
Pylama Documentation

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Welcome to Pylama's documentation.

Code audit tool for Python and JavaScript. Pylama wraps these tools:

- [pycodestyle](#) (formerly pep8) © 2012-2013, Florent Xicluna;
- [pydocstyle](#) (formerly pep257 by Vladimir Keleshev) © 2014, Amir Rachum;
- [PyFlakes](#) © 2005-2013, Kevin Watters;
- [Mccabe](#) © Ned Batchelder;
- [Pylint](#) © 2013, Logilab (should be installed 'pylama_pylint' module);
- [Radon](#) © Michele Lacchia
- [gjslint](#) © The Closure Linter Authors (should be installed 'pylama_gjslint' module);

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Part I

Requirements:

- Python (2.7, 3.2, 3.3)
- To use JavaScript checker (gjshint) you need to install python-gflags with `pip install python-gflags`.
- If your tests are failing on Win platform you are missing: `curses` - <http://www.lfd.uci.edu/~gohlke/pythonlibs/>
(The `curses` library supplies a terminal-independent screen-painting and keyboard-handling facility for text-based terminals)

Part II

Installation:

Pylama could be installed using pip: ::

```
$ pip install pylama
```


Part III

Quickstart

Pylama is easy to use and really fun for checking code quality. Just run *pylama* and get common output from all pylama plugins (*pycodestyle*, *PyFlakes* and etc)

Recursive check the current directory.

```
$ pylama
```

Recursive check a path.

```
$ pylama <path_to_directory_or_file>
```

Ignore errors

```
$ pylama -i W,E501
```

Note: You could choose a group errors *D*, *'E1'* and etc or special errors *C0312*

Choose code checkers

```
$ pylama -l "pycodestyle,mccabe"
```

Choose code checkers for JavaScript:

```
$ pylama --linters=gjslint --ignore=E:0010 <path_to_directory_or_file>
```


Part IV

Set Pylama (checkers) options

Command line options

```
$ pylama --help

usage: pylama [-h] [--verbose] [--version] [--format {pycodestyle,pylint}]
             [--select SELECT] [--sort SORT] [--linters LINTERS]
             [--ignore IGNORE] [--skip SKIP] [--report REPORT] [--hook]
             [--async] [--options OPTIONS] [--force] [--abspath]
             [paths [paths ...]]

Code audit tool for python.

positional arguments:
  paths                Paths to files or directories for code check.

optional arguments:
  -h, --help          show this help message and exit
  --verbose, -v       Verbose mode.
  --version           show program's version number and exit
  --format {pycodestyle,pylint}, -f {pycodestyle,pylint}
                    Choose errors format (pycodestyle, pylint).
  --select SELECT, -s SELECT
                    Select errors and warnings. (comma-separated list)
  --sort SORT        Sort result by error types. Ex. E,W,D
  --linters LINTERS, -l LINTERS
                    Select linters. (comma-separated). Choices are
                    mccabe,pycodestyle,pyflakes,pydocstyle.
  --ignore IGNORE, -i IGNORE
                    Ignore errors and warnings. (comma-separated)
  --skip SKIP        Skip files by masks (comma-separated, Ex.
                    */messages.py)
  --report REPORT, -r REPORT
                    Send report to file [REPORT]
  --hook            Install Git (Mercurial) hook.
  --async           Enable async mode. Useful for checking a lot of
                    files. Not supported by pylint.
  --options FILE, -o FILE
```

	Specify configuration file. Looks for pylama.ini, setup.cfg, tox.ini, or pytest.ini in the current directory.
--force, -F	Force code checking (if linter doesnt allow)
--abspath, -a	Use absolute paths in output.

CHAPTER 2

File modelines

You can set options for **Pylama** inside a source file. Use pylama *modeline* for this.

Format:

```
# pylama:{name1}={value1}:{name2}={value2}:...
```

```
.. Somewhere in code  
# pylama:ignore=W:select=W301
```

Disable code checking for current file:

```
.. Somewhere in code  
# pylama:skip=1
```

Those options have a higher priority.

CHAPTER 3

Skip lines (noqa)

Just add `#noqa` in end of line to ignore.

```
def urgent_fuction():  
    unused_var = 'No errors here' # noqa
```

Configuration file

Pylama looks for a configuration file in the current directory.

The program searches for the first matching ini-style configuration file in the directories of command line argument. Pylama looks for the configuration in this order:

```
pylama.ini
setup.cfg
tox.ini
pytest.ini
```

The “-option” / “-o” argument can be used to specify a configuration file.

Pylama searches for sections whose names start with *pylama*.

The “pylama” section configures global options like *linters* and *skip*.

```
[pylama]
format = pylint
skip = */.tox/*,*/*.env/*
linters = pylint,mccabe
ignore = F0401,C0111,E731
```

Set Code-checkers' options

You could set options for special code checker with pylama configurations.

```
[pylama:pyflakes]
builtins = _

[pylama:pycodestyle]
max_line_length = 100

[pylama:pylint]
max_line_length = 100
disable = R
```

See code-checkers' documentation for more info.

Set options for file (group of files)

You could set options for special file (group of files) with sections:

The options have a higher priority than in the *pylama* section.

```
[pylama:*/pylama/main.py]
ignore = C901,R0914,W0212
select = R

[pylama:*/tests.py]
ignore = C0110

[pylama:*/setup.py]
skip = 1
```


Part V

Pytest integration

Pylama has [Pytest](#) support. The package automatically registers itself as a pytest plugin during installation. Pylama also supports *pytest_cache* plugin.

Check files with pylama

```
pytest --pylama ...
```

Recommended way to set pylama options when using pytest — configuration files (see below).

Part VI

Writing a linter

You can write a custom extension for Pylama. Custom linter should be a python module. Name should be like 'pylama_<name>'.

In 'setup.py', 'pylama.linter' entry point should be defined.

```
setup(  
    # ...  
    entry_points={  
        'pylama.linter': ['lintername = pylama_lintername.main:Linter'],  
    }  
    # ...  
)
```

'Linter' should be instance of 'pylama.lint.Linter' class. Must implement two methods:

'allow' takes a path and returns true if linter can check this file for errors. 'run' takes a path and meta keywords params and returns a list of errors.

CHAPTER 7

Example:

Just a virtual 'WOW' checker.

setup.py:

```
setup(
    name='pylama_wow',
    install_requires=[ 'setuptools' ],
    entry_points={
        'pylama.linter': ['wow = pylama_wow.main:Linter'],
    }
    # ...
)
```

pylama_wow.py:

```
from pylama.lint import Linter as BaseLinter

class Linter(BaseLinter):

    def allow(self, path):
        return 'wow' in path

    def run(self, path, **meta):
        with open(path) as f:
            if 'wow' in f.read():
                return [{
                    lnum: 0,
                    col: 0,
                    text: 'Wow has been finded.',
                    type: 'WOW'
                }]
        return []
```

Run pylama from python code

```
from pylama.main import check_path, parse_options

my_redefined_options = {...}
my_path = '...'
options = parse_options([my_path], **my_redefined_options)
errors = check_path(options)
```


CHAPTER 9

Bug tracker

If you have any suggestions, bug reports or annoyances please report them to the issue tracker at <https://github.com/klen/pylama/issues>

CHAPTER 10

Contributing

Development of *pylama* happens at GitHub: <https://github.com/klen/pylama>

Contributors

See [AUTHORS](#).

CHAPTER 11

License

Licensed under a BSD license.