
GitDepend Documentation

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Kevin Johnson

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Solves the problem of working with multiple git repositories where lower level repositories produce nuget packages that are consumed by other repositories.

Why do I need GitDepend?

I work for a company that produces a lot of in-house nuget packages. Originally we tried maintaining the version of these packages manually. If you've ever tried doing that on a large scale you realize that it quickly gets unmanageable. It's easy to make mistakes with your versioning. It's easy to forget to bump the version. In short, versioning is something that should really be automated.

[GitVersion](#) to the rescue! With [GitVersion](#) we could just write code, and our packages magically version themselves correctly. BUT, there was still a big problem. We didn't like lower level packages having to bump their version just because another package had to change. [GitVersion](#) assumes the same version for the entire repository. So, if you need a unique version so that your code can stabilize on a version you need to split it into another git repository.

We started doing this... a LOT. Before we knew it the setup process to get our full process building involved checking out multiple repositories. Making sure that each one was on the appropriate branch for what we were doing, and writing a complicated build script that lived in the upper most repository to build all other repositories. As we added new repositories that build script was constantly changing, and getting more complicated. We needed a solution that made it easy to chain repositories together. Thus [GitDepend](#) was born.

CHAPTER 2

Installing GitDepend.CommandLine

GitDepend is available on nuget.org

```
Install-Package GitDepend.CommandLine
```


CHAPTER 3

Installing GitDepend.Portable

GitDepend is available on chocolatey.org

```
choco install GitDepend.Portable
```

Command Line Options

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| <code>add</code> | Add a dependency to an existing configuration |
| <code>branch</code> | List, create, or delete branches |
| <code>checkout</code> | Switch branches |
| <code>clean</code> | Cleans named or all dependencies |
| <code>clone</code> | Recursively clones all dependencies |
| <code>config</code> | Displays the full configuration file |
| <code>init</code> | Assists you in creating a <code>GitDepend.json</code> |
| <code>list</code> | Lists all repository dependencies |
| <code>manage</code> | Manage dependency url, directory, branch in config. |
| <code>remove</code> | Removes a dependency based on its name. |
| <code>status</code> | Displays git status on dependencies |
| <code>sync</code> | Sets the referenced branch to the currently checked out branch on dependencies. |
| <code>update</code> | Recursively builds all dependencies, and updates the current project to the newly built artifacts. |
| <code>help</code> | Display this <code>help</code> screen. |

add

Add a dependency

The following are all required. .. code-block:: bash

| | |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| -u, --url | Set the url for the dependency |
| -d, --dir | Set the directory for the dependency |
| -b, --branch | Set the branch for the dependency |

branch

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| <code>-d, --delete</code> | (Default: False) Indicates that the specified branch should be deleted. |
| <code>--force</code> | (Default: False) Indicates that the specified branch should be delete, regardless of whether it has been merged or not. |
| <code>--merged</code> | (Default: False) List all merged branches |
| <code>--dir</code> | The directory to process. The current working directory will be used if this option is ignored. |

checkout

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| <code>-b, --create</code> | (Default: False) Create a new branch |
| <code>--dir</code> | The directory to process. The current working directory will be used if this option is ignored. |

clean

All the options below correspond to git clean arguments. Must include arguments to perform clean.

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| <code>-f</code> | Force -- similar to <code>-f</code> argument in git |
| <code>-n</code> | Perform a dry run |
| <code>-x</code> | Removes untracked files -- performs <code>-x</code> argument in git |
| <code>-d</code> | Remove untracked directories -- performs <code>-d</code> argument in git |

clone

Recursively clones all dependencies

```
--dir    The directory to process. The current working directory will be used
         if this option is ignored.
```

config

Shows the configuration that will be used by GitDepend.

```
--dir    The directory to process. The current working directory will be used
         if this option is ignored.
```

init

Launches the configuration wizard. This will assist you to create a GitDepend.json file

```
--dir    The directory to process. The current working directory will be used
         if this option is ignored.
```

list

Lists all dependencies for the current project

```
--dir    The directory to process. The current working directory will be used
         if this option is ignored.
```

manage

Manage dependencies in your current directory

```
-n, --name    Required. Name of the dependency to update
-u, --url     Updates/sets the dependency url
-d, --dir     Updates/sets the dir given.
-b, --branch  Sets the branch for the given named dependency
```

Use cases

Update a dependency's url/directory/branch

```
manage dependencyName [--url url | --set-dir olddir newdir | --branch branch]
```

remove

Removes a dependency based on it's name.

..code-block:: bash

-n, --name Name of the dependency to remove

status

This displays the status of all the dependencies which you have listed in your config files.

Basically, the same as you running `git status` in all of your directories.

sync

Sync will make sure that your current directory and dependencies are on the same branch.

If they are, nothing will be updated. If your branches are out of sync, you will have a few options to resolve:

1. Resolve the differences in your GitDepend config files.
2. Assume config is correct, and switch to that branch.
3. Abort and take care of it yourself.

update

This is used to update nuget packages across all dependencies.

Run the `sync` command if you get the error of dependencies not being on the correct branch.

```
--dir     The directory to process. The current working directory will be used  
          if this option is ignored.
```

Usage Example

In the root of your repository you will include a `GitDepend.json` file

```
{
  "name": "Lib2",
  "build": {
    "script": "make.bat"
  },
  "packages": {
    "dir": "artifacts/NuGet/Debug"
  },
  "dependencies": [
    {
      "url": "https://github.com/GitDepend/Lib1.git",
      "dir": "../Lib1",
      "branch": "develop"
    }
  ]
}
```

Normally if you are working in an upper level repository you should just be able to run the build script and rely on nuget packages. However, when you have changed code in a lower level repository you will need to have those changes cascade up the chain. This is where GitDepend shines. Run the following command

```
GitDepend.exe update
```

This will follow the chain of `GitDepend.json` files. The following things will happen

1. Check out the dependency if it has not been checked out.
2. Ensure that the repository is on the correct branch.
3. update all dependencies (this is a recursive step)
4. consume the latest nuget packages produced by dependency repositories.

At this point the upper level repository should be all up to date, targetting the latest nuget packages and be ready to build.

Try it out!

Take a look at some example projects and try it out for yourself.

- [Lib1](#)
- [Lib2](#)

Lib2 depends on Lib1

Clone Lib2

```
git clone https://github.com/GitDepend/Lib2.git
```

from the root of Lib2 run

```
make.bat update
```

This will clone and build all dependencies

build it with

```
make.bat
```

Now, make a change in Lib1 and commit that change.

```
make.bat update
```

CHAPTER 6

Indices and tables

- `genindex`
- `search`