
django-siteflags Documentation

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Contents

1	Description	3
2	Requirements	5
3	Table of Contents	7
3.1	Quickstart	7
3.2	ModelWithFlag Model	8
4	Get involved into django-siteflags	11
5	Also	13

<https://github.com/idlesign/django-siteflags>

CHAPTER 1

Description

Reusable application for Django allowing users to flag/bookmark site objects

So you want a user to be able to put some flags on certain site entities.

Let's say you need a kind of bookmark powered service, or a site where content is flagged and moderated, or a simplified rating system or something similar.

CHAPTER 2

Requirements

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1. Python 2.7+, 3.5+
 2. Django 1.8+
 3. Django Auth contrib enabled
 4. Django Admin contrib enabled (optional)

3.1 Quickstart

Note: Add the `**siteflags*` application to `INSTALLED_APPS` in your settings file (usually `'settings.py'`).

Let's suppose we want our users to report fake articles.

Inherit your model from `siteflags.models.ModelWithFlag` and you're almost done.

myapp/models.py:

```
from siteflags.models import ModelWithFlag

class Article(ModelWithFlag):

    FLAG_FAKE = 10

    ... # Some model fields here.
```

myapp/views.py:

```
from django.shortcuts import get_object_or_404
from .models import Article

def article_details(request, id):

    article = get_object_or_404(Article, pk=id)

    ...

    # Now a user reports this article as a fake.
    article.set_flag(request.user, note='Hi, I found this article a fake!',
status=Article.FLAG_FAKE)
```

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```
...
```

And that's how it's done.

3.2 ModelWithFlag Model

`siteflags.models.ModelWithFlag` is practically all that's needed for flagging.

3.2.1 Methods

`get_flags_for_types(mdl_classes, [user=None[, status=None[, allow_empty=False]])`:

Returns a dictionary with flag objects associated with the given model classes (types). The dictionary is indexed by model classes. Each dict entry contains a list of associated flag objects.

Parameters

- **`mdl_classes`** (*list*) – Classes objects (types) list to get flags for.
- **`user`** (*User*) – Optional user filter
- **`status`** (*int*) – Optional status filter
- **`allow_empty`** (*bool*) – Include results for all given types, even those without associated flags.

`get_flags_for_objects(objects_list, [user=None[, status=None]])`:

Returns a dictionary with flag objects associated with the given objects. The dictionary is indexed by objects IDs. Each dict entry contains a list of associated flag objects.

Parameters

- **`QuerySet objects_list`** (*list,*) – Homogeneous objects list to get flags for.
- **`user`** (*User*) – Optional user filter
- **`status`** (*int*) – Optional status filter

`get_flags([user=None[, status=None]])`:

Returns flags for the object optionally filtered by user and/or status.

Parameters

- **`user`** (*User*) – Optional user filter
- **`status`** (*int*) – Optional status filter

`set_flag(user[, note=None[, status=None]])`:

Flags the object.

Parameters

- **`user`** (*User*) –
- **`note`** (*str*) – User-defined note for this flag.
- **`status`** (*int*) – Optional status integer (the meaning is defined by a developer).

`remove_flag([user=None[, status=None]])`:

Removes flag(s) from the object.

Parameters

- **user** (*User*) – Optional user filter
- **status** (*int*) – Optional status filter

is_flagged([user=None[, status=None]]):

Returns boolean whether the objects is flagged by a user.

Parameters

- **user** (*User*) –
- **status** (*int*) – Optional status filter

3.2.2 Customization

SiteFlags allows you to customize Flags model.

1. Define your own *flag* model inherited from *FlagBase*.
2. Now when *models.py* in your application has the definition of a custom flags model, you need to instruct Django to use it for your project instead of a built-in one:

```
# Somewhere in your settings.py do the following.
# Here `myapp` is the name of your application, `MyFlag` is the names of your
↳ customized model.

SITEFLAGS_FLAG_MODEL = 'myapp.MyFlag'
```

3. Run *manage.py syncdb* to install your customized models into DB.

Get involved into django-siteflags

Submit issues. If you spotted something weird in application behavior or want to propose a feature you can do that at <https://github.com/idlesign/django-siteflags/issues>

Write code. If you are eager to participate in application development, fork it at <https://github.com/idlesign/django-siteflags>, write your code, whether it should be a bugfix or a feature implementation, and make a pull request right from the forked project page.

Translate. If want to translate the application into your native language use Transifex: <https://www.transifex.com/projects/p/django-siteflags/>.

Spread the word. If you have some tips and tricks or any other words in mind that you think might be of interest for the others — publish them.

CHAPTER 5

Also

If the application is not what you want for content flagging/bookmarking, you might be interested in considering other choices — <https://www.djangopackages.com/grids/g/bookmarking/>