
habanero Documentation

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This is a low level client for working with Crossref's search API. It's been named to be more generic, as other organizations are/will adopt Crossref's search API, making it possible to interact with all from one client.

Crossref API docs

Other Crossref API clients:

- Ruby: *serrano*, <https://github.com/sckott/serrano>
- R: *rcrossref*, <https://github.com/ropensci/rcrossref>

habanero includes three modules you can import as needed (or import all):

Crossref - Crossref search API. The *Crossref* module includes methods matching Crossref API routes, and a few convenience methods for getting DOI agency and random DOIs:

- *works* - */works* route
- *members* - */members* route
- *prefixes* - */prefixes* route
- *funders* - */funders* route
- *journals* - */journals* route
- *types* - */types* route
- *licenses* - */licenses* route
- *registration_agency* - get DOI minting agency
- *random_dois* - get random set of DOIs

counts - citation counts. Includes the single *citation_count* method

cn - content negotiation. Includes the methods:

- *content_negotiation* - get citations in a variety of formats
- *csl_styles* - get CSL styles, used in *content_negotiation* method

Note about searching:

You are using the Crossref search API described at <https://github.com/CrossRef/rest-api-doc>. When you search with query terms, on Crossref servers they are not searching full text, or even abstracts of articles, but only what is available in the data that is returned to you. That is, they search article titles, authors, etc. For some discussion on this, see <https://github.com/CrossRef/rest-api-doc/issues/101>

Rate limits

See the headers *X-Rate-Limit-Limit* and *X-Rate-Limit-Interval* for current rate limits.

CHAPTER 1

Installation

Stable version

```
pip install habanero
```

Dev version

```
sudo pip install git+git://github.com/sckott/habanero.git#egg=habanero
```

```
# OR
```

```
git clone git@github.com:sckott/habanero.git
cd habanero
make install
```


Initialize a client

```
from habanero import Crossref
cr = Crossref()
```

Works route

```
x = cr.works(query = "ecology")
x['message']
x['message']['total-results']
x['message']['items']
```

Members route

```
cr.members(ids = 98, works = True)
```

Citation counts

```
from habanero import counts
counts.citation_count(doi = "10.1016/j.fbr.2012.01.001")
```

Content negotiation - get citations in many formats

```
from habanero import cn
cn.content_negotiation(ids = '10.1126/science.169.3946.635')
cn.content_negotiation(ids = '10.1126/science.169.3946.635', format = "citeproc-json")
cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.1126/science.169.3946.635", format = "rdf-xml")
cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.1126/science.169.3946.635", format = "text")
cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.1126/science.169.3946.635", format = "text", style =
→ "apa")
cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.1126/science.169.3946.635", format = "bibentry")
```


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Contents

Crossref Search

`class habanero.Crossref` (*base_url='https://api.crossref.org', api_key=None*)
Crossref: Class for Crossref search API methods

Includes methods matching Crossref API routes

- `/works` - *works()*
- `/members` - *members()*
- `/prefixes` - *prefixes()*
- `/funders` - *funders()*
- `/journals` - *journals()*
- `/types` - *types()*
- `/licenses` - *licenses()*

Also:

- `registration_agency` - `registration_agency()`
- `random_dois` - `random_dois()`

What am I actually searching when using the Crossref search API?

You are using the Crossref search API described at https://github.com/CrossRef/rest-api-doc/blob/master/rest_api.md. When you search with query terms, on Crossref servers they are not searching full text, or even abstracts of articles, but only what is available in the data that is returned to you. That is, they search article titles, authors, etc. For some discussion on this, see <https://github.com/CrossRef/rest-api-doc/issues/101>

Doing setup:

```
from habanero import Crossref
cr = Crossref()
# set a different base url
Crossref(base_url = "http://some.other.url")
# set an api key
Crossref(api_key = "123456")
```

Rate limits

See the headers `X-Rate-Limit-Limit` and `X-Rate-Limit-Interval` for current rate limits. As of this writing the limit is 50 requests per second, but that could change. In addition, it's not clear what the time is to reset. See below for getting header info for your requests. **Verbose curl output:**

```
import requests
import logging
import httplib as http_client
http_client.HTTPConnection.debuglevel = 1
logging.basicConfig()
logging.getLogger().setLevel(logging.DEBUG)
requests_log = logging.getLogger("requests.packages.urllib3")
requests_log.setLevel(logging.DEBUG)
requests_log.propagate = True
from habanero import Crossref
cr = Crossref()
cr.works(query = "ecology")
```

Field queries

One or more field queries. Field queries are searches on specific fields. For example, using `query_title` searches titles instead of full search across all fields as would happen by default. Acceptable set of field query parameters are:

- `query_title` - Query title and subtitle
- `query_container_title` - Query container-title aka. publication name
- `query_author` - Query author first and given names
- `query_editor` - Query editor first and given names
- `query_chair` - Query chair first and given names
- `query_translator` - Query translator first and given names
- `query_contributor` - Query author, editor, chair and translator first and given names

Sort options

- `score` or `relevance` - Sort by relevance score

- updated* - Sort by date of most recent change to metadata. Currently the same as deposited.
- deposited* - Sort by time of most recent deposit
- indexed* - Sort by time of most recent index
- published* - Sort by publication date
- published-print* - Sort by print publication date
- published-online* - Sort by online publication date
- issued* - Sort by issued date (earliest known publication date)
- is-referenced-by-count* - Sort by number of references to documents
- references-count* - Sort by number of references made by documents

Facet count options

- affiliation* - Author affiliation. Allowed value: *
- year* - Earliest year of publication, synonym for published. Allowed value: *
- funder-name* - Funder literal name as deposited alongside DOIs. Allowed value: *
- funder-doi* - Funder DOI. Allowed value: *
- orcid* - Contributor ORCID. Max value: 100
- container-title* - Work container title, such as journal title, or book title. Max value: 100
- assertion* - Custom Crossmark assertion name. Allowed value: *
- archive* - Archive location. Allowed value: *
- update-type* - Significant update type. Allowed value: *
- issn* - Journal ISSN (any - print, electronic, link). Max value: 100
- published* - Earliest year of publication. Allowed value: *
- type-name* - Work type name, such as journal-article or book-chapter. Allowed value: *
- license* - License URI of work. Allowed value: *
- category-name* - Category name of work. Allowed value: *
- relation-type* - Relation type described by work or described by another work with work as object. Allowed value: *
- assertion-group* - Custom Crossmark assertion group name. Allowed value: *

funders (*ids=None, query=None, filter=None, offset=None, limit=None, sample=None, sort=None, order=None, facet=None, works=False, cursor=None, cursor_max=5000, **kwargs*)
Search Crossref funders

Note that funders without IDs don't show up on the */funders* route, that is, won't show up in searches via this method

Parameters

- **ids** – [Array] DOIs (digital object identifier) or other identifiers
- **query** – [String] A query string
- **filter** – [Hash] Filter options. See examples for usage. Accepts a dict, with filter names and their values. For repeating filter names pass in a list of the values to that filter name, e.g., `{'award_funder': ['10.13039/100004440', '10.13039/100000861']}`. See <https://github.com/CrossRef/rest-api-doc#filter-names> for filter names and their descriptions and `filter_names()` and `filter_details()`
- **offset** – [Fixnum] Number of record to start at, from 1 to 10000
- **limit** – [Fixnum] Number of results to return. Not relevant when searching with specific dois. Default: 20. Max: 1000
- **sample** – [Fixnum] Number of random results to return. when you use the sample parameter, the limit and offset parameters are ignored. This parameter only used when works requested. Max: 100
- **sort** – [String] Field to sort on. Note: If the API call includes a query, then the sort order will be by the relevance score. If no query is included, then the sort order will be by DOI update date. See *sorting* for possible values.
- **order** – [String] Sort order, one of 'asc' or 'desc'
- **facet** – [Boolean/String] Set to `true` to include facet results (default: false). Optionally, pass a query string, e.g., `facet=type-name:*` or `facet=license=*` See *Facets* for options.
- **works** – [Boolean] If true, works returned as well. Default: false
- **kwargs** – additional named arguments passed on to `requests.get`, e.g., field queries (see examples and *FieldQueries*)

Returns A dict

Usage:

```

from habanero import Crossref
cr = Crossref()
cr.funders(ids = '10.13039/100000001')
cr.funders(query = "NSF")

# get works
cr.funders(ids = '10.13039/100000001', works = True)

# cursor - deep paging
res = cr.funders(ids = '10.13039/100000001', works = True, cursor = "*",
↳limit = 200)
sum([ len(z['message']['items']) for z in res ])
items = [ z['message']['items'] for z in res ]
items = [ item for sublist in items for item in sublist ]
[ z['DOI'] for z in items ][0:50]

# field queries
res = cr.funders(ids = "10.13039/100000001", works = True, query_container_
↳title = 'engineering', filter = {'type': 'journal-article'})
eds = [ x.get('editor') for x in res['message']['items'] ]
[ z for z in eds if z is not None ]

```

journals (`ids=None, query=None, filter=None, offset=None, limit=None, sample=None, sort=None, order=None, facet=None, works=False, cursor=None, cursor_max=5000, **kwargs`)
 Search Crossref journals

Parameters

- **ids** – [Array] DOIs (digital object identifier) or other identifiers
- **query** – [String] A query string
- **filter** – [Hash] Filter options. See examples for usage. Accepts a dict, with filter names and their values. For repeating filter names pass in a list of the values to that filter name, e.g., `{'award_funder': ['10.13039/100004440', '10.13039/100000861']}`. See <https://github.com/CrossRef/rest-api-doc#filter-names> for filter names and their descriptions and `filter_names()` and `filter_details()`
- **offset** – [Fixnum] Number of record to start at, from 1 to 10000
- **limit** – [Fixnum] Number of results to return. Not relevant when searching with specific dois. Default: 20. Max: 1000
- **sample** – [Fixnum] Number of random results to return. when you use the sample parameter, the limit and offset parameters are ignored. This parameter only used when works requested. Max: 100
- **sort** – [String] Field to sort on. Note: If the API call includes a query, then the sort order will be by the relevance score. If no query is included, then the sort order will be by DOI update date. See [sorting](#) for possible values.
- **order** – [String] Sort order, one of 'asc' or 'desc'
- **facet** – [Boolean/String] Set to `true` to include facet results (default: false). Optionally, pass a query string, e.g., `facet=type-name:*` or `facet=license=*`. See [Facets](#) for options.
- **works** – [Boolean] If true, works returned as well. Default: false
- **kwargs** – additional named arguments passed on to `requests.get`, e.g., field queries (see examples and [FieldQueries](#))

Returns A dict

Usage:

```

from habanero import Crossref
cr = Crossref()
cr.journals(ids = "2167-8359")
cr.journals()

# pass many ids
cr.journals(ids = ['1803-2427', '2326-4225'])

# search
cr.journals(query = "ecology")
cr.journals(query = "peerj")

# get works
cr.journals(ids = "2167-8359", works = True)
cr.journals(ids = "2167-8359", query = 'ecology', works = True, sort = 'score
↪', order = "asc")
cr.journals(ids = "2167-8359", query = 'ecology', works = True, sort = 'score
↪', order = "desc")
cr.journals(ids = "2167-8359", works = True, filter = {'from_pub_date': '2014-
↪03-03'})
cr.journals(ids = '1803-2427', works = True)
cr.journals(ids = '1803-2427', works = True, sample = 1)
cr.journals(limit: 2)

```

```
# cursor - deep paging
res = cr.funders(ids = '10.13039/100000001', works = True, cursor = "*",
↳limit = 200)
sum([ len(z['message']['items']) for z in res ])
items = [ z['message']['items'] for z in res ]
items = [ item for sublist in items for item in sublist ]
[ z['DOI'] for z in items ][0:50]

# field queries
res = cr.journals(ids = "2167-8359", works = True, query_title = 'fish',
↳filter = {'type': 'journal-article'})
[ x.get('title') for x in res['message']['items'] ]
```

licenses (*query=None, offset=None, limit=None, sample=None, sort=None, order=None, facet=None, **kwargs*)
 Search Crossref licenses

Parameters

- **query** – [String] A query string
- **offset** – [Fixnum] Number of record to start at, from 1 to 10000
- **limit** – [Fixnum] Number of results to return. Not relevant when searching with specific dois. Default: 20. Max: 1000
- **sort** – [String] Field to sort on. Note: If the API call includes a query, then the sort order will be by the relevance score. If no query is included, then the sort order will be by DOI update date. See *sorting* for possible values.
- **order** – [String] Sort order, one of ‘asc’ or ‘desc’
- **facet** – [Boolean/String] Set to *true* to include facet results (default: false). Optionally, pass a query string, e.g., *facet=type-name:** or *facet=license=** See *Facets* for options.
- **kwargs** – additional named arguments passed on to *requests.get*, e.g., field queries (see examples and *FieldQueries*)

Returns A dict

Usage:

```
from habanero import Crossref
cr = Crossref()
cr.licenses()
cr.licenses(query = "creative")
```

members (*ids=None, query=None, filter=None, offset=None, limit=None, sample=None, sort=None, order=None, facet=None, works=False, cursor=None, cursor_max=5000, **kwargs*)
 Search Crossref members

Parameters

- **ids** – [Array] DOIs (digital object identifier) or other identifiers
- **query** – [String] A query string
- **filter** – [Hash] Filter options. See examples for usage. Accepts a dict, with filter names and their values. For repeating filter names pass in a list of the values to that filter name, e.g., *{‘award_funder’: [‘10.13039/100004440’, ‘10.13039/100000861’]}*. See

<https://github.com/CrossRef/rest-api-doc#filter-names> for filter names and their descriptions and `filter_names()` and `filter_details()`

- **offset** – [Fixnum] Number of record to start at, from 1 to 10000
- **limit** – [Fixnum] Number of results to return. Not relevant when searching with specific dois. Default: 20. Max: 1000
- **sample** – [Fixnum] Number of random results to return. when you use the sample parameter, the limit and offset parameters are ignored. This parameter only used when works requested. Max: 100
- **sort** – [String] Field to sort on. Note: If the API call includes a query, then the sort order will be by the relevance score. If no query is included, then the sort order will be by DOI update date. See [sorting](#) for possible values.
- **order** – [String] Sort order, one of ‘asc’ or ‘desc’
- **facet** – [Boolean/String] Set to `true` to include facet results (default: false). Optionally, pass a query string, e.g., `facet=type-name:*` or `facet=license=*` See [Facets](#) for options.
- **works** – [Boolean] If true, works returned as well. Default: false
- **kwargs** – additional named arguments passed on to `requests.get`, e.g., field queries (see examples and [FieldQueries](#))

Returns A dict

Usage:

```
from habanero import Crossref
cr = Crossref()
cr.members(ids = 98)

# get works
res = cr.members(ids = 98, works = True, limit = 3)
len(res['message']['items'])
[ z['DOI'] for z in res['message']['items'] ]

# cursor - deep paging
res = cr.members(ids = 98, works = True, cursor = "*")
sum([ len(z['message']['items']) for z in res ])
items = [ z['message']['items'] for z in res ]
items = [ item for sublist in items for item in sublist ]
[ z['DOI'] for z in items ][0:50]

# field queries
res = cr.members(ids = 98, works = True, query_author = 'carl boettiger',
↳limit = 7)
[ x['author'][0]['family'] for x in res['message']['items'] ]
```

prefixes (`ids=None`, `filter=None`, `offset=None`, `limit=None`, `sample=None`, `sort=None`, `order=None`, `facet=None`, `works=False`, `cursor=None`, `cursor_max=5000`, `**kwargs`)

Search Crossref prefixes

Parameters

- **ids** – [Array] DOIs (digital object identifier) or other identifiers
- **filter** – [Hash] Filter options. See examples for usage. Accepts a dict, with filter names and their values. For repeating filter names pass in a list of the values to that filter name, e.g., `{‘award_funder’: [‘10.13039/100004440’, ‘10.13039/100000861’]}`. See

<https://github.com/CrossRef/rest-api-doc#filter-names> for filter names and their descriptions and `filter_names()` and `filter_details()`

- **offset** – [Fixnum] Number of record to start at, from 1 to 10000
- **limit** – [Fixnum] Number of results to return. Not relevant when searching with specific dois. Default: 20. Max: 1000
- **sample** – [Fixnum] Number of random results to return. when you use the sample parameter, the limit and offset parameters are ignored. This parameter only used when works requested. Max: 100
- **sort** – [String] Field to sort on. Note: If the API call includes a query, then the sort order will be by the relevance score. If no query is included, then the sort order will be by DOI update date. See *sorting* for possible values.
- **order** – [String] Sort order, one of ‘asc’ or ‘desc’
- **facet** – [Boolean/String] Set to `true` to include facet results (default: false). Optionally, pass a query string, e.g., `facet=type-name:*` or `facet=license=*` See *Facets* for options.
- **works** – [Boolean] If true, works returned as well. Default: false
- **kwargs** – additional named arguments passed on to `requests.get`, e.g., field queries (see examples and *FieldQueries*)

Returns A dict

Usage:

```

from habanero import Crossref
cr = Crossref()
cr.prefixes(ids = "10.1016")
cr.prefixes(ids = ['10.1016', '10.1371', '10.1023', '10.4176', '10.1093'])

# get works
cr.prefixes(ids = "10.1016", works = True)

# Limit number of results
cr.prefixes(ids = "10.1016", works = True, limit = 3)

# Sort and order
cr.prefixes(ids = "10.1016", works = True, sort = "relevance", order = "asc")

# cursor - deep paging
res = cr.prefixes(ids = "10.1016", works = True, cursor = "*", limit = 200)
sum([ len(z['message']['items']) for z in res ])
items = [ z['message']['items'] for z in res ]
items = [ item for sublist in items for item in sublist ]
[ z['DOI'] for z in items ][0:50]

# field queries
res = cr.prefixes(ids = "10.1371", works = True, query_editor = 'cooper',
↳filter = {'type': 'journal-article'})
eds = [ x.get('editor') for x in res['message']['items'] ]
[ z for z in eds if z is not None ]

```

random_dois (*sample=10, **kwargs*)

Get a random set of DOIs

Parameters

- **sample** – [Fixnum] Number of random DOIs to return. Default: 10. Max: 100
- **kwargs** – additional named arguments passed on to `requests.get`, e.g., field queries (see examples)

Returns [Array] of DOIs

Usage:

```
from habanero import Crossref
cr = Crossref()
cr.random_dois(1)
cr.random_dois(10)
cr.random_dois(50)
cr.random_dois(100)
```

registration_agency (*ids*, ****kwargs**)

Determine registration agency for DOIs

Parameters

- **ids** – [Array] DOIs (digital object identifier) or other identifiers
- **kwargs** – additional named arguments passed on to `requests.get`, e.g., field queries (see examples)

Returns list of DOI minting agencies

Usage:

```
from habanero import Crossref
cr = Crossref()
cr.registration_agency('10.1371/journal.pone.0033693')
cr.registration_agency(ids = ['10.1007/12080.1874-1746', '10.1007/10452.1573-
↪5125', '10.1111/(issn)1442-9993'])
```

types (*ids=None*, *query=None*, *filter=None*, *offset=None*, *limit=None*, *sample=None*, *sort=None*, *order=None*, *facet=None*, *works=False*, *cursor=None*, *cursor_max=5000*, ****kwargs**)
Search Crossref types

Parameters

- **ids** – [Array] Type identifier, e.g., journal
- **query** – [String] A query string
- **filter** – [Hash] Filter options. See examples for usage. Accepts a dict, with filter names and their values. For repeating filter names pass in a list of the values to that filter name, e.g., `{'award_funder': ['10.13039/100004440', '10.13039/10000861']}`. See <https://github.com/CrossRef/rest-api-doc#filter-names> for filter names and their descriptions and `filter_names()` and `filter_details()`
- **offset** – [Fixnum] Number of record to start at, from 1 to 10000
- **limit** – [Fixnum] Number of results to return. Not relevant when searching with specific dois. Default: 20. Max: 1000
- **sample** – [Fixnum] Number of random results to return. when you use the sample parameter, the limit and offset parameters are ignored. This parameter only used when works requested. Max: 100
- **sort** – [String] Field to sort on. Note: If the API call includes a query, then the sort order will be by the relevance score. If no query is included, then the sort order will be by DOI update date. See `sorting` for possible values.

- **order** – [String] Sort order, one of ‘asc’ or ‘desc’
- **facet** – [Boolean/String] Set to *true* to include facet results (default: false). Optionally, pass a query string, e.g., *facet=type-name:** or *facet=license=** See *Facets* for options.
- **works** – [Boolean] If true, works returned as well. Default: false
- **kwargs** – additional named arguments passed on to *requests.get*, e.g., field queries (see examples and *FieldQueries*)

Returns A dict

Usage:

```

from habanero import Crossref
cr = Crossref()
cr.types()
cr.types(ids = "journal")
cr.types(ids = "journal-article")
cr.types(ids = "journal", works = True)

# field queries
res = cr.types(ids = "journal-article", works = True, query_title = 'gender',
               ↪rows = 100)
[ x.get('title') for x in res['message']['items'] ]

```

works (*ids=None, query=None, filter=None, offset=None, limit=None, sample=None, sort=None, order=None, facet=None, cursor=None, cursor_max=5000, **kwargs*)
 Search Crossref works

Parameters

- **ids** – [Array] DOIs (digital object identifier) or other identifiers
- **query** – [String] A query string
- **filter** – [Hash] Filter options. See examples for usage. Accepts a dict, with filter names and their values. For repeating filter names pass in a list of the values to that filter name, e.g., *{‘award_funder’: [‘10.13039/100004440’, ‘10.13039/100000861’]}*. See <https://github.com/CrossRef/rest-api-doc#filter-names> for filter names and their descriptions and *filter_names()* and *filter_details()*
- **offset** – [Fixnum] Number of record to start at, from 1 to 10000
- **limit** – [Fixnum] Number of results to return. Not relevant when searching with specific dois. Default: 20. Max: 1000
- **sample** – [Fixnum] Number of random results to return. when you use the sample parameter, the limit and offset parameters are ignored. Max: 100
- **sort** – [String] Field to sort on. Note: If the API call includes a query, then the sort order will be by the relevance score. If no query is included, then the sort order will be by DOI update date. See *sorting* for possible values.
- **order** – [String] Sort order, one of ‘asc’ or ‘desc’
- **facet** – [Boolean/String] Set to *true* to include facet results (default: false). Optionally, pass a query string, e.g., *facet=type-name:** or *facet=license=**. See *Facets* for options.
- **cursor** – [String] Cursor character string to do deep paging. Default is None. Pass in ‘*’ to start deep paging. Any combination of query, filters and facets may be used with deep paging cursors. While rows may be specified along with cursor, offset and sample

cannot be used. See https://github.com/CrossRef/rest-api-doc/blob/master/rest_api.md#deep-paging-with-cursors

- **cursor_max** – [Fixnum] Max records to retrieve. Only used when cursor param used. Because deep paging can result in continuous requests until all are retrieved, use this parameter to set a maximum number of records. Of course, if there are less records found than this value, you will get only those found.
- **kwargs** – additional named arguments passed on to `requests.get`, e.g., field queries (see examples and *FieldQueries*)

Returns A dict

Usage:

```

from habanero import Crossref
cr = Crossref()
cr.works()
cr.works(ids = '10.1371/journal.pone.0033693')
dois = ['10.1371/journal.pone.0033693', ]
cr.works(ids = dois)
x = cr.works(query = "ecology")
x['status']
x['message-type']
x['message-version']
x['message']
x['message']['total-results']
x['message']['items-per-page']
x['message']['query']
x['message']['items']

# Get full text links
x = cr.works(filter = {'has_full_text': True})
x

# Parse output to various data pieces
x = cr.works(filter = {'has_full_text': True})
## get doi for each item
[ z['DOI'] for z in x['message']['items'] ]
## get doi and url for each item
[ {"doi": z['DOI'], "url": z['URL']} for z in x['message']['items'] ]
### print every doi
for i in x['message']['items']:
    print i['DOI']

# filters - pass in as a dict
## see https://github.com/CrossRef/rest-api-doc#filter-names
cr.works(filter = {'has_full_text': True})
cr.works(filter = {'has_funder': True, 'has_full_text': True})
cr.works(filter = {'award_number': 'CBET-0756451', 'award_funder': '10.13039/
↪100000001'})
## to repeat a filter name, pass in a list
x = cr.works(filter = {'award_funder': ['10.13039/100004440', '10.13039/
↪100000861']}, limit = 100)
map(lambda z:z['funder'][0]['DOI'], x['message']['items'])

# Deep paging, using the cursor parameter
## this search should lead to only ~215 results
cr.works(query = "widget", cursor = "*", cursor_max = 100)
## this search should lead to only ~2500 results, in chunks of 500

```

```

res = cr.works(query = "octopus", cursor = "*", limit = 500)
sum([ len(z['message']['items']) for z in res ])
## about 167 results
res = cr.works(query = "extravagant", cursor = "*", limit = 50, cursor_max =
↳500)
sum([ len(z['message']['items']) for z in res ])
## cursor_max to get back only a maximum set of results
res = cr.works(query = "widget", cursor = "*", cursor_max = 100)
sum([ len(z['message']['items']) for z in res ])
## cursor_max - especially useful when a request could be very large
### e.g., "ecology" results in ~275K records, lets max at 10,000
### with 1000 at a time
res = cr.works(query = "ecology", cursor = "*", cursor_max = 10000, limit =
↳1000)
sum([ len(z['message']['items']) for z in res ])
items = [ z['message']['items'] for z in res ]
items = [ item for sublist in items for item in sublist ]
[ z['DOI'] for z in items ][0:50]

# field queries
res = cr.works(query = "ecology", query_author = 'carl boettiger')
[ x['author'][0]['family'] for x in res['message']['items'] ]

```

Crossref Search Filters

static `Crossref.filter_names()`

Filter names - just the names of each filter

Filters are used in the Crossref search API to modify searches

Returns dict

Usage:

```

from habanero import Crossref
cr = Crossref()
cr.filter_names()

```

static `Crossref.filter_details()`

Filter details - filter names, possible values, and description

Filters are used in the Crossref search API to modify searches

Returns dict

Usage:

```

from habanero import Crossref
cr = Crossref()
cr.filter_details()
# Get descriptions for each filter
x = cr.filter_details()
[ z['description'] for z in x.values() ]

```

Citation counts

`counts.citation_count` (*doi*, *url*='http://www.crossref.org/openurl/', *key*='cboettig@ropensci.org', ***kwargs*)

Get a citation count with a DOI

Parameters

- **doi** – [String] DOI, digital object identifier
- **url** – [String] the API url for the function (should be left to default)
- **keyc** – [String] your API key

See <http://labs.crossref.org/openurl/> for more info on this Crossref API service.

Usage:

```
from habanero import counts
counts.citation_count(doi = "10.1371/journal.pone.0042793")
counts.citation_count(doi = "10.1016/j.fbr.2012.01.001")
# DOI not found
## FIXME
counts.citation_count(doi = "10.1016/j.fbr.2012")
```

Content negotiation

`cn.content_negotiation` (*ids*=None, *format*='bibtex', *style*='apa', *locale*='en-US', *url*=None, ***kwargs*)

Get citations in various formats from CrossRef

Parameters

- **ids** – [str] Search by a single DOI or many DOIs, each a string. If many passed in, do so in a list
- **format** – [str] Name of the format. One of “rdf-xml”, “turtle”, “citeproc-json”, “citeproc-json-ish”, “text”, “ris”, “bibtex” (Default), “crossref-xml”, “datacite-xml”, “bibentry”, or “crossref-tdm”
- **style** – [str] A CSL style (for text format only). See `cs1_styles()` for options. Default: “apa”. If there’s a style that CrossRef doesn’t support you’ll get a (500) Internal Server Error
- **locale** – [str] Language locale. See `locale.locale_alias`
- **url** – [str] Base URL for the content negotiation request. Default: `https://doi.org`
- **kwargs** – any additional arguments will be passed on to `requests.get`

Returns string, which can be parsed to various formats depending on what format you request (e.g., JSON vs. XML vs. bibtex)

Usage:

```
from habanero import cn
cn.content_negotiation(ids = '10.1126/science.169.3946.635')

# get citeproc-json
cn.content_negotiation(ids = '10.1126/science.169.3946.635', format = "citeproc-
→json")
```

```

# some other formats
cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.1126/science.169.3946.635", format = "rdf-xml")
cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.1126/science.169.3946.635", format = "crossref-
↪xml")
cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.1126/science.169.3946.635", format = "text")

# return an R bibentry type
cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.1126/science.169.3946.635", format = "bibentry")
cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.6084/m9.figshare.97218", format = "bibentry")

# return an apa style citation
cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.1126/science.169.3946.635", format = "text", ↪
↪style = "apa")
cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.1126/science.169.3946.635", format = "text", ↪
↪style = "harvard3")
cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.1126/science.169.3946.635", format = "text", ↪
↪style = "elsevier-harvard")
cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.1126/science.169.3946.635", format = "text", ↪
↪style = "ecoscience")
cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.1126/science.169.3946.635", format = "text", ↪
↪style = "heredity")
cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.1126/science.169.3946.635", format = "text", ↪
↪style = "oikos")

# Using DataCite DOIs
## some formats don't work
# cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.5284/1011335", format = "text")
# cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.5284/1011335", format = "crossref-xml")
# cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.5284/1011335", format = "crossref-tdm")

## But most do work
cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.5284/1011335", format = "datacite-xml")
cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.5284/1011335", format = "rdf-xml")
cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.5284/1011335", format = "turtle")
cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.5284/1011335", format = "citeproc-json")
cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.5284/1011335", format = "ris")
cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.5284/1011335", format = "bibtex")
cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.5284/1011335", format = "bibentry")
cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.5284/1011335", format = "bibtex")

# many DOIs
dois = ['10.5167/UZH-30455', '10.5167/UZH-49216', '10.5167/UZH-503', '10.5167/UZH-
↪38402', '10.5167/UZH-41217']
x = cn.content_negotiation(ids = dois)

# Use a different base url
url = "http://dx.doi.org"
cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.1126/science.169.3946.635", url = url)
cn.content_negotiation(ids = "10.5284/1011335", url = url)

```

`cn.csl_styles (**kwargs)`

Get list of styles from <https://github.com/citation-style-language/styles>

Parameters `kwargs` – any additional arguments will be passed on to `requests.get`

Returns list, of CSL styles

Usage:


```
from habanero import cn
cn.csl_styles()
```

Exceptions

class habanero.RequestError

Exception raised for request errors.

This error occurs when a request sent to the Crossref API results in an error. We give back:

- HTTP status code
- Error message

Changelog

0.5.0 (2017-07-20)

- Now using *vcrpy* to mock all unit tests (#54)
- Can now set your own base URL for content negotiation (#37)
- Some field queries with *works()* were failing, but now seem to be working, likely due to fixes in Crossref API (#53)
- style input to *content_negotiation* was fixed (#57) (#58) thanks @talbertc-usgs
- Fix to *content_negotiation* when inputting a DOI as a unicode string (#56)

0.3.0 (2017-05-21)

- Added more documentation for field queries, describing available fields that support field queries, and how to do field queries (#50)
- *sample* parameter maximum value is 100 - has been for a while, but wasn't updated in Crossref docs (#44)
- Updated docs that *facet* parameter can be a string query in addition to a boolean (#49)
- Documented new 10,000 max value for */works* requests - that is, for the *offset* parameter - if you need more results than that use *cursor* (see https://github.com/CrossRef/rest-api-doc/blob/master/rest_api.md#deep-paging-with-cursors) (#47)
- Added to docs a bit about rate limiting, their current values, that they can change, and how to show them in verbose curl responses (#45)
- Now using *https://doi.org* for *cn.content_negotiation* - and function gains new parameter *url* to specify different base URLs for content negotiation (#36)
- Fixes to kwargs and fix docs for what can be passed to kwargs (#41)
- Duplicated names passed to *filter* were not working - fixed now (#48)
- Raise proper HTTP errors when appropriate for *cn.content_negotiation* thanks @jmaupetit (#55)

0.2.6 (2016-06-24)

- fixed problem with *cr.works()* where DOIs passed weren't making the correct API request to Crossref (#40)
- added support for field queries to all methods that support */works* (<https://github.com/CrossRef/rest-api-doc/blob/master/rest_api.md#field-queries>) (#38)

0.2.2 (2016-03-09)

- fixed some example code that included non-working examples (#34)
- fixed bug in *registration_agency()* method, works now! (#35)
- removed redundant *filter_names* and *filter_details* bits in docs

0.2.0 (2016-02-10)

- user-agent strings now passed in every http request to Crossref, including a *X-USER-AGENT* header in case the *User-Agent* string is lost (#33)
- added a disclaimer to docs about what is actually searched when searching the Crossref API - that is, only what is returned in the API, so no full text or abstracts are searched (#32)
- improved http error parsing - now passes on the hopefully meaningful error messages from the Crossref API (#31)
- more tests added (#30)
- habanero now supports cursor for deep paging. note that cursor only works with requests to the */works* route (#18)

0.1.3 (2015-12-02)

- Fix wheel file to be a universal to install on python2 and python3 (#25)
- Added method *csl_styles* to get CSL styles for use in content negotiation (#27)
- More documentation for content negotiation (#26)
- Made note in docs that *sample* param ignored unless */works* used (#24)
- Made note in docs that funders without IDs don't show up on the */funders* route (#23)

0.1.1 (2015-11-17)

- Fix readme

0.1.0 (2015-11-17)

- Now compatible with Python 2x and 3x
- *agency()* method changed to *registration_agency()*
- New method *citation_count()* - get citation counts for DOIs
- New method *crosscite()* - get a citation for DOIs, only supports simple text format
- New method *random_dois()* - get a random set of DOIs

- Now importing *xml.dom* to do small amount of XML parsing
- Changed library structure, now with module system, separated into modules for the main Crossref search API (i.e., *api.crossref.org*) including higher level methods (e.g., *registration_agency*), content negotiation, and citation counts.

0.0.6 (2015-11-09)

- First pypi release

License

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