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# **django-image-cropping Documentation**

*Release dev*

**Jonas und der Wolf**

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django-image-cropping is an app for cropping uploaded images via Django's admin backend using [Jcrop](#).

Screenshot:

django-image-cropping is perfect when you need images with a specific size for your templates but want your users or editors to upload images of any dimension. It presents a selection with a fixed aspect ratio so your users can't break the layout with oddly-sized images.

The original images are kept intact and only get cropped when they are displayed. Large images are presented in a small format, so even very big images can easily be cropped.

The necessary fields, widgets and a template tag for displaying the cropped image in your templates are provided.

Also works with [FeinCMS](#) content types!



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## Installation

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1. Install `django-image-cropping` using `pip`:

```
pip install django-image-cropping
```

2. If you haven't installed `easy_thumbnails` already, install it:

```
pip install easy_thumbnails
```

3. Add `easy_thumbnails` and `image_cropping` to your `INSTALLED_APPS`.

4. Adjust the thumbnail processors for `easy-thumbnails` in your settings:

```
from easy_thumbnails.conf import Settings as thumbnail_settings
THUMBNAIL_PROCESSORS = (
    'image_cropping.thumbnail_processors.crop_corners',
) + thumbnail_settings.THUMBNAIL_PROCESSORS
```





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## Configuration

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Add an `ImageRatioField` to the model that contains the `ImageField` for the images you want to crop.

The `ImageRatioField` simply stores the boundaries of the cropped image. It expects the name of the associated `ImageField` and the desired size of the cropped image as arguments.

The size is passed in as a string and defines the aspect ratio of the selection *as well* as the minimum size for the final image:

```
from django.db import models
from image_cropping import ImageRatioField

class MyModel(models.Model):
    image = models.ImageField(blank=True, upload_to='uploaded_images')
    # size is "width x height"
    cropping = ImageRatioField('image', '430x360')
```

You can configure a [size warning](#) if users try to crop a selection smaller than the defined minimum.



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## Admin Integration

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Add the `ImageCroppingMixin` to your `ModelAdmin`:

```
from django.contrib import admin
from image_cropping import ImageCroppingMixin

class MyModelAdmin(ImageCroppingMixin, admin.ModelAdmin):
    pass

admin.site.register(MyModel, MyModelAdmin)
```

If your setup is correct you should now see the enhanced image widget that provides a selection area.



django-image-cropping provides a templatetag for displaying a cropped thumbnail. Any other processor parameter (like `bw=True` or `upscale=True`) will be forwarded to `easy-thumbnails`:

```
{% cropped_thumbnail yourmodelinstance "ratiofieldname" [scale=INT|width=INT|height=INT|max_size="INT"] %}
```

Example usage:

```
{% load cropping %}

```

You can also use the standard `easy-thumbnails` templatetag with the `box` parameter:

```
{% load thumbnail %}
{% thumbnail yourmodel.image 430x360 box=yourmodel.cropping crop detail %}
```

Or generate the URL from Python code in your view:

```
from easy_thumbnails.files import get_thumbnailer
thumbnail_url = get_thumbnailer(yourmodel.image).get_thumbnail({
    'size': (430, 360),
    'box': yourmodel.cropping,
    'crop': True,
    'detail': True,
}).url
```



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## ModelForm

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If you want to use the cropping widget outside the admin, you'll need to define the `ImageField` as an `ImageCropField`:

```
from django.db import models
from image_cropping import ImageCropField, ImageRatioField

class MyModel(models.Model):
    image = ImageCropField(blank=True, upload_to='uploaded_images')
    # size is "width x height"
    cropping = ImageRatioField('image', '430x360')
```

Alternatively, override the widget in your `ModelForm` (you just need to do one of these two, not both!):

```
from django import forms
from image_cropping import ImageCropWidget

class MyModelForm(forms.ModelForm):
    class Meta:
        widgets = {
            'image': ImageCropWidget,
        }
```

Remember to include the form media in the `<head>` of your HTML:

```
<html>
  <head>
    {{ form.media }}
  </head>
  <body>
    {{ form }}
  </body>
</html>
```

The cropping itself happens in the `ImageRatioField`, the `ImageCropField` will still behave like a regular `ImageField`.

If you're selectively including or excluding fields from the `ModelForm`, remember to include the `ImageRatioField`.





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## Multiple formats

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If you need the same image in multiple formats, simply specify another `ImageRatioField`. This will allow the image to be cropped twice:

```
from image_cropping import ImageRatioField, ImageCropField

image = ImageCropField(blank=True, upload_to='uploaded_images')
# size is "width x height"
list_page_cropping = ImageRatioField('image', '200x100')
detail_page_cropping = ImageRatioField('image', '430x360')
```

In your templates, use the corresponding ratio field:

```
{% load cropping %}
{% cropped_thumbnail yourmodel "list_page_cropping" %}
```



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## Foreign Keys

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If you need to crop an image contained within another model, referenced by a `ForeignKey`, the `ImageRatioField` is composed of the `ForeignKey` name, a double underscore, and the `ImageField` name:

```
from django.db import models
from image_cropping.fields import ImageRatioField

class Image(models.Model):
    image_field = models.ImageField(upload_to='image/')

class NewsItem(models.Model):
    title = models.CharField(max_length=255)
    image = models.ForeignKey(Image)
    cropping = ImageRatioField('image__image_field', '120x100')
```

Cropping foreign keys only works in the admin for now, as it reuses the `raw_id` widget.



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## Free cropping

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If you do not need a *fixed* ratio, you can disable this constraint by setting `free_crop` to `True`. In this case the `size` parameter is the desired minimum and is also used for the size-warning:

```
from image_cropping import ImageRatioField, ImageCropField

image = ImageCropField(blank=True, upload_to='uploaded_images')

# size is "width x height" so a minimum size of 200px x 100px would look like this:
min_free_cropping = ImageRatioField('image', '200x100', free_crop=True)
```

Use the `max_size` parameter of the `templatetag` if you want to limit the display size of a thumbnail:

```

```



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## Disabling cropping

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If you want cropping to be optional, use `allow_fullsize=True` as an additional keyword argument for your `ImageRatioField`.

Editors can now switch off cropping by unchecking a checkbox next to the image cropping widget:

```
image_with_optional_cropping = ImageRatioField('image', '200x100', allow_fullsize=True)
```





## 10.1 Thumbnail size

You can define the maximum size of the admin preview thumbnail in your settings:

```
# size is "width x height"
IMAGE_CROPPING_THUMB_SIZE = (300, 300)
```

## 10.2 Size warning

You can warn users about crop selections that are smaller than the size defined in the `ImageRatioField`. When users try to do a smaller selection, a red border appears around the image.

To use this functionality for a single image add the `size_warning` parameter to the `ImageRatioField`:

```
cropping = ImageRatioField('image', '430x360', size_warning=True)
```

You can enable this functionality project-wide by adding the following line to your settings:

```
IMAGE_CROPPING_SIZE_WARNING = True
```

## 10.3 Custom jQuery

By default the image cropping widget embeds a recent version of jQuery.

You can point to another version using the `IMAGE_CROPPING_JQUERY_URL` setting, though compatibility issues may arise if your jQuery version differs from the one that is tested against.

You can also set `IMAGE_CROPPING_JQUERY_URL` to `None` to disable inclusion of jQuery by the widget.



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## Changelog

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### 11.1 1.0

“If your software is being used in production, it should probably already be 1.0.0.” (<http://semver.org>)

### 11.2 0.9

This release addresses mainly the test coverage and internal stuff.

Noteable (breaking) changes and things to be considered when upgrading from an older version:

- `django-appconf` is now used for handling defaults and settings.
  - **Breaking Change:** `JQUERY_URL` changed to `IMAGE_CROPPING_JQUERY_URL` as part of this transition.
- The `cropped_thumbnail` tag is now based on Django’s `simple` tag.
  - **Breaking Change:** Arguments for the tag now need to be put in quotes.
  - If you are still using Django 1.4 remember that `you can’t easily use True or False` as template tag arguments.
- Any processor parameter (like `bw=True` or `upscale=True`) can be used in the `cropped_thumbnail` tag.
- Moved inline css to a dedicated `image_cropping.css` style sheet

### 11.3 0.8

- **Minimum** requirements changed to **Django 1.4** and **easy-thumbnails 1.4**
- Added Python 3 compatibility. Python 2.6 is now the minimum required Python version.
- Added a **free cropping** option, so cropping is no longer restricted to fixed ratios.
- Removed the deprecated `CropForeignKey` field.

## 11.4 0.7

- Made the widget for the `ImageCropField` overwriteable to allow custom widgets. (Remember to use the `ImageCroppingMixin` in the admin as the image cropping widgets are no longer implicitly set.)
- Updated `Jcrop` and `jQuery` dependencies.
- Moved docs to *Read the Docs*: <https://django-image-cropping.readthedocs.org>