
django-statici18n Documentation

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A Django app that provides helper for generating JavaScript catalog to static files.

When dealing with internationalization in JavaScript code, Django provides the `javascript_catalog` view which sends out a JavaScript code library with functions that mimic the `gettext` interface, plus an array of translation strings.

At first glance, it works well and everything is fine. But, because `javascript_catalog` view is generating JavaScript catalog dynamically on each request, it's adding an overhead that can be an issue with site growth.

That's what `django-statici18n` is for:

Collecting JavaScript catalogs from each of your Django apps (and any other place you specify) into a single location that can easily be served in production.

The main website for `django-statici18n` is github.com/zyegfried/django-statici18n where you can also file tickets.

CHAPTER 2

Supported Django Versions

django-statici18n works with all the Django versions officially supported by the Django project. At the time of writing, these are the 1.8 (LTS), 1.9, 1.10, and 1.11 (LTS) series.

1. Use your favorite Python packaging tool to install `django-statici18n` from PyPI, e.g.:

```
pip install django-statici18n
```

2. Add `'statici18n'` to your `INSTALLED_APPS` setting:

```
INSTALLED_APPS = [  
    # ...  
    'statici18n',  
]
```

3. Once you have [translated](#) and [compiled](#) your messages, use the `compilejsi18n` management command:

```
python manage.py compilejsi18n
```

4. Add the `django.core.context_processors.i18n` context processor to the `context_processors` section for your backend in the `TEMPLATES` setting — it should have already been set by Django:

```
TEMPLATES = [  
    {  
        # ...  
        'OPTIONS': {  
            'context_processors': {  
                # ...  
                'django.core.context_processors.i18n',  
            },  
        },  
    },  
]
```

5. Edit your template(s) and replace the dynamically generated script by the statically generated one:

```
<script src="{{ STATIC_URL }}jsi18n/{{ LANGUAGE_CODE }}/djangojs.js"></  
↪script>
```



Note: By default, the generated catalogs are stored to `STATIC_ROOT/jsi18n`. You can modify the output path and more options by tweaking `django-statici18n` settings.

(Optional)

The following step assumes you're using `django.contrib.staticfiles`.

5. Edit your template(s) and use the provided template tag:

```
{% load statici18n %}
<script src="{% statici18n LANGUAGE_CODE %}"></script>
```

6. Or inline the JavaScript directly in your template:

```
{% load statici18n %}
<script>{% inlinei18n LANGUAGE_CODE %}</script>
```

Management commands

compilejsi18n

Collect JavaScript catalog files in a single location.

Some commonly used options are:

- l LOCALE or --locale=LOCALE** The locale to process. Default is to process all but if for some reason I18N features are disabled, only *settings.LANGUAGE_CODE* will be processed.
- d DOMAIN or --domain=DOMAIN** Override the gettext domain. By default, the command uses the `djangojs` gettext domain.
- p PACKAGES or --packages=PACKAGES** A list of packages to check for translations. Default is `'django.conf'`. Use multiple times to add more.
- o OUTPUT_DIR or --output=OUTPUT_DIR** Output directory to store generated catalogs. Defaults to the joining path of *STATICI18N_ROOT* and *STATICI18N_OUTPUT_DIR*.
- f OUTPUT_FORMAT or --format=OUTPUT_FORMAT**

Format of the output catalog. Options are:

- `js`,
- `json`.

Defaults to `js`.

For a full list of options, refer to the `compilejsi18n` management command help by running:

```
$ python manage.py compilejsi18n --help
```

Note: Missing directories will be created on-the-fly by the command when invoked.

Template tags

statici18n

`templatetags.statici18n.statici18n(locale)`

Builds the full JavaScript catalog URL for the given locale by joining the `STATICI18N_OUTPUT_DIR` and `STATICI18N_FILENAME_FUNCTION` settings:

```
{% load statici18n %}
<script src="{% statici18n LANGUAGE_CODE %}"></script>
```

This is especially useful when using a non-local storage backend to deploy files to a CDN or when using `CachedStaticFilesStorage` storage to serve files.

Note: Behind the scenes, it's a thin wrapper around the `static` template tag. Therefore, ensure that `django.contrib.staticfiles` is configured before proceeding. See [How to configure static files with django-statici18n?](#) for more information.

Settings

`django.conf.settings.STATICI18N_DOMAIN`

Default `'djangojs'`

The gettext domain to use when generating static files.

Can be overridden with the `-d/--domain` option of `compilejsi18n` command.

Usually you don't want to do that, as JavaScript messages go to the `djangojs` domain. But this might be needed if you deliver your JavaScript source from Django templates.

`django.conf.settings.STATICI18N_PACKAGES`

Default `('django.conf')`

A list of packages to check for translations.

Can be overridden with the `-p/--package` option of `compilejsi18n` command.

Each string in `packages` should be in Python dotted-package syntax (the same format as the strings in `INSTALLED_APPS`) and should refer to a package that contains a locale directory. If you specify multiple packages, all those catalogs are merged into one catalog. This is useful if you have JavaScript that uses strings from different applications.

`django.conf.settings.STATICI18N_ROOT`

Default `STATIC_ROOT`

Controls the file path that catalog files will be written into.

`django.conf.settings.STATICI18N_OUTPUT_DIR`

Default `'jsi18n'`

Controls the directory inside `STATICI18N_ROOT` that generated files will be written into.

`django.conf.settings.STATICI18N_FILENAME_FUNCTION`

Default 'statici18n.utils.default_filename'

The dotted path to the function that creates the filename.

The function receives two parameters:

- `locale`: a string representation of the locale currently processed
- `domain`: a string representation of the gettext domain used to check for translations

By default, the function returns the path '`<language_code>/<domain>.js`'.

The final filename is resulted by joining `STATICI18N_ROOT`, `STATICI18N_OUTPUT_DIR` and `STATICI18N_FILENAME_FUNCTION`.

For example, with default settings in place and `STATIC_ROOT = 'static'`, the JavaScript catalog generated for the `en_GB` locale is: `'static/jsi18n/en-gb/djangojs.js'`

Troubleshooting

Files are not served during development

By default `django-statici18n` doesn't rely on `django.contrib.staticfiles`, so you have to serve the generated catalogs files with the Django dev server. For example:

```
# urls.py
from django.conf import settings
from django.conf.urls.static import static

urlpatterns = patterns('',
    # ... the rest of your URLconf goes here ...
) + static(settings.STATIC_URL, document_root=settings.STATICI18N_ROOT)
```

However, when using the `statici18n` template tag you should first integrate `django-statici18n` with `django.contrib.staticfiles`. See [How to configure static files with django-statici18n?](#) for more information.

Note: Even if the setup looks a bit more tedious at first sight, using the `statici18n` template tag is the recommended way and it will make your life easier in the long run.

Catalog is empty

`django-statici18n` requires that the locale paths are available in the settings. So just add `LOCALE_PATHS=('/path/to/your/locale/directory',)` to the settings file.

For more information on how Django discovers translations, refer to the [official documentation](#).

FAQ

How to configure static files with django-statici18n?

Due to the modularity of `django.contrib.staticfiles` it's easy to use the storage facility provided by tweaking some settings.

There's two solution leveraging the `STATICFILES_FINDERS` setting:

- using a dedicated application, or,
- using a dedicated directory to hold the catalog files.

In the next sections, we'll detail with examples how to use both solutions. Choose the one that best fits your needs and/or taste.

See [static files management](#) for more information.

Once setup is in place, run the `compilejsi18n` command to compile/update the Javascript catalog files followed by the `collectstatic` command to generate the static files:

```
# compile/update Javascript catalog files...
$ python manage.py compilejsi18n

# then, collect static files.
$ python manage.py collectstatic
```

Using a placeholder app

You need to have the `AppDirectoriesFinder` finder enabled (the default).

Create a minimal app with a `static` subdirectory. For example, let's create an app named `i18n` to hold the generated catalogs:

```
cd /path/to/your/django/project
mkdir -p i18n/static
touch i18n/__init__.py i18n/models.py
```

Your project layout should then looks like the following:

```
example_project
|-- app
|   |-- __init__.py
|   |-- admin.py
|   |-- locale
|   |-- models.py
|   |-- static
|   |-- templates
|   |-- tests.py
|   `-- views.py
|-- i18n                                <-- Your dedicated app
|   |-- __init__.py
|   |-- models.py                       <-- A placeholder file to enable app loading
|   |-- static                           <-- The output directory of catalog files
|   `-- jsi18n
|-- manage.py
|-- project
|   |-- __init__.py
|   |-- locale
|   |-- settings.py
|   |-- templates
|   `-- urls.py
`-- public
    |-- static                           <-- The output directory of collected
    `-- jsi18n                           static files for deployment
```


Then update your settings accordingly. Following the previous example:

```
# project/settings.py

# ... the rest of your settings here ...

INSTALLED_APPS = (
    'django.contrib.staticfiles',
    # ...
    'statici18n',
    'i18n',
)

STATIC_ROOT = os.path.join(BASE_DIR, "public", "static")
STATICI18N_ROOT = os.path.join(BASE_DIR, "i18n", "static")
```

Using a placeholder directory

This approach extends the `STATICFILES_DIRS` setting. You need to have the `FileSystemFinder` finder enabled (the default).

Following is an example project layout:

```
example_project
|-- app
|   |-- __init__.py
|   |-- admin.py
|   |-- locale
|   |-- models.py
|   |-- tests.py
|   `-- views.py
|-- manage.py
|-- project
|   |-- __init__.py
|   |-- locale
|   |-- settings.py
|   |-- static          <-- Directory holding catalog files
|   |   `-- jsi18n
|   |-- templates
|   `-- urls.py
`-- public
    `-- static          <-- The output directory of collected
                        static files for deployment
```

Then update your settings accordingly. Following the previous example:

```
# project/settings.py

# ... the rest of your settings here ...

INSTALLED_APPS = (
    'django.contrib.staticfiles',
    # ...
    'statici18n',
)

STATIC_ROOT = os.path.join(BASE_DIR, "public", "static")
```

```
STATICI18N_ROOT = os.path.join(BASE_DIR, "project", "static")
STATICFILES_DIRS += (STATICI18N_ROOT,)
```

Can I use the generated catalog with RequireJS?

Yes. You just need some boilerplate configuration to export the object reference, like the following:

```
# settings.py
STATICI18N_ROOT = os.path.join(BASE_DIR, "project", "static")
STATICFILES_DIRS += (STATICI18N_ROOT,)

# app.js
require.config({
  baseUrl: "static/js",
  paths: {
    "jsi18n": "../jsi18n/{{ LANGUAGE_CODE }}/djangojs",
  },
  shim: {
    "jsi18n": {
      exports: 'django'
    },
  }
})

// Usage
require(["jquery", "jsi18n"], function($, jsi18n) {
  console.log(jsi18n.gettext('Internationalization is fun !'));
  // > "L'internationalisation, c'est cool !"
})
```

Changelog

v1.4.0 (2017 Jun 22)

- Add Django 1.11 support (thanks @bmedx)

v1.3.0 (2017 Jan 19)

- Pass language name instead of locale name on Django 1.10 (thanks @quantum5)
- Fix circle-ci builds

v1.2.1 (2016 Aug 20)

- Fix Django links to use version 1.10

v1.2.0 (2016 Aug 20)

- #17: Mark inlinei18n output as safe (thanks @quantum5)

- #23: Added support for JSON format in command-line based catalog generation (thanks @rarguelloF)
- #18: Added support for Django 1.9 and 1.10; this change also drops support for Django 1.4, 1.5, 1.6 and 1.7 as they are not officially supported by the DSF anymore (thanks @julen)
- #19: Added support for `USE_I18N = False` (thanks @julen)

v1.1.5 (2015 Aug 7)

- New release due to missing changelog in previous one

v1.1.4 (2015 Aug 7)

- Fix #14: `compilei18n` command should skip system checks (thanks @bubenkoff and @xolox)
- Update `python2.7` to 2.7.10

v1.1.3 (2015 Apr 19)

- Add django 1.8 support
- Fix deprecation warning from `django.utils.importlib` (thanks @ogai)

v1.1.2 (2015 Mar 18)

- Updated dependencies
- Added Python 3.2 and Django 1.7 test support
- Updated requirements to include the newest version of `appconf` and changed `setup.py` to reflect `appconf` requirement (thanks Nicholas Lockhart)

v1.1.1 (2014 Nov 17)

- Added empty catalog entry to troubleshooting section (thanks @eduardo-matos)

v1.1 (2014 Jan 12)

- Added `i18ninline` template tag (thanks @jezdez)
- Added `RequireJS` entry to the FAQ (thanks @Ewjoachim)

v1.0.1 (2013 Nov 20)

- Improved documentation clarity and cross-references
- Updated classifiers

v1.0.0 (2013 Nov 18)

- Added Django 1.6 support (thanks @ryanbutterfield)
- Improved documentation
- Added full test suite

Warning: The following changes are backward-incompatible with the previous release.

- Now use `STATIC_ROOT` as default value for `STATICI18N_ROOT`.

v0.4.5 (2013 Jun 13)

- Fixed ImportError exception.

v0.4.4 (2013 Jun 12)

- Fixed issue in filename function now using language code instead of locale name. Thanks Marc Kirkwood.
- Fixed Django documentation URLs to use 1.5 release.
- Improved the overall documentation.

v0.4.3 (2013 Jun 10)

- Updated documentation reference to Django 1.5.
- Fixed a typo in documentation.

v0.4.2 (2013 Feb 04)

- Fixing compiling the JS formats for non-default languages. Thanks @jezdez.

v0.4.1 (2012 Oct 17)

- Worked around an issue with unescaped string literals in Django JavaScript i18n code. Thanks @jezdez.

v0.4.0 (2012 Apr 04)

- Added statici18n template tag.

v0.3.1 (2012 Apr 03)

- Added license
- Fixed installation error due to missing manifests file.

v0.3.0 (2012 Apr 03)

- Added Sphinx documentation.
- Added many settings managed with django-appconf.

v0.2.0 (2012 Apr 02)

Warning: The following changes are backward-incompatible with the previous release.

- Renamed `collecti18n` command to `compilejsi18n`.
- Now use current static directory instead of `STATIC_ROOT` for sane defaults.

v0.1.0 (2012 Apr 02)

- Initial commit.

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