0.

**min\_det** : float, optional

Minimum value of the determinant of normal matrix. Default is 1.0e-6.

**itype** : float, optional

**Input data type**

- 0. windowed signal
- 1. log amplitude in db
- 2. log amplitude
- 3. amplitude
- 4. periodogram

Default is 0.

**Returns** **gc** : array, shape (*order* + 1)

Generalized cepstrum

#### Raises `ValueError`

- if invalid `itype` is specified
- if invalid `etype` is specified
- if nonzero `eps` is specified when `etype = 0`
- if negative `eps` is specified
- if negative `min_det` is specified

#### RuntimeError

- if error happened in theq

#### See also:

`pysptk.sptk.uels`, `pysptk.sptk.mcep`, `pysptk.sptk.mgcep`, `pysptk.sptk.glsadf`

### pysptk.sptk.mgcep

`pysptk.sptk.mgcep` (*windowed*, *order=25*, *alpha=0.35*, *gamma=0.0*, *num\_recurions=None*, *miniter=2*, *maxiter=30*, *threshold=0.001*, *etype=0*, *eps=0.0*, *min\_det=1e-06*, *itype=0*, *otype=0*)

Mel-generalized cepstrum analysis

**Parameters** `windowed` : array, shape (`frame_len`)

A windowed frame

**order** : int, optional

Order of mel-generalized cepstrum. Default is 25.

**alpha** : float, optional

All pass constant. Default is 0.35.

**gamma** : float, optional

Parameter of generalized log function. Default is 0.0.

**num\_recurions** : int, optional

Number of recursions. Default is  $\text{len}(\text{windowed}) - 1$ .

**miniter** : int, optional

Minimum number of iteration. Default is 2.

**maxiter** : int, optional

Maximum number of iteration. Default is 30.

**threshold** : float, optional

Threshold. Default is 0.001.

**etype** : int, optional

**Type of paramter e**

0. not used
1. initial value of log-periodogram
2. floor of periodogram in db

Default is 0.

**eps** : float, optional

Initial value for log-periodogram or floor of periodogram in db. Default is 0.0.

**min\_det** : float, optional

Minimum value of the determinant of normal matrix. Default is 1.0e-6.

**itype** : float, optional

**Input data type**

0. windowed signal
1. log amplitude in db
2. log amplitude
3. amplitude
4. periodogram

Default is 0.

**otype** : int, optional

**Output data type**

0. mel generalized cepstrum: ( $c_0 \dots c_m$ )
1. MGLSA filter coefficients:  $b_0 \dots b_m$
2.  $K, c_1 \dots c_m$
3.  $K, b_1 \dots b_m$
4.  $K, g_1 c_1 \dots g_m c_m$
5.  $K, g_1 b_1 \dots g_m b_m$

Default is 0.

**Returns** **mgc** : array, shape (`order + 1`)

mel-generalized cepstrum

**Raises** **ValueError**

- if invalid `itype` is specified
- if invalid `etype` is specified
- if nonzero `eps` is specified when `etype = 0`
- if negative `eps` is specified
- if negative `min_det` is specified
- if invalid `otype` is specified

**RuntimeError**

- if error happened in `theq`

**See also:**

`pysptk.sptk.uels`, `pysptk.sptk.gcep`, `pysptk.sptk.mcep`, `pysptk.sptk.freqt`,  
`pysptk.sptk.gc2gc`, `pysptk.sptk.mgc2mgc`, `pysptk.sptk.gnorm`, `pysptk.sptk.mglsadf`

## pysptk.sptk.uels

`pysptk.sptk.uels` (*windowed*, *order=25*, *miniter=2*, *maxiter=30*, *threshold=0.001*, *etype=0*, *eps=0.0*, *itype=0*)

Unbiased estimation of log spectrum

**Parameters** `windowed` : array, shape (`frame_len`)

A windowed frame

**order** : int, optional

Order of cepstrum. Default is 25.

**miniter** : int, optional

Minimum number of iteration. Default is 2.

**maxiter** : int, optional

Maximum number of iteration. Default is 30.

**threshold** : float, optional

Threshold in theq. Default is 0.001

**etype** : int, optional

**Type of parameter eps**

0. not used
1. initial value of log-periodogram
2. floor of periodogram in db

Default is 0.

**eps** : float, optional

Initial value for log-periodogram or floor of periodogram in db. Default is 0.0.

**itype** : float, optional

**Input data type**

0. windowed signal
1. log amplitude in db
2. log amplitude
3. amplitude
4. periodogram

Default is 0.

**Returns** `c` : array, shape (`order + 1`)

cepstrum estimated by uels

**Raises** `ValueError`

- if invalid `itype` is specified
- if invalid `etype` is specified
- if nonzero `eps` is specified when `etype = 0`

- if negative `eps` is specified

**RuntimeError**

- if zero(s) are found in periodogram

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.gcep, pysptk.sptk.mcep, pysptk.sptk.mgcep, pysptk.sptk.lmadf*

**pysptk.sptk.fftcep**

`pysptk.sptk.fftcep` (*logsp, order=25, num\_iter=0, acceleration\_factor=0.0*)

FFT-based cepstrum analysis

**Parameters** `logsp` : array, shape (`frame_len`)

Log power spectrum

**order** : int, optional

Order of cepstrum. Default is 25.

**num\_iter** : int, optional

Number of iteration. Default is 0.

**acceleration\_factor** : float, optional

Acceleration factor. Default is 0.0.

**Returns** `c` : array, shape (`order + 1`)

Cepstrum

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.uels*

**pysptk.sptk.lpc**

`pysptk.sptk.lpc` (*windowed, order=25, min\_det=1e-06*)

Linear prediction analysis

**Parameters** `windowed` : array, shape (`frame_len`)

A windowed frame

**order** : int, optional

Order of LPC. Default is 25.

**min\_det** : float, optional

Minimum value of the determinant of normal matrix. Default is 1.0e-6.

**Returns** `a` : array, shape (`order + 1`)

LPC

**Raises ValueError**

- if negative `min_det` is specified

**RuntimeError**

- if error happened in levdur

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.lpc2par*, *pysptk.sptk.par2lpc*, *pysptk.sptk.lpc2c*, *pysptk.sptk.lpc2lsp*, *pysptk.sptk.ltcdf*, *pysptk.sptk.lspdf*

## MFCC

---

<i>mfcc</i> ( <i>x</i> [, <i>order</i> , <i>fs</i> , <i>alpha</i> , <i>eps</i> , <i>window_len</i> , ...])	MFCC
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### pysptk.sptk.mfcc

`pysptk.sptk.mfcc(x, order=14, fs=16000, alpha=0.97, eps=1.0, window_len=None, frame_len=None, num_filterbanks=20, cepslift=22, use_dft=False, use_hamming=False, czero=False, power=False)`

MFCC

**Parameters** *x* : array

A input signal

**order** : int, optional

Order of MFCC. Default is 14.

**fs** : int, optional

Sampling frequency. Default is 16000.

**alpha** : float, optional

Pre-emphasis coefficient. Default is 0.97.

**eps** : float, optional

Flooring value for calculating  $\log(x)$  in filterbank analysis. Default is 1.0.

**window\_len** : int, optional

Window length. Default is `len(x)`.

**frame\_len** : int, optional

Frame length. Default is `len(x)`.

**num\_filterbanks** : int, optional

Number of mel-filter banks. Default is 20.

**cepslift** : int, optional

Liftering coefficient. Default is 22.

**use\_dft** : bool, optional

Use DFT (not FFT) or not. Default is False.

**use\_hamming** : bool, optional

Use hamming window or not. Default is False.

**czero** : bool, optional

If True, `mfcc` returns 0-th coefficient as well. Default is False.



**power** : bool, optional

If True, `mfcc` returns power coefficient as well. Default is False.

**Returns** `cc` : array

MFCC vector, which is ordered as:

`mfcc[0]`, `mfcc[1]`, `mfcc[2]`, ... `mfcc[order-1]`, `c0`, Power.

Note that `c0` and Power are optional.

Shape of `cc` is:

- `order` by default.
- `order + 1` if `czero` or `power` is set to True.
- `order + 2` if both `czero` and `power` is set to True.

**Raises** `ValueError`

if `num_filterbanks` is less than or equal to `order`

**See also:**

*`pysptk.sptk.gcep`, `pysptk.sptk.mcep`, `pysptk.sptk.mgcep`*

## LPC, LSP and PARCOR conversions

<code>lpc2c(lpc[, order])</code>	LPC to cepstrum
<code>lpc2lsp(lpc[, numsp, maxiter, eps, loggain, ...])</code>	LPC to LSP
<code>lpc2par(lpc)</code>	LPC to PARCOR
<code>par2lpc(par)</code>	PARCOR to LPC
<code>lsp2sp(lsp[, fftlen])</code>	LSP to spectrum

### `pysptk.sptk.lpc2c`

`pysptk.sptk.lpc2c(lpc, order=None)`

LPC to cepstrum

**Parameters** `lpc` : array

LPC

**order** : int, optional

Order of cepstrum. Default is `len(lpc) - 1`.

**Returns** `ceps` : array, shape(`order + 1`)

cepstrum

**See also:**

*`pysptk.sptk.lpc`, `pysptk.sptk.lspdf`*

### `pysptk.sptk.lpc2lsp`

`pysptk.sptk.lpc2lsp(lpc, numsp=512, maxiter=4, eps=1e-06, loggain=False, otype=0, fs=None)`

LPC to LSP

**Parameters** `lpc` : array

LPC

**numsp** : int, optional

Number of unit circle. Default is 512.

**maxiter** : int, optional

Maximum number of iteration. Default is 4.

**eps** : float, optional

End condition for iteration. Default is 1.0e-6.

**loggain** : bool, optional

whether the converted lsp should have loggain or not. Default is False.

**fs** : int, optional

Sampling frequency. Default is None and unused.

**otype** : int, optional

**Output format LSP**

0. normalized frequency (0 ~ pi)
1. normalized frequency (0 ~ 0.5)
2. frequency (kHz)
3. frequency (Hz)

Default is 0.

**Returns** `lsp` : array, shape (order + 1)

LSP

**Raises** `ValueError`

if `fs` is not specified when `otype = 2` or `3`.

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.lpc*, *pysptk.sptk.lspdf*

## **pysptk.sptk.lpc2par**

`pysptk.sptk.lpc2par` (*lpc*)

LPC to PARCOR

**Parameters** `lpc` : array

LPC

**Returns** `par` : array, shape (same as `lpc`)

PARCOR

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.lpc*, *pysptk.sptk.par2lpc*, *pysptk.sptk.ltcdf*

## pysptk.sptk.par2lpc

pysptk.sptk.**par2lpc** (*par*)  
PARCOR to LPC

**Parameters** *par* : array  
PARCOR

**Returns** *lpc* : array, shape (same as *par*)  
LPC

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.lpc*, *pysptk.sptk.lpc2par*

## pysptk.sptk.lsp2sp

pysptk.sptk.**lsp2sp** (*lsp*, *ffilen=256*)  
LSP to spectrum

**Parameters** *lsp* : array  
LSP

**ffilen** : int, optional  
FFT length

**TODO: consider “otype“ optional argument**

**Returns** *sp* : array, shape  
Spectrum.  $\ln|H(z)|$ .

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.lpc2par*

### Notes

It is assumed that *lsp* has loggain at *lsp*[0].

## Mel-generalized cepstrum conversions

<i>mc2b</i> ( <i>mc</i> [, <i>alpha</i> ])	Mel-cepstrum to MLSA filter coefficients
<i>b2mc</i> ( <i>b</i> [, <i>alpha</i> ])	MLSA filter coefficients to mel-cepstrum
<i>c2acr</i> ( <i>c</i> [, <i>order</i> , <i>ffilen</i> ])	Cepstrum to autocorrelation
<i>c2ir</i> ( <i>c</i> [, <i>length</i> ])	Cepstrum to impulse response
<i>ic2ir</i> ( <i>h</i> [, <i>order</i> ])	Impulse response to cepstrum
<i>c2ndps</i> ( <i>c</i> [, <i>ffilen</i> ])	Cepstrum to Negative Derivative of Phase Spectrum (NDPS)
<i>ndps2c</i> ( <i>ndps</i> [, <i>order</i> ])	Cepstrum to Negative Derivative of Phase Spectrum (NDPS)
<i>gc2gc</i> ( <i>src_ceps</i> [, <i>src_gamma</i> , <i>dst_order</i> , ...])	Generalized cepstrum transform

Continued on next page

Table 4.6 – continued from previous page

<code>gnorm(ceps[, gamma])</code>	Gain normalization
<code>ignorm(ceps[, gamma])</code>	Inverse gain normalization
<code>frequ(ceps[, order, alpha])</code>	Frequency transform
<code>mgc2mgc(src_ceps[, src_alpha, src_gamma, ...])</code>	Mel-generalized cepstrum transform
<code>mgc2sp(ceps[, alpha, gamma, fftlen])</code>	Mel-generalized cepstrum transform
<code>mgc1sp2sp(lsp[, alpha, gamma, fftlen, gain])</code>	MGC-LSP to spectrum

## pysptk.sptk.mc2b

`pysptk.sptk.mc2b` (*mc*, *alpha=0.35*)

Mel-cepstrum to MLSA filter coefficients

**Parameters** *mc* : array, shape

Mel-cepstrum.

**alpha** : float, optional

All-pass constant. Default is 0.35.

**Returns** *b* : array, shape(same as *mc*)

MLSA filter coefficients

**See also:**

`pysptk.sptk.mlсадf`, `pysptk.sptk.mglсадf`, `pysptk.sptk.b2mc`, `pysptk.sptk.mcep`,  
`pysptk.sptk.mgcep`, `pysptk.sptk.amcep`

## pysptk.sptk.b2mc

`pysptk.sptk.b2mc` (*b*, *alpha=0.35*)

MLSA filter coefficients to mel-cepstrum

**Parameters** *b* : array, shape

MLSA filter coefficients

**alpha** : float, optional

All-pass constant. Default is 0.35.

**Returns** *mc* : array, shape (same as *b*)

Mel-cepstrum.

**See also:**

`pysptk.sptk.mc2b`, `pysptk.sptk.mcep`, `pysptk.sptk.mlсадf`

## pysptk.sptk.c2acr

`pysptk.sptk.c2acr` (*c*, *order=None*, *fftlen=256*)

Cepstrum to autocorrelation

**Parameters** *c* : array

Cepstrum

**order** : int, optional

Order of cepstrum. Default is  $\text{len}(c) - 1$ .

**fftl** : int, optional

FFT length. Default is 256.

**Returns** **r** : array, shape (order + 1)

Autocorrelation

**Raises** **ValueError**

if non power of 2 **fftl** is specified

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.uels*, *pysptk.sptk.c2ir*, *pysptk.sptk.lpc2c*

### **pysptk.sptk.c2ir**

`pysptk.sptk.c2ir(c, length=256)`

Cepstrum to impulse response

**Parameters** **c** : array

Cepstrum

**length** : int, optional

Length of impulse response. Default is 256.

**Returns** **h** : array, shape (length)

impulse response

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.c2acr*

### **pysptk.sptk.ic2ir**

`pysptk.sptk.ic2ir(h, order=25)`

Impulse response to cepstrum

**Parameters** **h** : array

Impulse response

**order** : int, optional

Order of cepstrum. Default is 25.

**Returns** **c** : array, shape (order + 1)

Cepstrum

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.c2ir*

### pysptk.sptk.c2ndps

`pysptk.sptk.c2ndps` (*c*, *fftl**len*=256)  
Cepstrum to Negative Derivative of Phase Spectrum (NDPS)

**Parameters** *c* : array

Cepstrum

**fftl***len* : int, optional

FFT length. Default is 256.

**Returns** *ndps* : array, shape (*fftl**len* // 2 + 1)

NDPS

**Raises** **ValueError**

if non power of 2 *fftl**len* is specified

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.mgcep*, *pysptk.sptk.ndps2c*

### pysptk.sptk.ndps2c

`pysptk.sptk.ndps2c` (*ndps*, *order*=25)  
Cepstrum to Negative Derivative of Phase Spectrum (NDPS)

**Parameters** *ndps* : array, shape (*fftl**len* // 2 + 1)

NDPS

**order** : int, optional

Order of cepstrum. Default is 25.

**Returns** *c* : array, shape (*order* + 1)

Cepstrum

**Raises** **ValueError**

if non power of 2 *fftl**len* is detected

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.mgc2sp*, *pysptk.sptk.c2ndps*

### pysptk.sptk.gc2gc

`pysptk.sptk.gc2gc` (*src\_cep**s*, *src\_gamma*=0.0, *dst\_order*=None, *dst\_gamma*=0.0)  
Generalized cepstrum transform

**Parameters** *src\_cep**s* : array

Generalized cepstrum.

**src\_gamma** : float, optional

Gamma of source cepstrum. Default is 0.0.

**dst\_order** : int, optional

Order of destination cepstrum. Default is `len(src_ceps) - 1`.

**dst\_gamma** : float, optional

Gamma of destination cepstrum. Default is 0.0.

**Returns** **dst\_ceps** : array, shape (`dst_order + 1`)

Converted generalized cepstrum

**Raises** **ValueError**

- if invalid `src_gamma` is specified
- if invalid `dst_gamma` is specified

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.gcep*, *pysptk.sptk.mgcep*, *pysptk.sptk.freqt*, *pysptk.sptk.mgc2mgc*,  
*pysptk.sptk.lpc2c*

### pysptk.sptk.gnorm

`pysptk.sptk.gnorm(ceps, gamma=0.0)`

Gain normalization

**Parameters** **ceps** : array

Generalized cepstrum.

**gamma** : float, optional

Gamma. Default is 0.0.

**Returns** **dst\_ceps** : array, shape(same as `ceps`)

Normalized generalized cepstrum

**Raises** **ValueError**

if invalid `gamma` is specified

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.ignorm*, *pysptk.sptk.gcep*, *pysptk.sptk.mgcep*, *pysptk.sptk.gc2gc*,  
*pysptk.sptk.mgc2mgc*, *pysptk.sptk.freqt*

### pysptk.sptk.ignorm

`pysptk.sptk.ignorm(ceps, gamma=0.0)`

Inverse gain normalization

**Parameters** **c** : array

Normalized generalized cepstrum

**gamma** : float, optional

Gamma. Default is 0.0.

**Returns** **dst\_ceps** : array, shape (same as `ceps`)

Generalized cepstrum

**Raises** **ValueError**

if invalid `gamma` is specified

**See also:**

`pysptk.sptk.gnorm`, `pysptk.sptk.gcep`, `pysptk.sptk.mgcep`, `pysptk.sptk.gc2gc`,  
`pysptk.sptk.mgc2mgc`, `pysptk.sptk.freqt`

## pysptk.sptk.freqt

`pysptk.sptk.freqt` (*ceps*, *order=25*, *alpha=0.0*)

Frequency transform

**Parameters** `ceps` : array

Cepstrum.

**order** : int, optional

Desired order of transformed cepstrum. Default is 25.

**alpha** : float, optional

All-pass constant. Default is 0.0.

**Returns** `dst_ceps` : array, shape(`order + 1`)

frequency transformed cepstrum (typically mel-cepstrum)

**See also:**

`pysptk.sptk.mgc2mgc`

## pysptk.sptk.mgc2mgc

`pysptk.sptk.mgc2mgc` (*src\_ceps*, *src\_alpha=0.0*, *src\_gamma=0.0*, *dst\_order=None*, *dst\_alpha=0.0*,  
*dst\_gamma=0.0*)

Mel-generalized cepstrum transform

**Parameters** `src_ceps` : array

Mel-generalized cepstrum.

**src\_alpha** : float, optional

All-pass constant of source cepstrum. Default is 0.0.

**src\_gamma** : float, optional

Gamma of source cepstrum. Default is 0.0.

**dst\_order** : int, optional

Order of destination cepstrum. Default is `len(src_ceps) - 1`.

**dst\_alpha** : float, optional

All-pass constant of destination cepstrum. Default is 0.0.

**dst\_gamma** : float, optional

Gamma of destination cepstrum. Default is 0.0.

**Returns** `dst_ceps` : array, shape (`dst_order + 1`)

Converted mel-generalized cepstrum



**Raises ValueError**

- if invalid `src_gamma` is specified
- if invalid `dst_gamma` is specified

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.uels*, *pysptk.sptk.gcep*, *pysptk.sptk.mcep*, *pysptk.sptk.mgcep*,  
*pysptk.sptk.gc2gc*, *pysptk.sptk.freqt*, *pysptk.sptk.lpc2c*

**pysptk.sptk.mgc2sp**

`pysptk.sptk.mgc2sp` (*ceps*, *alpha=0.0*, *gamma=0.0*, *fftlens=256*)

Mel-generalized cepstrum transform

**Parameters ceps** : array

Mel-generalized cepstrum.

**alpha** : float, optional

All-pass constant. Default is 0.0.

**gamma** : float, optional

Gamma. Default is 0.0.

**fftlens** : int, optional

FFT length. Default is 256.

**Returns sp** : array, shape (`fftlens // 2 + 1`)

Complex spectrum

**Raises ValueError**

- if invalid `gamma` is specified
- if non power of 2 `fftlens` is specified

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.mgc2mgc*, *pysptk.sptk.gc2gc*, *pysptk.sptk.freqt*, *pysptk.sptk.gnorm*,  
*pysptk.sptk.lpc2c*

**pysptk.sptk.mgclsp2sp**

`pysptk.sptk.mgclsp2sp` (*lsp*, *alpha=0.0*, *gamma=0.0*, *fftlens=256*, *gain=True*)

MGC-LSP to spectrum

**Parameters lsp** : array

MGC-LSP

**alpha** : float, optional

All-pass constant. Default is 0.0.

**gamma** : float, optional

Gamma. Default is 0.0.

**fftlens** : int, optional

FFT length. Default is 256.

**gain** : bool, optional

Whether the input MGC-LSP should have loggain or not. Default is True.

**Returns** **sp** : array, shape (fftlen // 2 + 1)

Complex spectrum

**Raises** **ValueError**

- if invalid `gamma` is specified
- if non power of 2 `fftlen` is specified

**See also:**

`pysptk.sptk.mgc2mgc`

## F0 analysis

<code>swipe(x, fs, hopsize[, min, max, threshold, ...])</code>	SWIPE' - A Saw-tooth Waveform Inspired Pitch Estimation
<code>rapt(x, fs, hopsize[, min, max, voice_bias, ...])</code>	RAPT - a robust algorithm for pitch tracking

### pysptk.sptk.swipe

`pysptk.sptk.swipe(x, fs, hopsize, min=60.0, max=240.0, threshold=0.3, otype='f0')`

SWIPE' - A Saw-tooth Waveform Inspired Pitch Estimation

**Parameters** **x** : array

A whole audio signal

**fs** : int

Sampling frequency.

**hopsize** : int

Hop size.

**min** : float, optional

Minimum fundamental frequency. Default is 60.0

**max** : float, optional

Maximum fundamental frequency. Default is 240.0

**threshold** : float, optional

Voice/unvoiced threshold. Default is 0.3.

**otype** : str or int, optional

**Output format**

0. pitch
1. f0
2. log(f0)

Default is `f0`.

**Returns** `f0`: array, shape(`np.ceil(float(len(x))/hopsize)`)

Estimated `f0` trajectory

**Raises** `ValueError`

if invalid `otype` is specified

**See also:**

`pysptk.sptk.rapt`

## Examples

### `pysptk.sptk.rapt`

`pysptk.sptk.rapt(x, fs, hopsize, min=60, max=240, voice_bias=0.0, otype='f0')`

RAPT - a robust algorithm for pitch tracking

**Parameters** `x`: array, dtype=`np.float32`

A whole audio signal

`fs`: int

Sampling frequency.

`hopsize`: int

Hop size.

`min`: float, optional

Minimum fundamental frequency. Default is 60.0

`max`: float, optional

Maximum fundamental frequency. Default is 240.0

`voice_bias`: float, optional

Voice/unvoiced threshold. Default is 0.0.

`otype`: str or int, optional

**Output format**

0. pitch

1. `f0`

2. `log(f0)`

Default is `f0`.

**Returns** `f0`: array, shape(`np.ceil(float(len(x))/hopsize)`)

Estimated `f0` trajectory

**Raises** `ValueError`

- if invalid min/max frequency specified
- if invalid frame period specified (not in `[1/fs, 0.1]`)
- if input range too small for analysis by `get_f0`

**RuntimeError**

- problem in `init_dp_f0()`

Please see also the RAPT code in SPTK for more detailed exception conditions.

See also:

`pysptk.sptk.swipe`

**Notes**

It is assumed that input array `x` has `np.float32` dtype, while `swipe` assumes `np.float64` dtype.

**Examples****Excitation generation**

---

<code>excite(pitch[, hopsize, interp_period, ...])</code>	Excitation generation
---	-----------------------

---

**pysptk.sptk.excite**

`pysptk.sptk.excite` (*pitch*, *hopsize=100*, *interp\_period=1*, *gaussian=False*, *seed=1*)  
Excitation generation

**Parameters** `pitch` : array

Pitch sequence.

---

**Note:** `excite` assumes that input is a **pitch** sequence, not **f0** sequence. Pitch sequence can be obtained by specifying `otype="pitch"` to F0 estimation methods.

---

**hopsize** : int

Hop size (frame period in sample). Default is 100.

**interp\_period** : int

Interpolation period. Default is 1.

**gaussian** : bool

If True, generate gaussian noise for unvoiced frames, otherwise generate M-sequence. Default is False.

**seed** : int

Seed for `np.random` for Gaussian noise. Default is 1.

**Returns** `excitation` : array

Excitation signal

See also:

`pysptk.sptk.poledf`, `pysptk.sptk.swipe`, `pysptk.sptk.rapt`

## Window functions

<code>blackman(n[, normalize])</code>	Blackman window
<code>hamming(n[, normalize])</code>	Hamming window
<code>hanning(n[, normalize])</code>	Hanning window
<code>bartlett(n[, normalize])</code>	Bartlett window
<code>trapezoid(n[, normalize])</code>	Trapezoid window
<code>rectangular(n[, normalize])</code>	Rectangular window

### pysptk.sptk.blackman

`pysptk.sptk.blackman(n, normalize=1)`

Blackman window

**Parameters** `n` : int

Window length

**normalize** : int, optional

**Normalization flag**

- 0. don't normalize
- 1. normalize by power
- 2. normalize by magnitude

Default is 1.

**Returns** `w` : array, shape (n,)

blackman window

### pysptk.sptk.hamming

`pysptk.sptk.hamming(n, normalize=1)`

Hamming window

**Parameters** `n` : int

Window length

**normalize** : int, optional

**Normalization flag**

- 0. don't normalize
- 1. normalize by power
- 2. normalize by magnitude

Default is 1.

**Returns** `w` : array, shape (n,)

hamming window

### pysptk.sptk.hanning

`pysptk.sptk.hanning` (*n*, *normalize=1*)

Hanning window

**Parameters** *n* : int

Window length

**normalize** : int, optional

**Normalization flag**

0. don't normalize
1. normalize by power
2. normalize by magnitude

Default is 1.

**Returns** *w* : array, shape (*n*,)

hanning window

### pysptk.sptk.bartlett

`pysptk.sptk.bartlett` (*n*, *normalize=1*)

Bartlett window

**Parameters** *n* : int

Window length

**normalize** : int, optional

**Normalization flag**

0. don't normalize
1. normalize by power
2. normalize by magnitude

Default is 1.

**Returns** *w* : array, shape (*n*,)

bartlett window

### pysptk.sptk.trapezoid

`pysptk.sptk.trapezoid` (*n*, *normalize=1*)

Trapezoid window

**Parameters** *n* : int

Window length

**normalize** : int, optional

**Normalization flag**

0. don't normalize

1. normalize by power
  2. normalize by magnitude
- Default is 1.

**Returns** *w* : array, shape (n,)  
trapezoid window

### pysptk.sptk.rectangular

`pysptk.sptk.rectangular` (*n*, *normalize=1*)  
Rectangular window

**Parameters** *n* : int

Window length

**normalize** : int, optional

**Normalization flag**

0. don't normalize
1. normalize by power
2. normalize by magnitude

Default is 1.

**Returns** *w* : array, shape (n,)  
rectangular window

### Waveform generation filters

<code>poledf</code> ( <i>x</i> , <i>a</i> , <i>delay</i> )	All-pole digital filter
<code>lmadf</code> ( <i>x</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>pd</i> , <i>delay</i> )	LMA digital filter
<code>lspdf</code> ( <i>x</i> , <i>f</i> , <i>delay</i> )	LSP synthesis digital filter
<code>ltcdf</code> ( <i>x</i> , <i>k</i> , <i>delay</i> )	All-pole lattice digital filter
<code>glsadf</code> ( <i>x</i> , <i>c</i> , <i>stage</i> , <i>delay</i> )	GLSA digital filter
<code>mlsadf</code> ( <i>x</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>alpha</i> , <i>pd</i> , <i>delay</i> )	MLSA digital filter
<code>mglسادf</code> ( <i>x</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>alpha</i> , <i>stage</i> , <i>delay</i> )	MGLSA digital filter

### pysptk.sptk.poledf

`pysptk.sptk.poledf` (*x*, *a*, *delay*)  
All-pole digital filter

**Parameters** *x* : float

A input sample

**a** : array

AR coefficients

**delay** : array

Delay

**Returns** *y* : float

A filtered sample

**Raises** **ValueError**

if invalid delay length is supplied

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.lpc*, *pysptk.sptk.ltcdf*, *pysptk.sptk.lmadf*

### **pysptk.sptk.lmadf**

`pysptk.sptk.lmadf(x, b, pd, delay)`

LMA digital filter

**Parameters** *x* : float

A input sample

**c** : array

Cepstrum

**pd** : int

Order of pade approximation

**delay** : array

Delay

**Returns** *y* : float

A filtered sample

**Raises** **ValueError**

- if invalid order of pade approximation is specified
- if invalid delay length is supplied

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.uels*, *pysptk.sptk.acep*, *pysptk.sptk.poledf*, *pysptk.sptk.ltcdf*,  
*pysptk.sptk.glsadf*, *pysptk.sptk.mlsadf*, *pysptk.sptk.mglsadf*

### **pysptk.sptk.lspdf**

`pysptk.sptk.lspdf(x, f, delay)`

LSP synthesis digital filter

**Parameters** *x* : float

A input sample

**f** : array

LSP coefficients

**delay** : array

Delay



**Returns** *y* : float

A filtered sample

**Raises** **ValueError**

if invalid delay length is supplied

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.lpc2lsp*

### **pysptk.sptk.ltcd**

`pysptk.sptk.ltcd(x, k, delay)`

All-pole lattice digital filter

**Parameters** *x* : float

A input sample

**k** : array

PARCOR coefficients.

**delay** : array

Delay

**Returns** *y* : float

A filtered sample

**Raises** **ValueError**

if invalid delay length is supplied

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.lpc*, *pysptk.sptk.lpc2par*, *pysptk.sptk.lpc2lsp*, *pysptk.sptk.poledf*,  
*pysptk.sptk.lspdf*

### **pysptk.sptk.glsadf**

`pysptk.sptk.glsadf(x, c, stage, delay)`

GLSA digital filter

**Parameters** *x* : float

A input sample

**c** : array

Geneeraized cepstrum

**stage** : int

-1 / gamma

**delay** : array

Delay

**Returns** *y* : float

A filtered sample

**Raises** `ValueError`

- if invalid number of stage is specified
- if invalid delay length is supplied

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.ltcdf*, *pysptk.sptk.lmadf*, *pysptk.sptk.lspdf*, *pysptk.sptk.mlsadf*,  
*pysptk.sptk.mglsadf*

## pysptk.sptk.mlsadf

`pysptk.sptk.mlsadf(x, b, alpha, pd, delay)`

MLSA digital filter

**Parameters** `x` : float

A input sample

**b** : array

MLSA filter coefficients

**alpha** : float

All-pass constant

**pd** : int

Order of pade approximation

**delay** : array

Delay

**Returns** `y` : float

A filtered sample

**Raises** `ValueError`

- if invalid order of pade approximation is specified
- if invalid delay length is supplied

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.mcep*, *pysptk.sptk.amcep*, *pysptk.sptk.poledf*, *pysptk.sptk.ltcdf*,  
*pysptk.sptk.lmadf*, *pysptk.sptk.lspdf*, *pysptk.sptk.glsadf*, *pysptk.sptk.mglsadf*

## pysptk.sptk.mglsadf

`pysptk.sptk.mglsadf(x, b, alpha, stage, delay)`

MGLSA digital filter

**Parameters** `x` : float

A input sample

**b** : array

MGLSA filter coefficients

**alpha** : float  
 All-pass constant

**stage** : int  
 -1 / gamma

**delay** : array  
 Delay

**Returns** **y** : float  
 A filtered sample

**Raises** **ValueError**

- if invalid number of stage is specified
- if invalid delay length is supplied

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.mgcep*, *pysptk.sptk.poledf*, *pysptk.sptk.ltcdf*, *pysptk.sptk.lmadf*,  
*pysptk.sptk.lspdf*, *pysptk.sptk.mlsadf*, *pysptk.sptk.glsadf*

## Utilities for waveform generation filters

<i>poledf_delay</i> (order)	Delay for poledf
<i>lmadf_delay</i> (order, pd)	Delay for lmadf
<i>lspdf_delay</i> (order)	Delay for lspdf
<i>ltcdf_delay</i> (order)	Delay for ltcdf
<i>glsadf_delay</i> (order, stage)	Delay for glsadf
<i>mlsadf_delay</i> (order, pd)	Delay for mlsadf
<i>mglsadf_delay</i> (order, stage)	Delay for mglsadf

### pysptk.sptk.poledf\_delay

`pysptk.sptk.poledf_delay` (*order*)  
 Delay for poledf

**Parameters** **order** : int  
 Order of poledf filter coefficients

**Returns** **delay** : array  
 Delay

### pysptk.sptk.lmadf\_delay

`pysptk.sptk.lmadf_delay` (*order*, *pd*)  
 Delay for lmadf

**Parameters** **order** : int  
 Order of lmadf filter coefficients

**pd** : int

Order of pade approximation.

**Returns** `delay` : array

Delay

### **pysptk.sptk.lspdf\_delay**

`pysptk.sptk.lspdf_delay` (*order*)

Delay for lspdf

**Parameters** `order` : int

Order of lspdf filter coefficients

**Returns** `delay` : array

Delay

### **pysptk.sptk.ltcdf\_delay**

`pysptk.sptk.ltcdf_delay` (*order*)

Delay for ltcdf

**Parameters** `order` : int

Order of ltcdf filter coefficients

**Returns** `delay` : array

Delay

### **pysptk.sptk.glsadf\_delay**

`pysptk.sptk.glsadf_delay` (*order*, *stage*)

Delay for glsadf

**Parameters** `order` : int

Order of glsadf filter coefficients

**stage** : int

-1 / gamma

**Returns** `delay` : array

Delay

### **pysptk.sptk.mlsadf\_delay**

`pysptk.sptk.mlsadf_delay` (*order*, *pd*)

Delay for mlsadf

**Parameters** `order` : int

Order of mlsadf filter coefficients

**pd** : int

Order of pade approximation.

**Returns** `delay` : array

Delay

### **pysptk.sptk.mglsadf\_delay**

`pysptk.sptk.mglsadf_delay` (*order*, *stage*)  
Delay for mglsadf

**Parameters** `order` : int

Order of mglsadf filter coefficients

`stage` : int

-1 / gamma

**Returns** `delay` : array

Delay

## **Metrics**

---

`cdist`(*c1*, *c2*[, *otype*, *frame*])

Calculation of cepstral distance

---

### **pysptk.sptk.cdist**

`pysptk.sptk.cdist` (*c1*, *c2*, *otype*=0, *frame*=False)  
Calculation of cepstral distance

**Parameters** `c1` : array

Minimum-phase cepstrum

`c2` : array

Minimum-phase cepstrum

`otype` : int

**Output data type**

0. [db]

1. squared error

2. root squared error

Default is 0.

`frame` : bool

If True, returns frame-wise distance, otherwise returns mean distance. Default is False.

**Returns** distance

## 4.1.2 Other conversions

Not exist in SPTK itself, but can be used with the core API. Functions in the `pysptk.conversion` module can also be directly accesible by `pysptk.*`.

<code>mgc2b(mgc[, alpha, gamma])</code>	Mel-generalized cepstrum to MGLSA filter coefficients
<code>sp2mc(powerspec, order, alpha)</code>	Convert spectrum envelope to mel-cepstrum
<code>mc2sp(mc, alpha, fftlen)</code>	Convert mel-cepstrum back to power spectrum
<code>mc2e(mc[, alpha, irlen])</code>	Compute energy from mel-cepstrum

### `pysptk.conversion.mgc2b`

`pysptk.conversion.mgc2b(mgc, alpha=0.35, gamma=0.0)`  
Mel-generalized cepstrum to MGLSA filter coefficients

**Parameters** `mgc` : array, shape

Mel-generalized cepstrum

**alpha** : float

All-pass constant. Default is 0.35.

**gamma** : float

Parameter of generalized log function. Default is 0.0.

**Returns** `b` : array, shape(same as `mgc`)

MGLSA filter coefficients

**See also:**

`pysptk.sptk.mlsadf`, `pysptk.sptk.mglsadf`, `pysptk.sptk.mc2b`, `pysptk.sptk.b2mc`,  
`pysptk.sptk.mcep`, `pysptk.sptk.mgcep`

### `pysptk.conversion.sp2mc`

`pysptk.conversion.sp2mc(powerspec, order, alpha)`  
Convert spectrum envelope to mel-cepstrum

This is a simplified implementation of `mcep` for input type is 4.

**Parameters** `powerspec` : array

Power spectrum

**order** : int

Order of mel-cepstrum

**alpha** : float

All-pass constant.

**Returns** `mc` : array, shape(`order+1`)

mel-cepstrum

**See also:**

`pysptk.sptk.mcep`, `pysptk.conversion.mc2sp`

### pysptk.conversion.mc2sp

`pysptk.conversion.mc2sp` (*mc*, *alpha*, *fftl*)  
Convert mel-cepstrum back to power spectrum

**Parameters** *mc* : array

Mel-spectrum

**alpha** : float

All-pass constant.

**fftl** : int

FFT length

**Returns** *powerspec* : array, shape(fftl//2 +1)

Power spectrum

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.mcep*, *pysptk.conversion.sp2mc*

### pysptk.conversion.mc2e

`pysptk.conversion.mc2e` (*mc*, *alpha*=0.35, *irlen*=256)  
Compute energy from mel-cepstrum

Inspired from *hts\_engine*

**Parameters** *mc* : array

Mel-spectrum

**alpha** : float

All-pass constant.

**irlen** : int

IIR filter length

**Returns** *energy* : floating point, scalar

frame energy

## 4.1.3 High-level interface for waveform synthesis

Module `pysptk.synthesis` provides high-level interface that wraps low-level SPTK waveform synthesis functions (e.g. `mlsadf`),

### Synthesizer

**class** `pysptk.synthesis.Synthesizer` (*filt*, *hops*)  
Speech waveform synthesizer

## Attributes

<b>filt</b>	(SynthesisFilter) A speech synthesis filter
<b>hopsize</b>	(int) Hop size

**synthesis** (*source, b*)

Synthesize a waveform given a source excitation and sequence of filter coefficients (e.g. cepstrum).

**Parameters** **source** : array

Source excitation

**b** : array

Filter coefficients

**Returns** **y** : array, shape (same as *source*)

Synthesized waveform

**synthesis\_one\_frame** (*source, prev\_b, curr\_b*)

Synthesize one frame waveform

**Parameters** **source** : array

Source excitation

**prev\_b** : array

Filter coefficients of previous frame

**curr\_b** : array

Filter coefficients of current frame

**Returns** **y** : array

Synthesized waveform

## SynthesisFilters

### LMADF

**class** `pysptk.synthesis.LMADF` (*order=25, pd=4*)

LMA digital filter that wraps `lmadf`

## Attributes

<b>pd</b>	(int) Order of pade approximation. Default is 4.
<b>delay</b>	(array) Delay

**filt** (*x, coef*)

Filter one sample using using `lmadf`

**Parameters** **x** : float

A input sample

**coef**: array



LMA filter coefficients (i.e. Cepstrum)

**Returns** `y` : float

A filtered sample

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.lmadf*

## MLSADF

**class** `pysptk.synthesis.MLSADF` (*order=25, alpha=0.35, pd=4*)  
 MLSA digital filter that wraps `mlsadf`

### Attributes

<b>alpha</b>	(float) All-pass constant
<b>pd</b>	(int) Order of pade approximation. Default is 4.
<b>delay</b>	(array) Delay

**filt** (*x, coef*)

Filter one sample using `mlsadf`

**Parameters** `x` : float

A input sample

**coef**: array

MLSA filter coefficients

**Returns** `y` : float

A filtered sample

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.mlsadf, pysptk.sptk.mc2b*

## MGLSADF

**class** `pysptk.synthesis.MGLSADF` (*order=25, alpha=0.35, stage=1*)  
 MGLSA digital filter that wraps `mglسادf`

### Attributes

<b>alpha</b>	(float) All-pass constant
<b>stage</b>	(int) -1/gamma
<b>delay</b>	(array) Delay

**filt** (*x, coef*)

Filter one sample using `mglسادf`

**Parameters** *x* : float

A input sample

**coef**: array

MGLSA filter coefficients

**Returns** *y* : float

A filtered sample

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.mglsadf*

## AllPoleDF

**class** `pysptk.synthesis.AllPoleDF` (*order=25*)

All-pole digital filter that wraps `poledf`

### Attributes

<b>delay</b>	(array) Delay
--------------	---------------

**filt** (*x, coef*)

Filter one sample using using `poledf`

**Parameters** *x* : float

A input sample

**coef**: array

LPC (with loggain)

**Returns** *y* : float

A filtered sample

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.poledf*

## AllPoleLatticeDF

**class** `pysptk.synthesis.AllPoleLatticeDF` (*order=25*)

All-pole lattice digital filter that wraps `ltdcf`

### Attributes

<b>delay</b>	(array) Delay
--------------	---------------

**filt** (*x, coef*)

Filter one sample using using `ltdcf`

**Parameters** *x* : float

A input sample

**coef**: array

PARCOR coefficients (with loggain)

**Returns** *y* : float

A filtered sample

**See also:**

*pysptk.sptk.ltcdf*

## Synthesis filter interface

**class** `pysptk.synthesis.SynthesisFilter`

Synthesis filter interface

All synthesis filters must implement this interface

**filt** (*x*, *coef*)

Filter one sample

**Parameters** *x* : float

A input sample

**coef** : array

Filter coefficients

**Returns** *y* : float

A filtered sample

## 4.1.4 Utilities

### Audio files

---

*example\_audio\_file*()

Get the path to an included audio example file.

---

### `pysptk.util.example_audio_file`

`pysptk.util.example_audio_file()`

Get the path to an included audio example file.

### Examples

### Mel-cepstrum analysis

---

*mcepalpha*(*fs*[, *start*, *stop*, *step*, *num\_points*])

Compute appropriate frequency warping parameter given a sampling frequency

---

## pysptk.util.mcepalpha

`pysptk.util.mcepalpha` (*fs*, *start=0.0*, *stop=1.0*, *step=0.001*, *num\_points=1000*)

Compute appropriate frequency warping parameter given a sampling frequency

It would be useful to determine alpha parameter in mel-cepstrum analysis.

The code is traslated from [https://bitbucket.org/happyalu/mcep\\_alpha\\_calc](https://bitbucket.org/happyalu/mcep_alpha_calc).

### Parameters **fs** : int

Sampling frequency

### **start** : float

start value that will be passed to `numpy.arange`. Default is 0.0.

### **stop** : float

stop value that will be passed to `numpy.arange`. Default is 1.0.

### **step** : float

step value that will be passed to `numpy.arange`. Default is 0.001.

### **num\_points** : int

Number of points used in approximating mel-scale vectors in fixed- length.

### Returns **alpha** : float

frequency warping paramter (offen denoted by alpha)

### See also:

`pysptk.sptk.mcep`, `pysptk.sptk.mgcep`

## 5.1 Developer Documentation

### 5.1.1 Design principle

pysptk is a thin python wrapper of SPTK. It is designed to be API consistent with the original SPTK as possible, but give better interface. There are a few design principles to wrap C interface:

1. Avoid really short names for variables (e.g. a, b, c, aa, bb, dd)

Variable names should be informative. If the C functions have such short names, use self-descriptive names instead for python interfaces, unless they have clear meanings in their context.

2. Avoid too many function arguments

Less is better. If the C functions have too many function arguments, use keyword arguments with proper default values for optional ones in python.

3. Handle errors in python

Since C functions might *exit* (unfortunately) inside their functions for unexpected inputs, it should be check if the inputs are supported or not in python.

To wrap C interface, Cython is totally used.

### 5.1.2 How to build pysptk

You have to install `numpy` and `cython` first, and then:

```
git clone https://github.com/r9y9/pysptk
cd pysptk
git submodule update --init
python setup.py develop
```

should work.

---

**Note:** Dependency to the SPTK is added as a submodule. You have to checkout the supported SPTK as `git sudmobule update --init` before running `setup.py`.

---

### 5.1.3 How to build docs

pysptk docs are managed by the python sphinx. Docs-related dependencies can be resolved by:

```
pip install .[docs]
```

at the top of pysptk directory.

To build docs, go to the `docs` directory and then:

```
make html
```

You will see the generated docs in `_build` directory as follows (might different depends on sphinx version):

```
% tree _build/ -d
_build/
├── doctrees
│   └── generated
├── html
│   ├── _images
│   ├── _modules
│   │   └── pysptk
│   ├── _sources
│   │   └── generated
│   ├── _static
│   │   ├── css
│   │   ├── fonts
│   │   └── js
│   └── generated
├── plot_directive
│   └── generated
```

See `_build/html/index.html` for the top page of the generated docs.

### 5.1.4 How to add a new function

There are a lot of functions unexposed from SPTK. To add a new function to pysptk, there are a few typical steps:

1. Add function signature to `_sptk.pxd`
2. Add cython implementation to `_sptk.pyx`
3. Add python interface (with docstrings) to `sptk.py` (or some proper module)

As you can see in `setup.py`, `_sptk.pyx` and SPTK sources are compiled into a single extension module.

---

**Note:** You might wonder why cython implementation and python interface should be separated because cython module can be directly accessed by python. The reasons are 1) to avoid rebuilding cython module when docs strings

are changed in the source 2) to make doc looks great, since sphinx seems unable to collect function arguments correctly from cython module for now. Relevant issue: [pysptk/#33](#)

## An example

In `_sptk.pyd`:

```
cdef extern from "SPTK.h":
    double _agexp "agexp"(double r, double x, double y)
```

In `_sptk.pyx`:

```
def agexp(r, x, y):
    return _agexp(r, x, y)
```

In `sptk.pyx`:

```
def agexp(r, x, y):
    """Magnitude squared generalized exponential function

    Parameters
    -----
    r : float
        Gamma
    x : float
        Real part
    y : float
        Imaginary part

    Returns
    -----
    Value

    """
    return _sptk.agexp(r, x, y)
```

## 5.2 Change log

### 5.2.1 v0.1.11 <2018-xx-xx>

- #55: Add numpy implementation of `cdist`

### 5.2.2 v0.1.10 <2018-01-02>

- #54: Changes from SPTK v3.11 release. 6 and 7 pade approximatio in `lmadf` and `mlsadf` is now supported,

### 5.2.3 v0.1.9 <2018-01-01>

- BUG fix: `example_audio_data` is now included in the release `tar.gz`

#### 5.2.4 v0.1.8 <2017-12-25>

- `c2acr`: Fix segfaults for small `fftsize`

#### 5.2.5 v0.1.7 <2017-06-28>

- Extend `vec2vec` functions to `mat2mat` #49
- Support automatic type conversions #48

#### 5.2.6 v0.1.6 <2017-05-18>

- Add `mcepalpha`. #43
- Add `mc2e`. #42
- Add `sp2mc` and `mc2sp`. #41

#### 5.2.7 v0.1.5 <2017-04-22>

- Fix `mcep eps` check and input length #39

#### 5.2.8 v0.1.4 <2015-11-23>

- Add developer documentation (#34)
- Separate cython implementation and interface (#35)
- Add RAPT (#32)
- Add `excite` function (#31) @jfsantos
- Fix inconsistent docs about normalization flag for window functions
- Fix test failure in `c2dps / ndps2c` (#29)

#### 5.2.9 v0.1.3 <2015-10-02>

- Building binary wheels for Windows using Appveyor (#28)
- Add Installation guide on windows (#25)
- Start Windows continuous integration on AppVeyor (#24). As part of the issue, binary dependency was updated so that SPTK library can be compiled on linux, osx and Windows as well.
- Remove unnecessary array initialization (#23)

#### 5.2.10 v0.1.2 <2015-09-12>

- Add `pysptk.synthesis` package that provides high level interfaces for speech waveform synthesis (#14)
- Add cross-link to the docs
- Add `pysptk.conversion.mgc2b`
- Add speech analysis and re-synthesis demonstration notebook (#13)



- Add `pysptk.util.example_audio_file`
- Add `fftcep` (#18)
- Add `mfcc` (#21)
- Cython is now only required to build development versioni of pysptk. (#8)

### 5.2.11 v0.1.1 <2015-09-05>

- Include \*.c to pypi distribution

### 5.2.12 v0.1.0 <2015-09-05>

- Initial release



## CHAPTER 6

---

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