
Cerridwen Documentation

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Cerridwen provides solar system data that is suitable for both astronomical and astrological purposes. It comes with a simple command-line utility and a JSON server, but is also designed to serve as a basis for your own application.

The motivation for this package is to have a reliable open-source library and API that provides comprehensive data on various planetary bodies and factors at a certain point in time.

Demo server

Take a good look first! :-)

You can check out a demo of the JSON API at this address:

<http://cerridwen.viridian-project.de/api/v1/moon>

This should work with your browser as well.

The current implementation of this API endpoint caches data for 10 seconds. In any case please let me know if you intend to use this for more than testing.

Starting with version 1.1.0 there's also another endpoint with sun data:

<http://cerridwen.viridian-project.de/api/v1/sun>

Quickstart

Are you hooked by now? ;-)

Installation via pip is very simple. Here are some command lines to get you started:

```
pip install cerridwen
```

This will install Cerridwen and its dependencies. Flask will be installed when you start `cerridwen-server` for the first time.

To test Cerridwen's data on the console, invoke:

```
cerridwen
```

If everything is to your satisfaction you can then start the API server if you wish:

```
cerridwen-server
```

It will start up in the foreground and listen on port 2828, serving moon data via HTTP in JSON format at the URI `/v1/moon`.

You can test it as follows:

```
curl http://localhost:2828/v1/moon
```

This should give you a proper JSON response with the current moon data.

Change the listen port by passing the `-p` switch to `cerridwen-server`, followed by the desired port.

- What zodiac is used for the longitudes?
- What about other planetary bodies?
- Will you add more moon data?
- What's the precision of the generated data?
- Hey, some of this stuff is slow!
- How can I help?

3.1 What zodiac is used for the longitudes?

All longitudes whether absolute or relative are based on the tropical zodiac. In this system of reference zero degrees refers to zero degrees tropical Aries, which in turn corresponds to the sun's position at the vernal equinox of the year in question.

3.2 What about other planetary bodies?

Cerridwen's source code is designed to be easily extensible to other planets and points. The goal is to add more planets in the future, probably starting with Mercury.

3.3 Will you add more moon data?

Yes! For example equatorial latitude and lunation numbers.

3.4 What's the precision of the generated data?

Please see the documentation on *Precision*.

3.5 Hey, some of this stuff is slow!

You're right! At the moment the new and full moons are computed anew everytime, which is hard on CPU power. This will change radically with the next version of the module which will have a separate lookup table generation stage for these and other events. This will also pave the way for certain new features like the lunation number.

3.6 How can I help?

First and foremost: use it! Also: tell your friends and fellow astronomers/astrologers!

You can also help write docs, contribute source code and tell me what you'd like to see in the project.

Donations are also welcome, they help me eat and pay my rent! :-) Even 1\$ helps.

Contributing

Cerridwen's codebase is on GitHub, at [skypher/cerridwen](https://github.com/skypher/cerridwen).

Feel free to browse, fork and submit patches and bug reports.

Feature requests are also welcome!

If you need help, you can also write to me at [<leslie.polzer@gmx.net>](mailto:leslie.polzer@gmx.net).

Requirements

Cerridwen depends on Python 3. You might be able to make it work with Python 2 as well. Patches welcome! Please let me know if there's a version of Python 3 that does not run Cerridwen properly.

It also depends on these packages:

- `pyswisseph`, the Python interface to the Swiss Ephemeris library
- `numpy`, which Cerridwen uses for its ephemeris calculations
- `Flask`, if you wish to run Cerridwen's API server

These dependencies will be installed automatically as needed.

Precision

There are two main data sources in Cerridwen with slightly different precision characteristics.

Most data, like planetary position and rise/set times, is pulled directly from the Swiss Ephemeris library, whose authors claim a precision of 0.001 arc seconds, or less than 2.8×10^{-7} degrees.

Other data like new and full moon events are generated by Cerridwen's algorithms. The results of these algorithms are guaranteed to be exact within 2×10^{-6} degrees, or 0.0072 arc seconds. This is in fact ensured by an assertion in the code.

Detection of the next sign change is accurate within 4×10^{-6} degrees, or 0.0144 arc seconds.

It follows that Cerridwen's calculations are precise enough to get event times down to the correct second.

Warning: Please note that the current implementation of the API server uses memoization for the moon data, generating a new response every 10 seconds only due to efficiency considerations. You can easily turn this off or modify this if you run your own API server, or just wait for the next version of Cerridwen that will be able to calculate new and full moons in a more efficient manner.

Changelog

Only major releases are documented here.

7.1 1.4.0

- Rework package structure, picking apart the mudball that was `__init__.py`.
- Add planets Uranus, Neptune and Pluto. Very basic interface only.
- Add planets Mercury, Venus, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn. Their interface is yet incomplete though.
- Add new Planet methods `max_speed`, `mean_orbital_period`, `relative_orbital_velocity`, `average_motion_per_year`, `aspect_lookahead`, `default_sample_interval`.
- Add sign change detection via `Planet.next_sign_change()`.
- Add `Moon.last_new_or_full_moon()`
- Precision lowered to 0.0072 arc seconds (was 0.0036), it was needed for proper ingress calculation.
- Update code for astropy 0.4 (rewrote one test case).
- Various bugfixes.

7.2 1.3.0

- Add arc seconds to relative position
- Add right ascension, declination and ecliptical latitude
- Refurbish `cli.py`

7.3 1.2.0

- Use astropy for time conversions
- Vast documentation update
- Extend test suite
- Remove sun data from moon endpoint response

7.4 1.1.0

- Swiss Ephemeris data files are now included in the package
- Use nose instead of doctest for quick sanity tests
- Add a lot of functions (e.g. rise/set times)
- cerridwen-server: new switch `-test/-t` for quick testing
- Various minor amendments and changes
- New sun data computation function and API endpoint

7.5 1.0.0

Initial release.

Licensing

Cerridwen is distributed under the MIT license:

License for Cerridwen

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Module API

Much of this is still missing docstrings, so this is just a rough overview.

If you need help, just shoot me a quick mail to <leslie.polzer@gmx.net> with questions.

9.1 Data computation

These functions take an optional Julian day (defaulting to the current point in time) and optional longitudes and latitudes, the latter of which are used for rise/set calculations. You only need to pass latitude and longitude if you want the function's result to include rise/set data. If you do so, you must pass both latitude and longitude.

The return value of these functions is an `OrderedDict`.

9.2 Date utilities

These functions provide Julian day conversions and printable output.

GET /v1/sun

Get data on the Sun.

Query Parameters

- **date** – reference date, in Julian day decimal format (e.g. *238490.123*) or an ISO8601 time string supported by *astropy.time* (e.g. *2014-05-20T23:37:17*)
- **latitude** – observer’s latitude (decimal, optional)
- **longitude** – observer’s longitude (decimal, optional)

Status Codes

- **200 OK** – success
- **400 Bad Request** – value error; one of the parameters passed couldn’t be parsed.

Notes

- The response will include rise and set times only if both *latitude* and *longitude* are specified.
- *latitude* must be between and including -90 and 90.
- *longitude* must be between and including -180 and 180.
- The format of *latitude* and *longitude* must be something parsable by Python’s `float()` function.
- It is an error to specify only one of *latitude* and *longitude*

Example request:

Get sun data for the current moment, including rise and set times for Berlin.

URI: <http://cerridwen.viridian-project.de/api/v1/sun?latitude=52.5&longitude=13.3>

```
{
  "jd": 2456805.9347222224,
  "iso_date": "2014-05-28T10:26:00",
  "position": {
    "absolute_degrees": 67.02621001184063,
    "sign": "Gemini",
    "deg": 7.026210011840632,
    "min": 1.5726007104379391,
    "sec": 34.35604262627635,
    "rel_tuple": [
      "Gemini",
      7,
```

```
        1,
        34
    ]
},
"dignity": null,
"next_rise": {
    "description": "Sun rises",
    "jd": 2456806.6199322133,
    "iso_date": "2014-05-29T02:52:42Z",
    "delta_days": 0.6852099909447134
},
"next_set": {
    "description": "Sun sets",
    "jd": 2456806.3022005144,
    "iso_date": "2014-05-28T19:15:10Z",
    "delta_days": 0.36747829196974635
},
"last_rise": {
    "description": "Sun rises",
    "jd": 2456805.620638409,
    "iso_date": "2014-05-28T02:53:43Z",
    "delta_days": -0.3140838132239878
},
"last_set": {
    "description": "Sun sets",
    "jd": 2456805.301308829,
    "iso_date": "2014-05-27T19:13:53Z",
    "delta_days": -0.6334133935160935
}
}
```

GET /v1/moon

Like the sun endpoint, but includes a lot more data in the response that only makes sense for the moon.

Example request:

Get moon data for the current moment, including rise and set times for the Berlin area of Germany.

URI: <http://cerridwen.viridian-project.de/api/v1/sun?latitude=52.5&longitude=13.3>

```
{
  "jd": 2456805.935416667,
  "iso_date": "2014-05-28T10:27:00",
  "position": {
    "absolute_degrees": 63.00766509063341,
    "sign": "Gemini",
    "deg": 3.0076650906334095,
    "min": 0.4599054380045686,
    "sec": 27.594326280325276,
    "rel_tuple": [
      "Gemini",
      3,
      0,
      27
    ]
  },
  "phase": {
    "trend": "waning",
    "shape": "crescent",
    "quarter": 0,
  }
}
```

```
    "quarter_english": "new"
  },
  "illumination": 0.022328953544355084,
  "distance": 0.002617405829474053,
  "diameter": 30.52102695101311,
  "diameter_ratio": 0.2543806147943976,
  "speed": 12.729377304450301,
  "speed_ratio": 0.35293040764071915,
  "age": 29.175456268712878,
  "period_length": 29.517968974076211,
  "dignity": null,
  "next_new_moon": {
    "description": "Upcoming new moon in Gemini",
    "jd": 2456806.2779293722,
    "iso_date": "2014-05-28T18:40:13Z",
    "delta_days": 0.34251270536333323
  },
  "next_full_moon": {
    "description": "Upcoming full moon in Sagittarius",
    "jd": 2456821.6746404273,
    "iso_date": "2014-06-13T04:11:28Z",
    "delta_days": 15.739223760552704
  },
  "next_new_or_full_moon": {
    "description": "Upcoming new moon in Gemini",
    "jd": 2456806.2779293722,
    "iso_date": "2014-05-28T18:40:13Z",
    "delta_days": 0.34251270536333323
  },
  "last_new_moon": {
    "description": "Preceding new moon in Taurus",
    "jd": 2456776.7599603981,
    "iso_date": "2014-04-29T06:14:20Z",
    "delta_days": -29.175456268712878
  },
  "last_full_moon": {
    "description": "Preceding full moon in Scorpio",
    "jd": 2456792.3027133634,
    "iso_date": "2014-05-14T19:15:54Z",
    "delta_days": -13.632703303359449
  },
  "next_rise": {
    "description": "Moon rises",
    "jd": 2456806.653334031,
    "iso_date": "2014-05-29T03:40:48Z",
    "delta_days": 0.7179173640906811
  },
  "next_set": {
    "description": "Moon sets",
    "jd": 2456806.2835339396,
    "iso_date": "2014-05-28T18:48:17Z",
    "delta_days": 0.34811727283522487
  },
  "last_rise": {
    "description": "Moon rises",
    "jd": 2456805.624089608,
    "iso_date": "2014-05-28T02:58:41Z",
    "delta_days": -0.3113270588219166
  }
```

```
    },  
    "last_set": {  
      "description": "Moon sets",  
      "jd": 2456805.2403595136,  
      "iso_date": "2014-05-27T17:46:07Z",  
      "delta_days": -0.6950571532361209  
    }  
  }  
}
```

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