
AIRA Documentation

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AIRA (Autonomous Intelligent Robot Agent) project implements the standard of economic interaction between human-robot and robot-robot via liability smart contract. AIRA makes it possible to connect a variety of different robots to the market of robot liabilities existing on Ethereum for the direct sale of data from robot sensors, ordering of logistics services, and organization ordering of personalized products at fully automated enterprises.

1.1 Useful links

- [AIRA's official site](#)
- [The Team](#)
- [Robonomics Network](#)

1.2 Quick Start

The first thing to do is to get the last image of AIRA. You can find it [here](#).

Latest release

0.16.1

70e6cb2

Verified

Melodic AIRA

 akru released this 9 days ago

Assets 3

 [aira-0.16.1-x86_64.ova](#)

1.98 GB

 [Source code \(zip\)](#)

 [Source code \(tar.gz\)](#)

In this release a lot of technical updates was applied.

This is technical release, Robonomics network version isn't changed in this release.

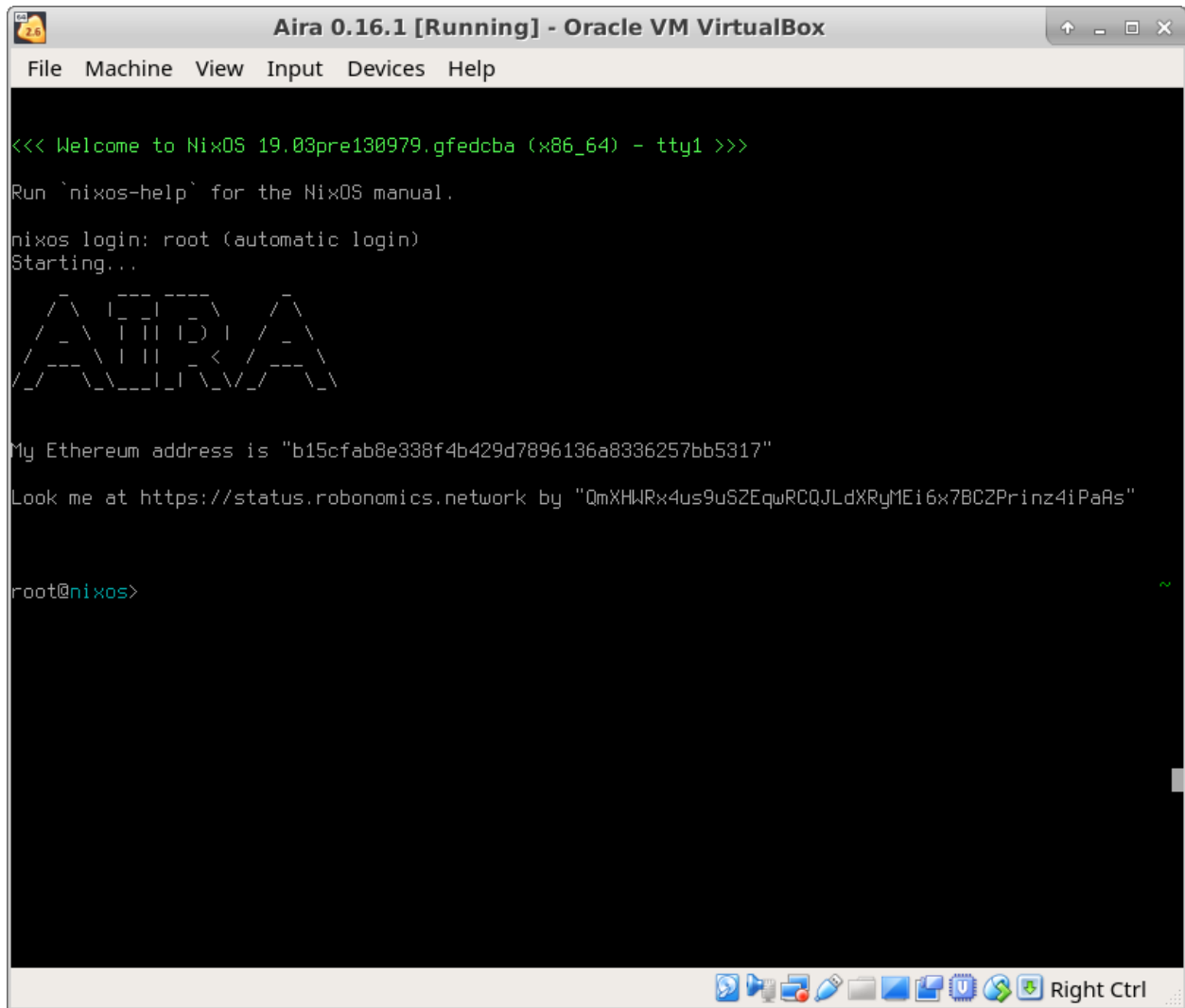
The big updates is coming. IPFS daemon updated to latest `0.4.18` version with huge improvements for connection stability and PubSub message routing, it should make positive changes in lighthouse message exchange. Also ROS packages used in AIRA was updated to ROS Melodic Morena release.

AIRA is distributed as virtual machine image. To launch the client you need to import .ova file to VirtualBox. You can use a convenient `Ctrl+I` shortcut.

It's recommended to set:

- RAM to 2Gb at least
- At least 40 Gb SSD

When the image is imported, launch the machine.



```
<<< Welcome to NixOS 19.03pre130979.gfedcba (x86_64) - tty1 >>>

Run `nixos-help` for the NixOS manual.

nixos login: root (automatic login)
Starting...

  AIRA

My Ethereum address is "b15cfab8e338f4b429d7896136a8336257bb5317"

Look me at https://status.robonomics.network by "QmXHWRx4us9uSZEqwRCQJLdXRyMEi6x7BCZPrinz4iPaAs"

root@nixos>
```

To make your work with the machine easier, try to [connect via SSH](#).

There are some helpful commands on [FAQ](#) page.

CHAPTER 2

Basic Usage

To get familiar with AIRA, let's see what is under the hood.

Once you launch the client several ros nodes will already be on the run. Here's a list of robonomics communication stack nodes:

```
$ rosnode list
/liability/executor
/liability/infochan/channel
/liability/infochan/signer
/liability/listener
/rosout
```

- /liability/executor - gets rosbag file from IPFS and plays it
- /liability/infochan/channel - is responsible for offer, demand and result messages. It catches messages from the channel and sends signed messages back
- /liability/infochan/signer - offers services for signing offer, demand and result messages
- /liability/listener - watches for a new liability contracts. When the event is received the node calls executor node

And here's a list of robonomics stack topics.

```
$ rostopic list
/liability/complete
/liability/finalized
/liability/incoming
/liability/infochan/eth/sending/demand
/liability/infochan/eth/sending/offer
/liability/infochan/eth/sending/result
/liability/infochan/eth/signing/demand
/liability/infochan/eth/signing/offer
/liability/infochan/eth/signing/result
/liability/infochan/incoming/demand
/liability/infochan/incoming/offer
```

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```
/liability/infochan/incoming/result
/liability/ready
/liability/result
/rosout
/rosout_agg
```

The most important topics for us are:

- `/liability/incoming` - when a new liability is created, this topic publishes Ethereum address of the contract
- `/liability/result` - this topic is for publishing results. But don't publish a result directly to this topic! Use a service instead
- `/liability/infochan/incoming/*` - a CPS gets information about offer, demand or result from corresponding topics
- `/liability/infochan/eth/signing/*` - a CPS sends offer, demand or result messages to corresponding topics

Let's start with greetings - say hello to AIRA!

You should just launch a preinstalled package `hello_aira`:

```
$ rosrun hello_aira hello_aira
```

We've launched our agent. It will wait for a demand message. Now it's time to send the message. Go to [dapp](#) and press Order. Now go back to the console and see the result!

Frequently Asked Questions

3.1 How to see logs from main services?

IPFS in real time:

```
journalctl -u ipfs -f
```

and Liability:

```
journalctl -u liability -f
```

3.2 How to check the quantity of IPFS peers?

```
ipfs pubsub peers airalab.lighthouse.3.robonomics.eth
```

3.3 IPFS can't connect to the daemon, what should I do?

Try to specify `--api` option

```
ipfs swarm peers --api=/ip4/127.0.0.1/tcp/5001/
```


4.1 Main Airalab repositories

- `aira` - AIRA client.
- `robonomics_comm` - Robonomics communication stack
- `robonomics_contracts` - smart contracts of Robonomics network

Please choose a corresponding repository for reporting an issue!

4.2 Found a bug?

- **Make sure the bug was not already reported** - check GitHub [Issues](#).
- If there is no open issue addressing the problem, [open a new one](#). Be sure to include a **title and clear description**, as much relevant information as possible.

Also, you can open an issue if you have a proposal for improvements.

4.3 Wrote a patch that fixes a bug?

- Open a new GitHub pull request with the patch.
- Make sure the PR description clearly describes the problem and the solution. Include the relevant issue number if applicable.

Please don't fix whitespace, format code, or make a purely cosmetic patch

Thanks!

Connecting via SSH

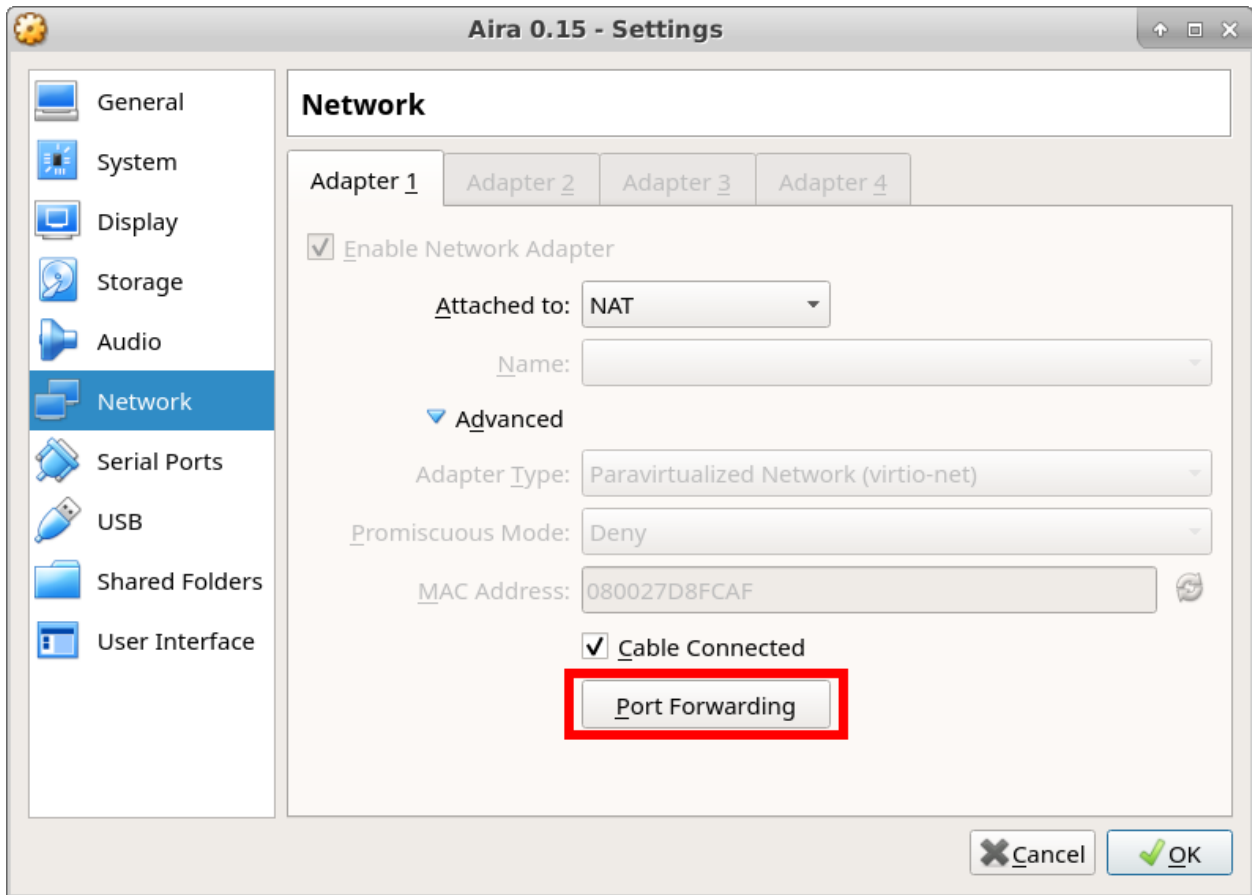
It is more convenient to work with virtual machine via ssh connection. In this section we will configure VM.

Attention: It's required to have your ssh public key on Github.com In case you don't have one, please follow the [link](#)

First, launch AIRA client and run a command replacing <username> with your own:

```
$ mkdir .ssh
$ curl -sSL https://github.com/<username>.keys >> .ssh/authorized_keys
```

Now go to machine settings, network, open Advanced and then Port Forwarding



Add a new rule:

Host IP	Host Port	Guest IP	Guest Port
127.0.1.1	2202	10.0.2.15	22

Reboot the machine and you are able to connect to AIRA client via ssh:

```
$ ssh -p 2202 root@127.0.1.1
```

Robonomics Network: How It Works

In this section we will discuss the Robonomics Network scenario.

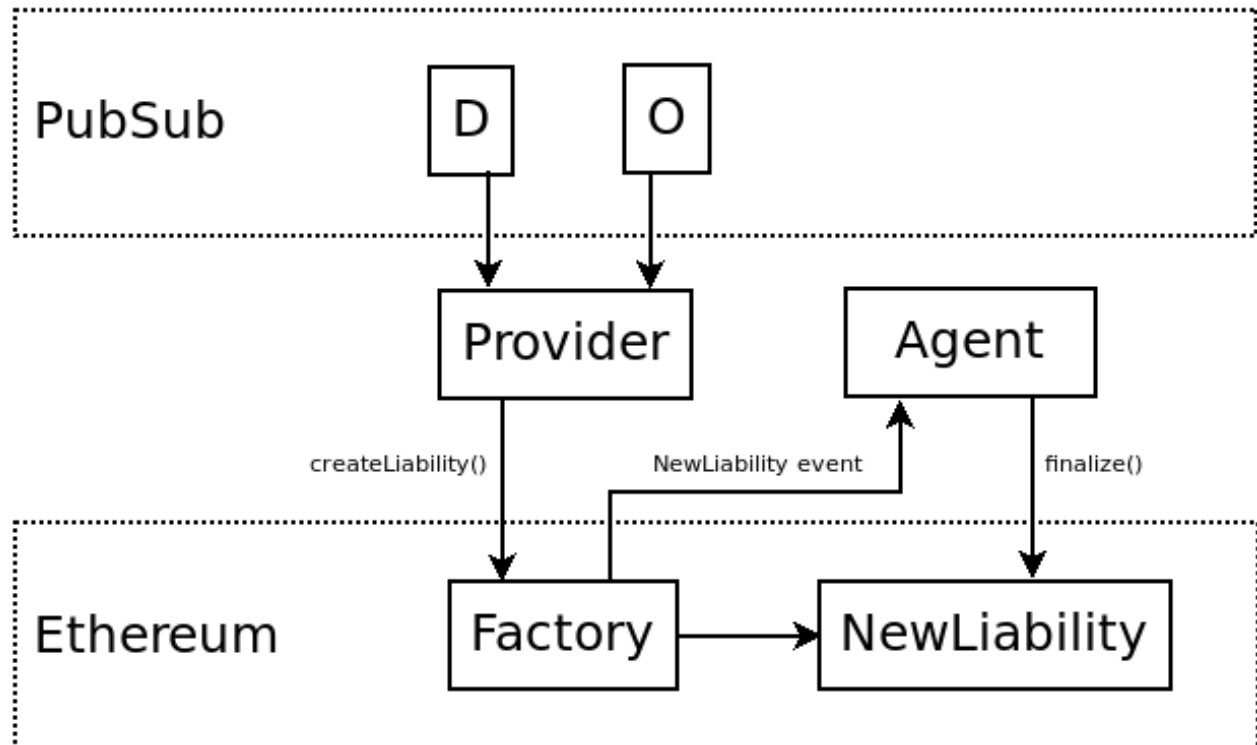
Robonomics Network uses IPFS PubSub channels for messaging. There are three types of messages: Demand, Offer, Result.

Below there is the specification for a Demand message:

Field	Type	Description	Example
model	string	CPS behavioral model Identifier	QmfXHZ2YkNC5vRjp1oAaRoDHD8H3zZznfhBPasTu348eWC
objective	string	CPS behavioral model parameters in rosbag file	QmUo3vvSXZPQaQWjb3cH3qQo1hc8vAUqNnqbdVABbSLb6r
token	string	Operational token address	0xbd949595eE52346c225a19724084cE517B2cB735
cost	integer	CPS behavioral model implementation cost	1
light-house	string	Lighthouse address	0xa1b60ED40E5A68184b3ce4f7bEf31521A57eD2dB1
validator	string	Observing network address	0x00
validator-Fee	integer	Observing network commission	0
deadline	integer	Deadline block number	6393332
nonce	array	Random data	0x8e0c...55cb
signature	array	Sender's digital signature	0x23bc...c617

An Offer message has the same fields but instead of `validatorFee` there is a `lighthouseFee` field. This field determines the amount of fee for a lighthouse.

Now let's have a look at the following diagram and walk step by step from the moment of publishing messages to a liability finalization.



A liability contract is created only if the following fields match: `model`, `objective`, `token`, `cost`. A provider of Robonomics Network watches every message and finds those ones that have a match. After the match is found the provider calls `createLiability(demand, offer)` method from the contract factory where `demand` and `offer` are serialized.

The factory deserializes arguments and recovers `promisee` and `promisor` addresses from signatures.

Next step is token transfer. The factory transfers **cost** tokens from the `promisee` address and **validatorFee** and **light-houseFee** from the `promisor` address to the new liability address.

Note: You should approve sufficient amount of tokens for the factory.

Note: It's not required to approve tokens from the `promisor` address if fees are null.

Now the factory emits a `NewLiability` event with the liability address. An agent gets the address, reads fields, perform a task and at the same time writes a log file in rosbag format.

When the work is done the agent sends a `Result` message with the following fields: hash of the rosbag file, a success flag, a signature. If the **validator** field is not null it means that only validator is able to finalize the liability.

After the successful liability finalization the agent gets **cost** tokens. Otherwise, the `promisee` gets tokens back.

Robonomics Messages

Note: This is Robonomics network *Generation 3* message specification.

- Currently for message delivery is used IPFS PubSub broadcaster.
- IPFS PubSub **topic** is set according to *Lighthouse ENS* name.
- Robonomics message sended serialized by *JSON*.

7.1 Specification

Demand

Field	Type	Description
model	string	CPS behavioral model Identifier
objective	string	CPS behavioral model parameters in rosbag file
token	string	Operational token address
cost	ineger	CPS behavioral model implementation cost
lighthouse	string	Lighthouse address
validator	string	Observing network address
validatorFee	integer	Observing network commission
deadline	integer	Deadline block number
nonce	array	Random uniq data
signature	array	Sender's digital signature

Offer

Field	Type	Description
model	string	CPS behavioral model Identifier
objective	string	CPS behavioral model parameters in rosbag file
token	string	Operational token address
cost	ineger	CPS behavioral model implementation cost
validator	string	Observing network address
lighthouse	string	Lighthouse address
lighthouseFee	integer	Liability creation commission
deadline	integer	Deadline block number
nonce	array	Random uniq data
signature	array	Sender's digital signature

Result

Field	Type	Description
liability	string	Liability contract address
result	string	Liability result hash encoded as Base58
success	boolean	Is liability executed successful
signature	array	Sender's digital signature

Robonomics Contracts Deployment

Robonomics network works on top of the existing Ethereum network. The protocol is implemented by smart contracts. A source code is on [Github](#). Airalab team deploys new version of contracts and supports a current one.

In this lesson we are going to learn more about these contracts. To do this we will deploy our test copy. Also we are going to use these contracts in the future lessons.

You need a client running Ethereum node. You can use either one of existing network (e.g. Mainnet, Ropsten, Kovan) or your local one. For testing purpose we suggest to use this [docker container](#)

```
$ docker run --rm -d -p 9545:8545 -p 9546:8546 foamspace/cliqbait:latest
```

Next step is obtain a copy of robonomics contracts source code:

```
$ git clone --recursive https://github.com/airalab/robonomics_contracts
```

A file `truffle.js` contains available networks for migration. We will work with development network. When you are in `robonomics_contracts` directory install dependencies and run a migration:

```
npm install // to install dependencies
truffle migrate --network development
```

It's time to learn how to create a new lighthouse. For more information about Robonomics network and Lighthouse in particular read [white paper](#). Briefly lighthouse o distributes the running time of providers. Every lighthouse serves its own broadcast channel. Ask and Bid messages come into this channel. XRT tokens are used as a payment.

When XRT contracts was deployed some tokens were issued on our account. Let's check the balance:

```
$ truffle --network development console
> xrt = XRT.at(XRT.address)
> xrt.balanceOf(web3.eth.accounts[0])
```

And that's how we create a lighthouse:

```
> factory = LiabilityFactory.at(LiabilityFactory.address)
> tx = factory.createLighthouse(1000, 10, "test")
> tx.then(x => {laddress = x.logs[0].args.lighthouse})
> l = LighthouseLib.at(laddress)
```

Instead of deploying a lighthouse contract every time we need a new one, we ask a factory to do this job. A `l` variable contains lighthouse instance. The lighthouse should be able to spend our tokens. Let's make an approve and check everything went well:

```
> xrt.approve(l.address, 1000)
> xrt.allowance(web3.eth.accounts[0], l.address)
```

And a very important step is become a worker:

```
> l.refill(1000)
```

Each worker has to put a stake. In this case it's 1000 Wn.

Below is a table of our addresses:

Contract	Address	ENS name
ENSRegistry	0x80c77a7de64a15450bb8cf45ece4fbb7bae6fb49	
XRT	0x673583a369eb3a830a5571208cf6eb7ce83987f8	xrt.3.robonomics.eth
LiabilityFactory	0x1b3190e00c1903266862af1f31714d4b81ef59b2	factory.3.robonomics.eth
Lighthouse	0xd2b78c032b6c8851a8b6cbf950caa02a77618d8e	test.lighthouse.3.robonomics.eth

Robonomics Liability

The package is responsible for receiving *New Liability* events (listener node) and playing topics from *objective* field (executor node). The launch file also include `ipfs_channel` node and `signer` node.

9.1 ROS Parameters

~web3_http_provider

Web3 HTTP provider address. The type is `string`, defaults to `http://127.0.0.1:8545`

~web3_ws_provider

Web3 WebSocket provider address. The type is `string`, defaults to `ws://127.0.0.1:8546`

~ipfs_http_provider

IPFS HTTP provider address. The type is `string`, defaults to `http://127.0.0.1:5001`

~factory_contract

The name of the liability factory. The type is `string`, defaults to `factory.3.robonomics.eth`

~lighthouse_contract

The name of a lighthouse you are working on. The type is `string`, defaults to `airalab.lighthouse.3.robonomics.eth`

~enable_executor

Enable or disable executor node. If it's `false`, no topics from *objective* would be published. The type is `boolean`, defaults to `true`

~master_check_interval

Period (in seconds) to check master for new topic publications. It's necessary for the Recorder, which records all the topics a CPS publishes. The type is `double`, defaults to `0.1`

~recording_topics

List of topics name separated by comma. It allows you to specify which topics would be recorded. The type is `string`, defaults to `" "`

~ens_contract

The checksummed address of ENS registry. The type is `string`, defaults to `" "`

~keyfile

Path to keyfile. The type is `string`, defaults to `"`. **Required parameter**

~keyfile_password_file

Path to a file with password for the keyfile. The type is `string`, defaults to `"`. **Required parameter**

9.2 Subscribed topics

/liability/infochan/eth/signing/demand (robonomics_msgs/Demand)

`robonomics_msgs/Demand` message to sign and send further to IPFS channel

/liability/infochan/eth/signing/offer (robonomics_msgs/Offer)

`robonomics_msgs/Offer` message to sign and send further to IPFS channel

/liability/infochan/eth/signing/result (robonomics_msgs/Result)

`robonomics_msgs/Result` message to sign and send further to IPFS channel

9.3 Published topics

/liability/infochan/incoming/demand (robonomics_msgs/Demand)

Contains a `robonomics_msgs/Demand` message which was read from IPFS channel

/liability/infochan/incoming/offer (robonomics_msgs/Offer)

Contains a `robonomics_msgs/Offer` message which was read from IPFS channel

/liability/infochan/incoming/result (robonomics_msgs/Result)

Contains a `robonomics_msgs/Result` message which was read from IPFS channel

/liability/incoming (robonomics_liability/Liability)

Contains all the information about the last created `robonomics_liability/Liability`

/liability/ready (robonomics_liability/Liability)

Signals when a `robonomics_liability/Liability` is ready for execution

/liability/complete (robonomics_liability/Liability)

Signals when a `robonomics_liability/Liability` has done its job

/liability/finalized (std_msgs/String)

Signals when a liability has been finalized

9.4 Services

/liability/start (robonomics_liability/StartLiability)

The service tells executor to play topics from the objective. It's required to pass a liability address (`robonomics_liability/StartLiability`), which you can get from `/liability/ready` topic

/liability/finish (robonomics_liability/FinishLiability)

a CPS should call the service after performing the task. Input is `robonomics_liability/FinishLiability`

Robonomics Liability Messages

10.1 Liability.msg

Field	Type	Description
address	std_msgs/String	The Liability's address
model	robonomics_msgs/Multihash	CPS behavioral model Identifier
objective	robonomics_msgs/Multihash	CPS behavioral model parameters in rosbag file
result	std_msgs/String	Liability result hash
promisee	std_msgs/String	The promisee address
promisor	std_msgs/String	The promisor address (usually CPS)
token	std_msgs/String	Operational token address
cost	std_msgs/UInt64	CPS behavioral model implementation cost
validator	std_msgs/String	Observing network address
validatorFee	std_msgs/UInt64	Observing network commission

10.2 Multihash.msg

Field	Type	Description
multihash	std_msgs/String	A wrapper for model and objective fields

10.3 StartLiability.srv

Request

Field	Type	Description
address	std_msgs/String	The address of Liability you are willing to execute

Response

Field	Type	Description
success	std_msgs/Bool	Whether or not the Liability was started
msg	std_msgs/String	Status of launch

10.4 FinishLiability.srv

Request

Field	Type	Description
address	std_msgs/String	The address of Liability to finish
success	std_msgs/Bool	The status of execution

Response

The response is empty

The packages contains two launch files: `erc20.launch` and `signer.launch`. The last one is included in `Robonomics Liability`.

Below is the description for `erc20` node which contains utils for convenient work with Ethereum accounts and XRT token.

11.1 ROS Parameters

~web3_http_provider

Web3 HTTP provider address. The type is `string`, defaults to `http://127.0.0.1:8545`

~erc20_token

ERC20 token to work with. Type is `string`, defaults to `xrt.3.robonomics.eth`

~factory_contract

The name of the liability factory. The type is `string`, defaults to `factory.3.robonomics.eth`

~ens_contract

The checksummed address of ENS registry. The type is `string`, defaults to ""

~keyfile

Path to keyfile. The type is `string`, defaults to "". **Required parameter**

~keyfile_password_file

Path to a file with password for the keyfile. The type is `string`, defaults to "". **Required parameter**

11.2 Published topics

/eth/event/transfer (ethereum_common/TransferEvent)

The event `ethereum_common/TransferEvent` is emitted after the transfer of tokens was made

/eth/event/approval (ethereum_common/ApprovalEvent)

The event `ethereum_common/ApprovalEvent` is emitted after the approval of tokens was made

11.3 Services

/eth/accounts (ethereum_common/Accounts)

List of available Ethereum accounts. See *Accounts.srv*

/eth/account_eth_balance (ethereum_common/AccountBalance)

Returns the balance of the given address in Wei. See *AccountBalance.srv*

/eth/eth_balance (ethereum_common/Balance)

Returns the balance of the default address. See *Balance.srv*

/eth/current_block (ethereum_common/BlockNumber)

Returns current block number. See *BlockNumber.srv*

/eth/transfer (ethereum_common/Transfer)

Transfers tokens from the default account to a given one. See *Transfer.srv*

/eth/transfer_from (ethereum_common/TransferFrom)

Transfers tokens from a given account to another one. See *TransferFrom.srv*

/eth/approve (ethereum_common/Approve)

Approves tokens from the default account to a given one. See *Approve.srv*

/eth/account_xrt_balance (ethereum_common/AccountBalance)

Returns the XRT balance of a given account. See *AccountBalance.srv*

/eth/xrt_balance (ethereum_common/Balance)

Return the XRT balance of the default account. See *Balance.srv*

/eth/account_xrt_allowance (ethereum_common/AccountToAddressAllowance)

Returns how much one account is allowed to spend from another account. See *AccountToAddressAllowance.srv*

/eth/xrt_allowance (ethereum_common/Allowance)

Returns how much the Factory is allowed to spend from the default account. See *Allowance.srv*

Ethereum Common Messages

12.1 Address.msg

Field	Type	Description
address	std_msgs/String	Address in Ethereum blockchain

12.2 UInt256.msg

Field	Type	Description
uint256	std_msgs/String	A wrapper for big integers

12.3 TransferEvent.msg

Field	Type	Description
args_from	ethereum_common/Address	Sender address
args_to	ethereum_common/Address	Receiver address
args_value	ethereum_common/UInt256	Amount of tokens

12.4 ApprovalEvent.msg

Field	Type	Description
args_owner	ethereum_common/Address	Owner address
args_spender	ethereum_common/Address	Spender address
args_value	ethereum_common/UInt256	Amount of tokens

12.5 AccountBalance.srv

Request

Field	Type	Description
account	ethereum_common/Address	Ethereum address

Response

Field	Type	Description
balance	ethereum_common/UInt256	Balance in Wei

12.6 AccountToAddressAllowance.srv

Request

Field	Type	Description
account	ethereum_common/Address	Ethereum address
to	ethereum_common/Address	Ethereum address

Response

Field	Type	Description
amount	ethereum_common/UInt256	Balance in Wn

12.7 Accounts.srv

Request

Request is empty

Response

Field	Type	Description
accounts	ethereum_common/Address[]	List of available accounts

12.8 Allowance.srv

Request

Request is empty

Response

Field	Type	Description
amount	ethereum_common/UInt256	Amount of XRT the Factory is allowed to spend

12.9 Approve.srv

Request

Field	Type	Description
spender	ethereum_common/Address	Who is allowed to spend
value	ethereum_common/UInt256	How much tokens are allowed

Response

Field	Type	Description
txhash	std_msgs/UInt8[32]	Transaction hash

12.10 Balance.srv

Request

Request is empty

Response

Field	Type	Description
balance	ethereum_common/UInt256	The balance of default account

12.11 BlockNumber.srv

Request

Request is empty

Response

Field	Type	Description
number	std_msgs/UInt64	Current block number

12.12 Transfer.srv

Request

Field	Type	Description
to	ethereum_common/Address	Ethereum address
value	ethereum_common/UInt256	The amount of tokens

Response

Field	Type	Description
txhash	std_msgs/UInt8[32]	Transaction hash

12.13 TransferFrom.srv

Request

Field	Type	Description
owner	ethereum_common/Address	Owner's address
to	ethereum_common/Address	Another account
value	ethereum_common/UInt256	The amount of tokens

Response

Field	Type	Description
txhash	std_msgs/UInt8[32]	Transaction hash

Connect the Simplest CPS

In this section we will build the simplest real cyber-physical system!

We will buy a “wink” from Arduino, e.g. make Arduino blink with its onboard led. The lesson is tested on Arduino Uno, but any other board with a led will do the job.

Note: The source code of this lesson is [here](#).

13.1 Arduino

The firmware for the board is located in `arduino_blink/misc/arduino/arduino.ino`. Use [Arduino IDE](#) to load the code to your Arduino board.

In the code we subscribe for the `/blink_led` topic and set a callback. The type of the topic is `Empty`, so the board waits until someone publishes to the topic and performs the LED blinking.

```
#include <ros.h>
#include <std_msgs/Empty.h>

ros::NodeHandle nh;

void blink(int led, int mil) {

    digitalWrite(led, HIGH);
    delay(mil);
    digitalWrite(led, LOW);
    delay(mil);

}

void messageCb( const std_msgs::Empty& toggle_msg){
    blink(LED_BUILTIN, 500);
}
```

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```
    blink(LED_BUILTIN, 500);
    blink(LED_BUILTIN, 500);
}

ros::Subscriber<std_msgs::Empty> sub("blink_led", &messageCb );

void setup()
{
    pinMode(LED_BUILTIN, OUTPUT);
    nh.initNode();
    nh.subscribe(sub);
}

void loop()
{
    nh.spinOnce();
    delay(1);
}
```

13.2 AIRA client

Note: You can download the latest release from [here](#)

Set up the COM port forwarding as described in [this lesson](#). You should forward your `/dev/ttyUSB0` or `/dev/ttyACM0` port (depending on the system) to COM1. In the client `/dev/ttyS0` will represent the board. After this launch the virtual machine.

13.3 ROS

When new liability is created it goes to `/liability/ready` topic. We have to remember the address and call `/liability/start` service to get the data from objective.

```
def newliability(l):
    self.liability = l.address
    rospy.loginfo("Got new liability {}".format(self.liability))

    prefix = "/liability/eth_" + self.liability
    rospy.Subscriber(prefix + '/blink', Empty, self.blink)

    rospy.wait_for_service("/liability/start")
    rospy.ServiceProxy('/liability/start',
        ←StartLiability)(StartLiabilityRequest(address=self.liability))
    rospy.Subscriber("/liability/ready", Liability, newliability)
```

A message in the `/blink` topic come from the objective field. Have a look at [Basic usage](#) page.

13.4 AIRA

Connect to AIRA client via SSH as described [here](#). You can either upload code from your host OS or make a clone from Github.

To build and launch the ros package run the following commands:

```
$ nix build -f release.nix
$ . result/setup.zsh
$ rosrun arduino_blink blink.py
```

Also we need to add a rosbag file to IPFS:

```
$ ipfs add rosbag/blink.bag
```

Note: Before the next step you should approve XRT tokens on the Factory.

On your host system build and launch an Dapp for the lesson:

```
$ git clone https://github.com/airalab/robonomics_tutorials/
$ cd robonomics_tutorials/arduino_blink_dapp
$ npm i && npm run dev
```

Open the [link](#) and press Demand then Offer buttons. Wait until a new liability is created and you should see the board blinking. Congratulations on the first agent!

Passing Dynamic Parameters

In [previous](#) example we discussed how to create a simple CPS with Arduino. Our first CPS is able to do only one task: to blink a led. We suggest you to get through the first lesson. Now let's expand the example and teach our board to blink blue or red led depending on objective parameter.

Note: The source code of this lesson is [here](#).

14.1 Arduino

The only difference in Arduino source code is instead of subscribing to one topic now we subscribe to `/blink_red` and `/blink_blue` topics

```
#include <ros.h>
#include <std_msgs/Empty.h>

ros::NodeHandle nh;

void blink(int led, int mil) {

    digitalWrite(led, HIGH);
    delay(mil);
    digitalWrite(led, LOW);
    delay(mil);

}

void blinkRedCb(const std_msgs::Empty& msg) {
    blink(13, 500);
    blink(13, 500);
    blink(13, 500);
}
```

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```

void blinkBlueCb(const std_msgs::Empty& msg) {
    blink(12, 500);
    blink(12, 500);
    blink(12, 500);
}

ros::Subscriber<std_msgs::Empty> subRed("blink_red", &blinkRedCb);
ros::Subscriber<std_msgs::Empty> subBlue("blink_blue", &blinkBlueCb);

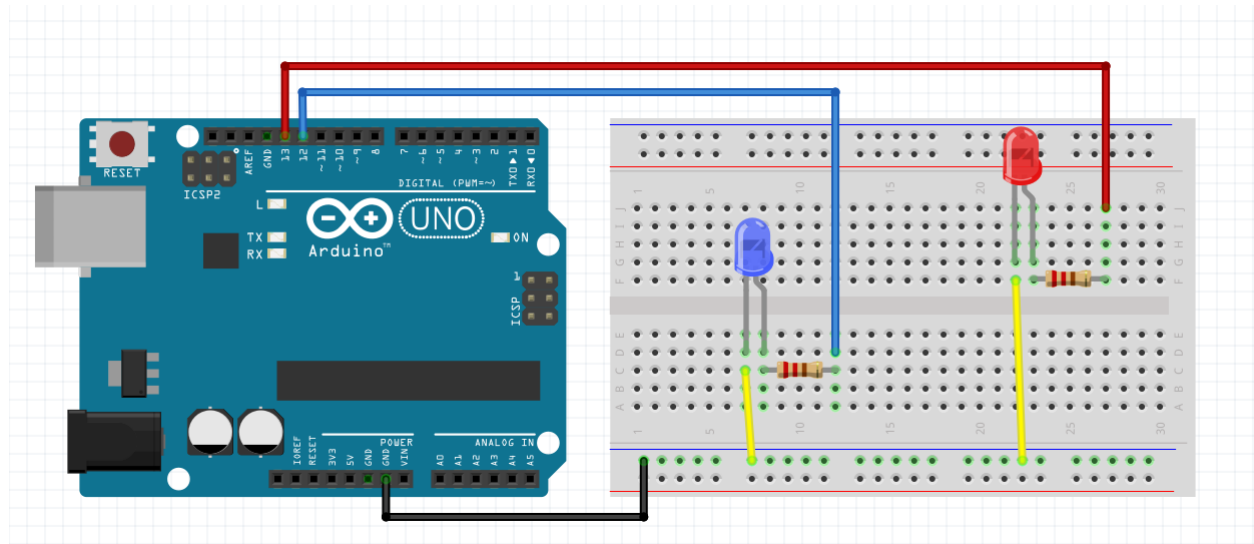
void setup()
{
    pinMode(13, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(12, OUTPUT);

    nh.initNode();
    nh.subscribe(subRed);
    nh.subscribe(subBlue);
}

void loop()
{
    nh.spinOnce();
    delay(1);
}

```

Here is the diagram of all connections:



14.2 ROS

We can pass arguments via objective which points to rosbag file. Have a look at `blink.py` script. The main difference is `blink()` method:

```
...
```

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```
def blink(self, data):
    if data.data == "blue":
        rospy.loginfo("Blinking blue...")
        self.blink_blue.publish(Empty())

    if data.data == "red":
        rospy.loginfo("Blinking red...")
        self.blink_red.publish(Empty())

    rospy.wait_for_service('/liability/finish')
    fin = rospy.ServiceProxy('/liability/finish', FinishLiability)
    fin(FinishLiabilityRequest(address=self.liability, success=True))
    rospy.loginfo("Finished")

...
```

Now /blink topic has a String type. You can find prepared rosbags in rosbag folder.

14.3 AIRA

Connect to AIRA client via SSH as described [here](#). You can either upload code from your host OS or make a clone from Github. Do not forget to add COM1 port in settings

To build a ros package run the following commands:

```
$ nix build -f release.nix
$ . result/setup.zsh
$ rosrun arduino_with_args blink.py
```

Also we need to add rosbag files to IPFS:

```
$ ipfs add rosbag/blink_blue.bag
$ ipfs add rosbag/blink_red.bag
```

Note: Before the next step you should approve XRT tokens on the Factory.

The last step is to build Dapp and launch. Take a look at the previous [lesson](#). To make Arduino blink the blue led send blue demand and blue offer messages. For the red one send corresponding messages.

That's it! Now you are able to pass dynamic parameters to your cyber-physical system agent!

Connect an Air Pollution Sensor

In this lesson you are going to learn how to connect your sensor to the network and make it publish data. You will see how it is easy to become a member of a global sensor network!

Note: Source code is located [here](#)

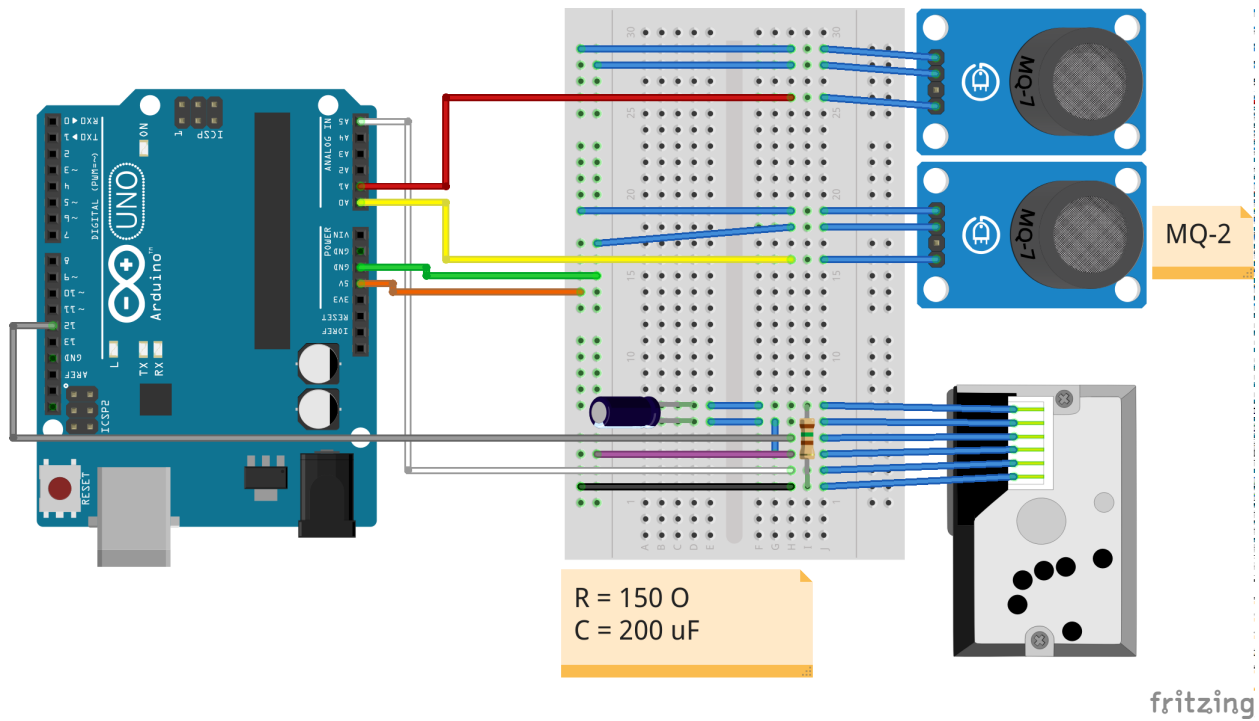
In this section we are not going to create a liability contract. Instead we will teach Arduino with sensors to publish the data by a request. All measurements will be published as a Result message

15.1 Arduino

Let's begin with an Arduino circuit. You need the following components:

- Arduino Uno
- Optical Dust Sensor Sharp GP2Y1010AU0F
- Gas Sensor MQ-2
- Gas Sensor MQ-7
- Resistor 150 Ohm
- Capacitor 220 uF
- Wires

Connect all parts as described below:



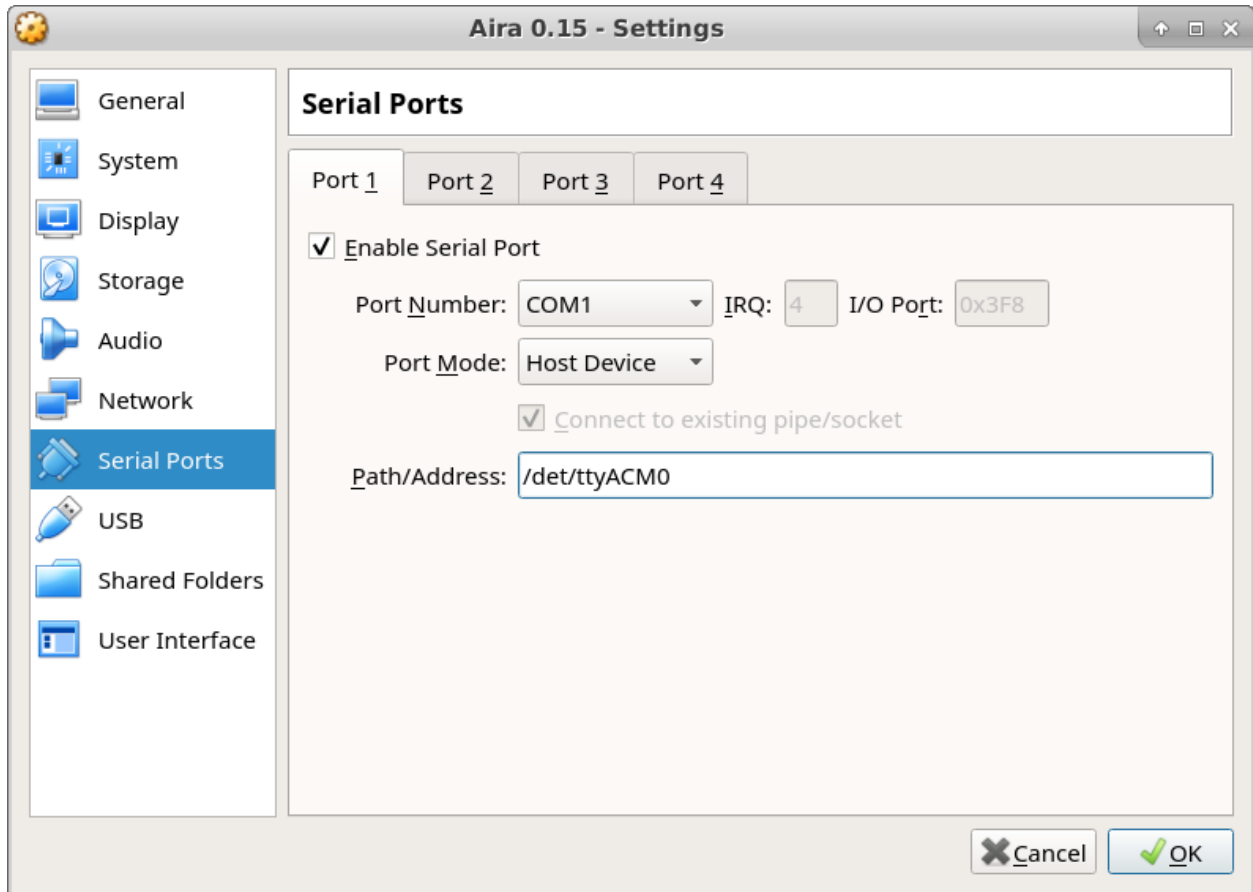
A firmware for Arduino Uno is in `sensor_city/scetches` folder. In order to upload it to the board use [Arduino IDE](#).



```
arduino | Arduino 1.8.6
File Edit Sketch Tools Help
arduino
49  mq7.calibrate();
50  mq7.getRo();
51
52  nh.initNode();
53  nh.advertise(measurements);
54  }
55
56  void loop()
57  {
58  if(millis()-millis_int1 >= INTERVAL_GET_DATA) {
59    getDustData();
60
61    String data = "";
62    data = data + String(dustDensity) + " ";
63    data = data + String(mq7.readCarbonMonoxide()) + " ";
64    data = data + String(mq2.readLPG()) + " ";
65    data = data + String(mq2.readMethane()) + " ";
66    data = data + String(mq2.readSmoke()) + " ";
67    data = data + String(mq2.readHydrogen());
68
69    data_str.data = data.c_str();
70    measurements.publish(&data_str);
71
72    delay(100);
73    // старт интервала отсчета
74    millis_int1=millis();
75  }
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```

Note: The following steps are performed in Aira client. You can download the latest image from [this page](#). It's convenient to [connect via SSH](#)

After you have imported the image to VirtualBox, connect Arduino via USB to your PC and enable serial port forwarding. You should check *Enable Serial Port* and assign `/dev/ttyACM0` in *Path/Address*. Inside the virtual machine `/dev/ttyS0` refers to your external Arduino.



Finally launch the image and run these commands:

```
$ git clone https://github.com/airalab/robonomics_tutorials
$ cd robonomics_tutorials/sensor_city
$ nix build -f release.nix
$ . result/setup.zsh
$ roslaunch sensor_city publish_data.launch
```

Hint: Check out the source code to learn how it works under the hood!

Now Aira patiently waits for a signal to publish the measurements. Go to [Dapp](#) and click on *Broadcast signal*. You should see the data!

Robonomics-js is a simple Javascript library for working with Robonomics network

16.1 Installation

```
npm install robonomics-js --save
```

or

```
yarn add robonomics-js
```

CDN

```
<script src="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/robonomics-js/dist/robonomics.min.js"></  
↪script>
```

16.1.1 Dependencies

- Web3
- Ipfs

16.2 Initialization

```
import Robonomics, { MessageProviderIpfsApi } from 'robonomics-js'  
import IPFS from 'ipfs-api'  
  
const robonomics = new Robonomics({  
  provider: new MessageProviderIpfsApi(new IPFS('http://localhost:5001'))  
})
```

(continues on next page)

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```
})  
  
robonomics.ready().then(() => {  
  console.log('robonomics js ready')  
  console.log('xrt', robonomics.xrt.address)  
  console.log('factory', robonomics.factory.address)  
  console.log('lighthouse default', robonomics.lighthouse.address)  
})
```

16.2.1 Available arguments

- `web3` - isn't necessary if [Metamask](#) is available
- `account` - isn't necessary if [Metamask](#) is available
- `privateKey` - optional
- `provider` - IPFS HTTP API
- `version` - the latest by default
- `ens` - ENS address, `0x314159265dD8dbb310642f98f50C066173C1259b` by default
- `lighthouse` - a lighthouse name in ENS, `airalab.lighthouse.1.robonomics.eth` by default

17.1 How to create a demand?

Listen to a demand with a specific model:

```
const model = 'QmWXk8D1Fh5XFJvBodcWbwgyw9htjc6FJg8qilYYEoPnrg'
robonomics.getAsk(model, (msg) => {
  console.log(msg)
})
const ask = {
  objective: 'QmSt69qQqGka1qwRRHbdmAWk4nCbsV1mqJwd8cWbEyhf1M',
  token: robonomics.xrt.address,
  cost: 1,
  deadline: 9999999
}
```

Fields:

- objective - IPFS hash to a rosbag file with a task
- token - token address
- cost - cost
- validator - validator address
- validatorFee - validator fee
- deadline - block number

It's necessary to make an approve:

```
robonomics.xrt.send('approve', [robonomics.factory.address, ask.cost], { from:
↳ robonomics.account }).then((tx) => console.log(tx))
```

In case of other token:

```
import { Token } from 'robonomics-js'
const token = new Token(robonomics.web3, '0x1231321321321321321321321321')
token.send('approve', [robonomics.factory.address, ask.cost], { from: robonomics.
  ↪account })
  .then((tx) => console.log(tx))
```

And send a demand message:

```
robonomics.postAsk(market, ask)
  .then((liability) => {
    console.log('liability', liability.address)
    liability.watchResult((result) => {
      console.log('liability result', result)
    })
    return liability.getInfo()
  })
  .then((info) => {
    console.log('liability info', info)
  })
```

17.2 How to get an offer?

Obtain all the messages by a given model:

```
const model = 'QmWXk8D1Fh5XFJvBodcWbwgyw9htjc6FJg8qilYYEoPnrg'
robonomics.getBid(model, (msg) => {
  console.log(msg)
})
```

Fields:

- objective - IPFS hash to a rosbag file with a task
- token - token address
- cost - cost
- lighthouseFee - lighthouse fee
- deadline - block number

17.3 How to listen to a result?

Obtain all the messages by a given model:

```
robonomics.getResult((msg) => {
  console.log(msg)
})
```

Note: It's not a verified result. A verified result could be obtained from a liability contract.

17.4 How to create a lighthouse?

```
const minimalFreeze = 1000 // Wn
const timeout = 25 // blocks
const name = 'mylighthouse' //
robonomics.factory.send('createLighthouse', [minimalFreeze, timeout, name], { from:
↳robonomics.account })
  .then((tx) => console.log(tx))

robonomics.factory.watchLighthouse((lighthouse) => {
  console.log(lighthouse.name)
})
```

17.5 How to become a provider?

```
const name = 'mylighthouse' //
const stake = 1000 // Wn

robonomics.setLighthouse(name)

robonomics.xrt.send('approve', [robonomics.lighthouse.address, stake], { from:
↳robonomics.account })
  .then((tx) => console.log(tx))

robonomics.lighthouse.send('refill', [stake], { from: robonomics.account })
  .then((tx) => console.log(tx))
```

17.6 How to change a lighthouse?

```
robonomics.setLighthouse(name)
```

17.7 How to check the balance?

```
robonomics.xrt.call('balanceOf', [robonomics.account])
  .then((balance) => console.log('balance', balance))
```

17.8 How to check the allowance?

```
robonomics.xrt.call('allowance', [robonomics.account, robonomics.factory.address])
  .then((allowance) => console.log('allowance', allowance))
```


CHAPTER 18

Creating Dapp

Almost every project needs a user interface to interact with. A user should not type in a *Demand* message. In Airalab repository there's a convenient template for a Dapp. In this section you are going to learn how to get a new Dapp for your CPS.

Note: The source code is [here](#)

To get a template you don't even have to clone the repo. Instead do these steps:

```
$ npm install -g vue-cli
$ vue init airalab/vue-dapp-robonomics-template my-project
$ cd my-project
$ npm install
$ npm run dev
```

After the last step a webserver has started on <http://localhost:8000/>. But before you open this link in a browser you should configure the Dapp.

Note: [MetaMask](#) is required for the Dapp

Here is a configuration file below. You have to specify a LIGHTHOUSE you work on, your CPS MODEL and OBJECTIVE. Also the Dapp uses IPFS message broker. You can either set up your own [broker](#) or use existing one, for example <https://wss.pool.aira.life>.

```
export const NETWORK = 1
export const LIGHTHOUSE = 'airalab.lighthouse.3.robonomics.eth'
export const MODEL = 'QmdFh1HPVe7H4LrDio899mxA7NindgxqiNUM9BNnBD7ryS'
export const OBJECTIVE = 'QmbSW1E73DKUvGDrqx8GirEVfHJLvJ8RBijtH9iEZ7UecU'
export const IPFS_PUBSUB = 'http://127.0.0.1:9999'
export const ENS = ''
export const VERSION = 1
```

After editing the file, launch the Dapp

```
$ npm run dev
```

Check the source code out to get familiar with the structure of the template.

Good luck!